

## **Public Education Agency (PEA) Determination Outline**

The U.S. Department of Education Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) requires states to make annual determinations on the performance of each Public Education Agency (PEA). The purpose of the annual Determination is to ensure PEAs are implementing the requirements and purposes of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Part B, regarding the provision of special education and related services

The Arizona Department of Education/Exceptional Student Services (ADE/ESS) is in the process of updating their PEA Determinations. The initial draft was available for review between January 27, 2025, and March 27, 2025. This 60-day review phase included a 30-day public comment period between February 26, 2025, and March 27, 2025. Any comments were reviewed and considered in the finalized version.

The finalized components that will be included in the October 2026 PEA Determinations are listed below. A bonus point may be applied to the results indicators. This bonus point is based on a calculation of the PEA showing substantial improvement over the prior year. Two years of data are needed to calculate substantial progress; therefore, the bonus point will take effect in October 2027.

## **Timeline**

November 2024: Presented proposed model to Special Education Advisory Panel

January 16, 2025: Presented proposed model at the Special Education Professional Check-In Webinar

January 27, 2025–March 27, 2025: Publish proposed PEA components on website for public review and comment.

April 2025: PEAs' scores will be posted using the current PEA Determinations model (FY 2024 using data from school year 2023–2024) for all components except for MOE, which will be from school year 2022–2023.

May 2025: The finalized PEA Determinations outline will be posted on the ESS website.

October 2025: PEAs' scores will be posted using the current PEA Determinations model. (FY 2025 using data from school year 2024–2025) for all components except for MOE, which will be from school year 2023–2024.

October 2026: PEAs' scores will be posted using the new PEA Determinations model without the bonus point. The new model will use data from school year 2025–2026 for all components except for Graduation, Dropout and MOE, which will be from school year 2024–2025.

October 2027: PEAs' scores will be posted using the new PEA Determinations model with the bonus point. The new model will use data from school year 2026–2027 for all components except for Graduation, Dropout, and MOE which will be from school year 2025–2026.

PEA Determination	Description	Eligible for Bonus Point	Relevant Grades
Compliance Criteria	a en la companya de		
Assessment (Participation)	Participation of students with disabilities on statewide assessments. This includes 4 <sup>th</sup> grade, 8 <sup>th</sup> grade, 11 <sup>th</sup> grade, and 3 <sup>rd</sup> –11 <sup>th</sup> grade for both Math and Reading. This includes students taking the alternate assessment.	No	All
Audit	Evaluates if a PEA's fiscal audit noncompliance is corrected as soon as possible but in no case later than one year after identification.	No	All
Child Find	Evaluates whether monitored PEAs fulfilled Child Find responsibilities in meeting initial evaluation timelines.	No	All
Disproportionality (Discipline and Identification)	Discipline - Evaluates whether a PEA is: 1) identified with significant discrepancy in the rates of students with disabilities in one or more racial/ethnic group(s) suspended or expelled for more than 10 days and 2) has policies, procedures, and practices that do not comply with requirements related to the development and implementation of IEPs, use of positive behavioral supports, and procedural safeguards. Identification - Evaluates whether a PEA that has disproportionate representation in one or more racial/ethnic group(s) identified with disabilities and/or six specific disability categories are the result of an inappropriate identification.	No	Elementary High school
Longstanding Noncompliance	Measures if a PEA has any longstanding noncompliance.	No	All
Maintenance of Effort (MOE)	Measures weather or not a PEA reviewed, submitted, and closed the MOE Compliance test by March 31 of the prior year.	No	All
Preschool Transition	Evaluates whether children transitioning from Early Intervention programs (Part C) to Part B programs had IEPs developed and implemented by their third birthdays.	No	Preschool
Secondary Transition	Evaluates whether children aged 14 and above receive secondary transition planning and services aligned with <i>IDEA</i> requirements.	No	High school
Timely and Valid Data	Measures the data that PEAs submit for various areas such as child count, discipline, and personnel are both timely and accurate.	No	All
Assessment (Performance)	Proficiency rate for children with IEPs against grade level academic achievement standards for 4 <sup>th</sup> , 8 <sup>th</sup> , and 11 <sup>th</sup> grade students in both Math and Reading.	Yes	Elementary High school
Dropout	Percent of youths with Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) exiting special education due to dropping out.	Yes	High school

PEA Determination	n Description	Eligible for Bonus Point	Relevant Grades
Results Criteria			
Graduation	Percent of youths with Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) exiting special education due to graduating with a regular high school diploma.	Yes	High school
Least Restrictive Environment (LRE) for School-Age and Preschool	School-Age: Percent of children with IEPs aged 5 who are enrolled in kindergarten and aged 6 through 21 served: inside the regular class 80% or more of the day.  Preschool: Percent of children with IEPs aged 3, 4 and aged 5 who are enrolled in a preschool program attending a regular early childhood program and receiving the majority of special education and related services in the regular early childhood program.	Yes	All
Parent Survey (Participation)	Percentage of parents who completed the parent survey.	Yes	All
Post School Outcomes (Participation and Performance)	Participation – The percentage of Post School Outcomes surveys completed.  Performance - Percent of youth who are no longer in secondary school, had IEPs in effect at the time they left school, and were enrolled in higher education or in some other postsecondary education or training program or competitively were employed or in some other employment within one year of leaving high school.	Yes	High school
Preschool Outcomes	Percent of preschool children aged 3 through 5 with IEPs who exited at age-expectations in the three outcome areas: A) Positive social-emotional skills (including social relationships); B) Acquisition and use of knowledge and skills (including early language/ communication and early literacy); and C) Use of appropriate behaviors to meet their needs.	Yes	Preschool