

## Computer-Based <br> Sample Test Scoring Guide Grade 5 Science



## About the Sample Test Scoring Guide

The Arizona Science Test (AzSCI) Sample Test Scoring Guides provide details about the items, student response types, correct responses, and related scoring considerations for AzSCI Sample Test items.

Within this guide, each item is presented with the following information:

- Item number
- Title
- Domain (Reporting Category)
- Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group
- Content Standard
- SEP
- Crosscutting Concept (CC)
- Phenomenon
- TAGS
- Item Type
- Number of score points
- Static presentation of the item
- Static presentation of student response field (when appropriate)
- Answer key or scoring rubric

The items included in this guide are representative of the kinds of items that students can expect to experience when taking the computer-based test for AzSCl Grade 5 Science.

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | Pollinator Preferences |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Life Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Sensemaking |
| Content Standard | 3.L1U1.5 |
| SEP | Develop and Use Models |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Structure and Function |
| Phenomenon | In a population of radish plants, yellow flowers attracted <br> honeybees more often than white flowers did, even <br> though white was the most common flower color. |
| TAGS | S3 |
| Item Type | Graphic Gap Match |

Match each function of the radish plant to the plant structure that helps the radish plant population survive.

Move the answers to the correct boxes.

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| Scoring Rubric |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Score | Description |
| 1 | Student places "Produces food for the plant" to the left of the leaves. <br> Student places "Helps the plant reproduce" to the right of the flowers. <br> Student places "Collects water for the plant" to the right of the roots. |
| 0 | The response is incorrect or irrelevant. |

## (1 Point)

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | Pollinator Preferences |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Life Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Does not contribute |
| Content Standard | 3. L1U1.5 |
| SEP | Construct Explanations and Design Solutions |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Structure and Function |
| Phenomenon | In a population of radish plants, yellow flowers attracted <br> honeybees more often than white flowers did, even <br> though white was the most common flower color. |
| TAGS | S3 |
| Item Type | Inline Choice |

Explain how honeybees carrying pollen help the radish plant population.

Complete the sentences by selecting the correct answers from the drop-down menus.

Pollen grains help the radish plants produce
offspring $\quad$. Honeybees help the plants by carrying
pollen from one plant to another, which transfers

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| Scoring Rubric |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Score | Description |
| 1 | Correct answer: Pollen grains help the radish plants produce offspring. Honeybees help the <br> plants by carrying pollen from one plant to another, which transfers genetic information. |
| 0 | The response is incorrect or irrelevant. |

## (1 Point)

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | Pollinator Preferences |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Life Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Does not contribute |
| Content Standard | 3.L1U1.5 |
| SEP | Construct Explanations and Design Solutions |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Structure and Function |
| Phenomenon | In a population of radish plants, yellow flowers <br> attracted honeybees more often than white flowers <br> did, even though white was the most common flower <br> color. |
| TAGS | G2 |
| Item Type | Multiple Choice |

Which statement explains how having yellow flowers benefits radish plants?

O A. Plants with yellow flowers are larger than plants with other flower colors.

O B. Yellow flowers frequently attract honeybees, which helps the plants reproduce.C. Yellow flowers are prettier, which helps the plants outlive other plants.

O D. Plants with yellow flowers are more likely to outlive plants with other flower colors.

## (1 Point)

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | Pollinator Preferences |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Life Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Investigating |
| Content Standard | 5. L3U1.9 |
| SEP | Analyze and Interpret Data |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Patterns |
| Phenomenon | In a population of radish plants, yellow flowers attracted <br> honeybees more often than white flowers did, even <br> though white was the most common flower color. |
| TAGS | S3 |
| Item Type | TPD-Bar Graph and Inline Choice |

Note: This question has two parts -Part A

This question has two parts. First answer Part A. Then answer Part B.
Part A
Compare the honeybee preferences by graphing the data in Table 2. Drag the top of each bar to the correct height.

Honeybee Flower Preferences

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Note: This question has two parts(cont.)-Part B

## Part B

Based on the Honeybee Flower Preferences, complete the sentence by selecting the correct answers from the drop-down menu.

Based on the graph, it is likely that as a second choice, honeybees prefer to

brown flowers.

| Scoring Rubric |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Score | Description |
| 1 | PART A: Student raises bars to the following values from left to right: be 65, 35; 57, 43; 75, 25 <br> PART B: Based on the graph, it is likely that as a second choice, honeybees prefer to visit pink <br> flowers, and they least prefer to visit brown flowers. |
| 0 | The response is incorrect or irrelevant. |

(1 Point) Student selected the correct answer for each part.

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | Pollinator Preferences |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Life Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Investigating |
| Content Standard | 5.L3U1.9 |
| SEP | Analyze and Interpret Data |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Cause and Effect |
| Phenomenon | In a population of radish plants, yellow flowers attracted <br> honeybees more often than white flowers did, even <br> though white was the most common flower color. |
| TAGS | G3 |
| Item Type | Gap Match |

Move the correct answer to the box.
Based on the data in Table 1 and Table 2, the yellow
flower will be seen the most in the radish population over
time.

| Scoring Rubric |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Score | Description |
| 1 | Based on the data in Table 1 and Table 2, the yellow flower will be seen the most in the radish <br> population over time. |
| 0 | The response is incorrect or irrelevant. |

## (1 Point)

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 6 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | Motions and Forces |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Earth and Space Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Sensemaking |
| Content Standard | 5.E2U1.7 |
| SEP | Develop and Use Models |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Patterns |
| Phenomenon | Gravity affects the motion of the solar system and the <br> motion of objects on Earth. |
| TAGS | G2 |
| Item Type | Hot Spot |

The appearance of the moon from any position on Earth changes during each month.

Choose the position of the moon that creates the appearance of a new moon for observers on Earth. Select the moon that is in the correct position.

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| Scoring Rubric |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Score | Description |
| 1 | Student selects only the circle for locating the moon directly between the sun and Earth. |
| 0 | The response is incorrect or irrelevant. |

## (1 Point)

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 7 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | Motions and Forces |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Earth and Space Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Sensemaking |
| Content Standard | $5 . E 2$ U1.7 |
| SEP | Develop and Use Models |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | System and System Models |
| Phenomenon | Gravity affects the motion of the solar system and the <br> motion of objects on Earth. |
| TAGS | G3 |
| Item Type | Multiple Choice |

A student claims that the investigation shown in Figure 2 can also be used to model the moon's orbit around Earth if students shorten the string attached to the foam sphere.

Which statement best explains how making this change would model the moon's orbit?

O A. The foam sphere would take longer to make one revolution.

O B. The foam sphere would touch the top of the pipe and stop moving.
C. The foam sphere would revolve so that its opposite side faces the student's head.
( D. The foam sphere would take less time to make one revolution.

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 8 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | Motions and Forces |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Earth and Space Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Does not contribute |
| Content Standard | 5. E2U1.8 |
| SEP | Construct Explanations and Design Solutions |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Cause and Effect |
| Phenomenon | Gravity affects the motion of the solar system and the <br> motion of objects on Earth. |
| TAGS | G3 |
| Item Type | Multiple Choice |

A student is performing the investigation shown in Figure 2.
The string breaks while the foam sphere is moving. The sphere moves in a straight line and then falls to the ground.

Which statement best explains this motion?
O A. Earth's gravity causes all objects to move in straight lines.

O B. Earth's gravity works mostly on objects that are motionless.

- C. Earth's gravity pulls all objects toward Earth's center.

O D. Earth's gravity works mostly on objects that are not attached to anything.

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 9 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | Motions and Forces |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Physical Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Does not contribute |
| Content Standard | $5 . P 2$ U1.3 |
| SEP | Develop and Use Models |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Stability and Change |
| Phenomenon | Gravity affects the motion of the solar system and the <br> motion of objects on Earth. |
| TAGS | S2 |
| Item Type | Graphic Gap Match |

Use Figure 3 to identify the kinds of forces that act on the football at the two positions shown.

Move each of the four answers into a correct box.

(not to scale)

| Scoring Rubric |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Score | Description |
| 1 | The student selects both "Push" and "Contact force" for the forces at the kicker's foot and "Pull" <br> and "Noncontact force" for the ball on the downward path of the trajectory. |
| 0 | The response is incorrect or irrelevant. |

## (1 Point)

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 10 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | Motions and Forces |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Physical Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Does not contribute |
| Content Standard | $5 . P 2$ U1.3 |
| SEP | Obtain, Evaluate, and Communicate Information |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Cause and Effect |
| Phenomenon | Gravity affects the motion of the solar system and the <br> motion of objects on Earth. |
| TAGS | G3 |
| Item Type | TPI-Inline Choice and Multiple Choice |

Note: This question has two parts -Part A

This question has two parts. First answer Part A. Then answer Part B.

## Part A

A student writes a conclusion based on the information in
Figures 1, 2, and 3. Complete the sentence by selecting the correct answers from the drop-down menus so that the student's conclusion is valid.

The evidence in the figures shows that Earth's forward motion is pulled $\quad \sim$ into a curved path by the force of gravity $\checkmark$.

[^0]Note: This question has two parts(cont.)-Part B

## Part B

A student claims that Figure 2 incorrectly represents the force of gravity.

Which evidence best supports the student's claim?
( A. The string connects the plastic pipe and the foam sphere although gravity is a noncontact force.

- B. Gravity moves the foam sphere away from the plastic pipe when the pipe is rotated.
C. The student's head is at the center and represents the force of gravity.
D. Swinging the foam sphere faster shows that the force of gravity can be increased.

| Scoring Rubric |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Score | Description |
| 2 | Both parts are answered correctly: <br> PART A: The evidence in the figures shows that Earth's forward motion is pulled into a curved <br> path by the force of gravity. <br> PART B: A |
| 1 | The student provides the correct response to Part A or Part B. |

(2 Point) Student selected the correct answer for each part.

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 11 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | Coconino County Fossils |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Earth and Space Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Sensemaking |
| Content Standard | 4. E1U1.7 |
| SEP | Develop and Use Models |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Patterns |
| Phenomenon | Fossils of organisms that appear to have come from deep <br> sea, shoreline, swamp, and upland environments can all <br> be found within Coconino County. |
| TAGS | S3 |
| Item Type | Gap Match Table |

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A scientist wants to find fossils in Coconino County. There are three selected sites, each with different ages of rocks, as shown in Table 1: Average Age of Rocks.

Table 1: Average Age of
Rocks

| Site | When Rocks <br> Formed |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | About 230 million <br> years ago |
| 2 | About 260 million <br> years ago |
| 3 | About 350 million <br> years ago |

Determine the order in which fossils will most likely be found, based on
Table 1 and Figure 1. Arrange the order with the fossil in Site 1 at the top.
Move each type of fossil into the correct box in the table.

| Order | Fossil |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Petrified wood |
| 2 | Amphibian <br> tracks |
| 3 | Shark teeth |

(Continued)

| Scoring Rubric |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Score | Description |
| 1 | Correct order from the top: Petrified wood; Amphibian tracks; Shark teeth |
| 0 | The response is incorrect or irrelevant. |

## (1 Point)

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 12 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | Coconino County Fossils |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Earth and Space Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Sensemaking |
| Content Standard | 4. E1U1.7 |
| SEP | Develop and Use Models |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Stability and Change |
| Phenomenon | Fossils of organisms that appear to have come from deep <br> sea, shoreline, swamp, and upland environments can all <br> be found within Coconino County. |
| TAGS | G3 |
| Item Type | TPD-Multiple Choice and Multiple Choice |

Note: This question has two parts -Part A

This question has two parts. First answer Part A. Then answer Part B.

## Part A

Based on Figure 1, which statement best describes the Coconino County environment over the past 400 million years?
A. Coconino County was below sea level.

O B. Coconino County was far above sea level.

O C. Until recently, sea level was higher than the elevation of Coconino County.

O D. Sea level increased, covering Coconino County with ocean water, but then decreased.
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Note: This question has two parts(cont.)-Part B

## Part B

Which evidence from Figure 1 supports the answer to Part A?
A. The fossils found in Coconino County are land fossils.
B. The fossils found in Coconino County are marine fossils.C. The oldest and the most recent fossils found in Coconino County are marine fossils.

O D. The oldest and the most recent fossils found in Coconino County are land fossils.
(1 Point) Student selected the correct answer for each part.

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 13 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | Coconino County Fossils |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Earth and Space Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Sensemaking |
| Content Standard | 4. E1U1.7 |
| SEP | Construct Explanations and Design Solutions |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Cause and Effect |
| Phenomenon | Fossils of organisms that appear to have come from deep <br> sea, shoreline, swamp, and upland environments can all <br> be found within Coconino County. |
| TAGS | S3 |
| Item Type | Match Table Grid |

Coconino County has relatively few rocks and fossils that were formed between 220 million years ago and the present time.

Determine whether each statement is likely or is not likely a reason for the lack of fossils in the fossil record in Coconino County during this time period.

Select all the correct answers.

| Statements | Likely a <br> Reason | Not Likely a <br> Reason |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Rocks that are 220 million years old and <br> younger have eroded. |  |  |
| Rocks that are 220 million years old and <br> younger are found more often. | $\ddots$ |  |
| Older organisms became extinct between <br> 220 million years ago and the present time. | $\bullet$ |  |
| Coconino County was below sea level between <br> 220 million years ago and the present time. |  |  |

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| Scoring Rubric |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Score | Description |
| 1 | Likely a Reason: students select Column 1 for Rows 2,3 <br> Not Likely a Reason: students select Column 2, Rows 1,4 |
| 0 | The response is incorrect or irrelevant. |

(1 Point)

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 14 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | The Red Car |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Physical Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Sensemaking |
| Content Standard | 3.P4U1.3 |
| SEP | Develop and Use Models |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Patterns |
| Phenomenon | A student sees a red car in a parking lot on a sunny 80- <br> degree day. When the student touches the hood of the <br> car, it is hot. |
| TAGS | S2 |
| Item Type | Bar Graph |

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The student puts a thermometer on the hood of each car to measure the amount of energy each hood is receiving from the sun.

The student records the temperatures $24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 46^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Use the bar graph to show the amount of energy each car hood is receiving from the sun. Drag the top of each bar to the correct height.

Hood Temperatures

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| Scoring Rubric |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Score | Description |
| 1 | Student places bar heights (from left to right) 46, 24, and 60 |
| 0 | The response is incorrect or irrelevant. |

## (1 Point)

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 15 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | The Red Car |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Physical Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Does not contribute |
| Content Standard | 3.P4U1.3 |
| SEP | Analyze and Interpret Data |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Structure and Function |
| Phenomenon |  |
| TAGS | S2 |
| Item Type | TPD-Point Graph and Multiple Choice |

Note: This question has two parts -Part A

This question has two parts. First answer Part A. Then answer Part B.

## Part A

The line on the graph shows how warm the red car can get in 25 minutes based on the student observations from Table 1. Complete the graph to compare the temperature data for the red car with the car temperature data shown in Table 2.

Plot the five points from the data in Table 2.
Heating Comparisons

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Note: This question has two parts(cont.)-Part B

## Part B

Based on the graph in Part A, what is most likely the color of the car that produced the data in Table 2?

O A. White

O B. Light gray

O C. Black

○ D. Gold

| Scoring Rubric |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Score | Description |
| 1 | Part A: The student correctly plots the points (5,33), (10, 38), (15, 42), (20,44) and (25, 45) on the <br> graph. <br> AND <br> Part B: Option C is selected. |
| 0 | The response is incorrect or irrelevant. |

(1 Point) Student selected the correct answer for each part.

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 16 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | The Red Car |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Physical Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Investigating |
| Content Standard | $5 . P 1 U 1.1$ |
| SEP | Analyze and Interpret Data |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Energy and Matter |
| Phenomenon |  |
| TAGS | G3 |
| Item Type | Multiple Response |

Crayons are made of very small unseen particles that cannot become smaller. A student left a crayon in the red car for more than 45 minutes on a day when the outdoor temperature reached $28^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Crayons become liquid at temperatures between $49^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $64^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Based on the data shown in Table 1, which statements best describe the physical state of the crayon?

Select two correct answers.
$\checkmark$ A. The number of crayon particles remains the same.
$\square$ B. The number of crayon particles increases.
$\square$ C. The number of crayon particles decreases.D. The crayon particles are more likely to begin changing into a liquid at 25 minutes than at 45 minutes.
$\checkmark$ E. The crayon particles are more likely to begin changing into a liquid at 40 minutes than at 35 minutes.

## Grade 5 Science Sample Test

| Item Number | 17 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Item Title | The Red Car |
| Domain (Reporting Category) | Physical Science |
| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) Group <br> (Reporting Category) | Investigating |
| Content Standard | $5 . P 4$ U1.6 |
| SEP | Analyze and Interpret Data |
| Crosscutting Concepts (CC) | Energy and Matter |
| Phenomenon |  |
| TAGS | S3 |
| Item Type | Match |

A student makes the following claim after touching the hood of all 3 cars.

The hood of the black car is the hottest.

Determine whether each statement supports the student's claim or does not support it.

Move the answers to the correct boxes.


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| Scoring Rubric |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Score | Description |
| 1 | Supports Claim: The black car absorbs more energy than the red and white cars. <br> Does Not Support: <br> The white car absorbs more energy than the red and black cars. <br> The red and white cars absorb more energy than the black car. |
| 0 | The response is incorrect or irrelevant. |

## (1 Point)


[^0]:    (Continued on the next page)

[^1]:    (Continued on the next page)

