

Foster Care Education: BIDs & Transportation

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Objectives

Participants will...

- learn more about their role in the BID process
- understand all the possibilities in transporting students in foster care to their school of origin

Common Acronyms

- SEA: State educational agency
- LEA: Local educational agency
- CWA: Child welfare agency
- ESSA: Every Student Succeeds Act
- FCEP: Foster Care Education Program
- BID: Best interest determination
- POC: Point of Contact
- FC: Foster Care



 The school of origin is the school the child is enrolled at when entering foster care or if already in foster care, the school the child is enrolled at the time of a foster care placement change.

a. True

o. False

2. Which school should a student in foster care attend during the BID process?

a. New school

- b. School that the biological parents choose
- c. School of origin
- d. School that the student in foster care chooses

- 3. The BID process should be executed when a student enters foster care or a student in foster care changes their foster care living arrangement.
 - a. True
 - b. False

- 4. Which party is responsible for transporting a student in foster care to their school of origin?
 - a. School of origin
 - b. New school
 - c. School of origin & new school splits responsibility
 - d. Child welfare agency
 - e. Foster caregiver
 - f. School of origin & child welfare agency share the responsibility

5. Transportation to the school of origin must be _____ & ____.

- a. Prompt; Cost-effective
- b. Easy; Convenient
- c. Optional; Rare

Foster Care Definition

De fin it io n

24-hour substitute care for children placed away from their parents or guardians and for whom the child welfare agency has placement and care responsibility

Child welfare agencies

- DCS
- Tribal
- local

Children in foster care are not considered 'homeless' or McKinney-Vento eligible.



Quick Summary



The child welfare agency must have a plan for school stability

CWA Assurances

- placement considers the appropriateness of the current educational setting and the proximity to the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of placement; and
- coordination to ensure that the child remains in the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of placement; or
- if remaining in such school is **not in the best interests** of the child, the CWA and LEA provide immediate and appropriate **enrollment in a new school**, with all the educational records of the child provided to the school

<u>ESSA Foster</u> <u>Care School</u> <u>Stability</u> <u>Assurances</u> School of Origin

Best Interest
Determination (BID)

Transportation

Immediate Enrollment

ZOOM Poll

How comfortable are you with the BID process?



School of Origin

School of Origin

"...any such child enrolls or remains in such child's school of origin, unless a determination is made that it is not in such child's best interest to attend the school of origin, which decision shall be based on all factors relating to the child's best interest, including consideration of the appropriateness of the current educational setting and the proximity to the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of placement..."

20 U.S. Code 6311 (g)(1)(E)(i)

School of Origin A child in foster care is to enroll or remain in the school of origin



<u>School of Origin</u>

• The school in which a child is enrolled at the time of placement in foster care, including preschool

- OR -

• The school in which the child is enrolled at the time of change in foster care placement

School of Origin

When a withdrawal is sought from school of origin...

- Caregivers may try to withdraw students in foster care without going through the BID process
- LEA registrar staff should not withdraw the student & notify the LEA Foster Care POC
- The LEA Foster Care POC should ensure that the student's school of origin rights are protected & that there is a BID conducted for the student
 - students in foster care should remain in their school of origin throughout the BID process



Best Interest Determinations

BID

Best Interest Determination

A holistic assessment to determine whether the child in foster care should remain in their school of origin, or if it is not in the best interest to remain in the school of origin, to ensure the student is immediately enrolled in the new school.

It is important to note that the <u>cost of</u> <u>transportation should not be considered</u> <u>in the BID</u>.

The student should remain at the school of origin during the BID process.

Purpose of the BID

The BID is to specifically assess if it is in the **best interest** of the **child in foster care** to **remain** at their **school of origin**

The BID should NOT be viewed as a choice between the school of origin & the new school

CHILDREN SHOULD CONTINUE ATTENDING THE SCHOOL OF ORIGIN DURING THE BID PROCESS

Question for Zoom Chat

What should be considered in determining

if remaining at the school of origin is in the

best interest of a child in foster care?

Considerations of the BID

- •Projected duration of out-of-home placement.
- •Child's academic, developmental, & socialization needs.
- •How a school change will affect learning or credit attainment.
- •Safety of the child.
- •Wishes of parent, caregiver, & child.
- •Toll of commute, distance, and time of travel to/from school.

*Taken from the Department of Child Safety Open Discussion on ESSA Foster Care PowerPoint

When to conduct a BID?

The BID process should be executed every time a child either

•enters foster care

•changes their foster care living arrangement

The BID may be conducted via a virtual meeting, conference call, email correspondence, etc.

BID Prep Form

School of Origin BID Preparation Form

Date: Click or tap to enter a date.

Local Educational Agency (LEA) Information	
LEA Name:	
School Site:	
LEA Foster Care Point of Contact:	
School Address:	
Child in Foster Care Information	
Child Name:	
Date of Birth:	State Student ID:
Date of FC Move:	Grade:
Residence School Address:	

School of Origin Input for BID

• How well connected is the child to the school and/or school staff? (*i.e.*, how long attending the school, positive relationships with school staff, any sense of belonging or fitting in, etc.)

Click or tap here to enter text.

• How is the child performing academically? (i.e., passing/failing classes, reading/writing/math at grade level, etc.)

Click or tap here to enter text.

BIDS

Required ParticipantsChild welfare agencySchool of origin

The child welfare agency should be considered the final decision maker if there is not consensus & should lead the BID process. BIDS

Ameliorating ParticipantsPotential new school

- •Foster caregiver
- •Child in foster care
- •Bio or adoptive parents
- •Surrogate parent
- •CASA
- •SEA foster care point of contact

BID School of Origin Flowchart



BID New School Flowchart





3 LEA foster care POC notifies the school site that the student needs to remain in their school of origin.

5 The BID meeting is held to assess if the student will remain in their school of origin or attend a new school.

4 The LEA foster care POC gathers all relevant information from within the LEA

4 The child welfare agency gathers all relevant foster care information

7a The student would continue remaining in their school of origin. The child welfare agency and the LEA will collaborate to ensure the student is transported

7 The outcome of the

BID states that the

student would remain in

their school of origin

7a The student is immediately enrolled at the new school. There would be no obligation for transportation

BID states that it is not

in the best interest for

the student to remain at

their school of origin.

BID Challenges

- Communication issues w/ CWA
- SPED Private Placement
 - For more information, refer to the <u>Students in Foster</u> <u>Care Receiving Special Education</u> AZ-TAS Document

• RTC

- Hospitalization
- Juvenile Detention
- Open for LEA Feedback



"(B) by not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Every Student Succeeds Act, develop and implement clear written procedures governing how transportation to maintain children in foster care in their school of origin when in their best interest will be provided, arranged, and funded for the duration of the time in foster care, which procedures shall—

"(i) ensure that children in foster care needing transportation to the school of origin will promptly receive transportation in a costeffective manner and in accordance with section 475(4)(A) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 675(4)(A));..."

20 U.S. Code 6312 (c)(5)(B)(i)

"(ii) ensure that, if there are additional costs incurred in providing transportation to maintain children in foster care in their schools of origin, the local educational agency will provide transportation to the school of origin if—

"(I) the local child welfare agency agrees to reimburse the local educational agency for the cost of such transportation;

"(II) the local educational agency agrees to pay for the cost of such transportation; or

"(III) the local educational agency and the local child welfare agency agree to share the cost of such transportation;"

20 U.S. Code 6312 (c)(5)(B)(ii)

•If transportation is required for a student in foster care to remain at their school of origin, the LEA and the child welfare agency will share the responsibility of that transportation

•The transportation must be prompt & costeffective

• The <u>Foster Care Transportation Procedure</u> will help illuminate the most prompt & cost-effective modality of transportation for a particular student in foster care

•The LEA Foster Care POC should be empowered to activate transportation to the school of origin, when it is necessary

Transportation Existing Options

Transportation already provided by other programs or already being paid for- \bullet \subseteq \square \square \square \square •Title IV-E •Group home state contract
Transportation Low to No Cost

Transportation that can be provided at low or no-cost-•Caregiver provides transportation to school •Existing bus routes •CWA may be able to provide mile reimbursement to the caregiver •Amending current bus routes Public transportation, if appropriate

Foster Care Transportation Procedure

Foster Care Transportation Procedure Document

Once a child in foster care is identified, the Local Educational Agency's (LEA) Foster Care Point of Contact (POC) shall be notified. The LEA Foster Care POC will execute the procedure for ensuring children in foster care that need transportation to their school of origin will promptly receive transportation in a cost-effective manner and in accordance with section 475(4)(A) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 675(4)(A)) & how that transportation will be provided, arranged, and funded. Transportation to the school of origin for children in foster care is a shared responsibility between the child welfare agency & the school of origin. This collaboration requires great partnership, creative problem-solving skills, and a student-focused mindset so children in foster care would be affirmingly supported by all foster care education stakeholders.

Local Educational Agency [Click here to enter text.]

- School (Name and Contact Info): [Click here to enter text.]
- LEA Foster Care POC (Name and Contact Info): [Click here to enter text.]
- Transportation Office contact (Name and Contact Info): [Click here to enter text.]
- Student(s) (Name and DOB): [Click here to enter text.] Grade: [Click here to enter text.]
- Placement/Caregiver (Name and Contact Info): [Click here to enter text.]
- Child Welfare Agency (CWA) POC (Name and Contact Info): [Click here to enter text.]
- CWA Specialist (Name and Contact Info): [Click here to enter text.]
- CWA Specialist's Supervisor (Name and Contact Info): [Click here to enter text.]

Foster Caregiver Address: [Click here to enter text.] School Address: [Click here to enter text.]

Procedure

Is the child in foster care placed in this LEA's district boundaries (if applicable)? YES □ NO □

- If yes, this LEA shall transport this child in the same manner as the rest of their students. If this LEA does not have boundaries or does not transport their students continue with this procedure.
- > If no, continue with this procedure.

Foster Parent Transportation Rules

Foster Parent Agreement 2.7. Accept, encourage and support the child's individual lifestyle, including the arrangement and facilitation for the child to receive an education based upon his or her ability and within the school district of their origin when appropriate...

<u>AAC R.21-6-316.</u>

A foster parent shall provide or arrange appropriate local **transportation** to meet the routine **educational**, medical, recreational, social, religious, and therapeutic needs of a foster child.

LEA & CWA Transportation Collaboration

The transportation to school of origin <u>ALWAYS</u> remains a shared responsibility between the LEA of the school of origin & the CWA

The 'how' of coordinating transportation can be as flexible, creative, & unique, as it needs to be for each scenario

Potential Transportation Norms

Cost-Effective & Prompt Norms

Student placed in foster group home foster group home

Student, w/ transportation as a related
service in their IEP, enters foster care
 school of origin (may use IDEA funds)

Student placed with foster fam ily; foster fam ily is not able to transport

• LEA & CWA collaborate by each party providing one route of transportation



Points of Contact

Foster Care Points of Contact

"(5) collaborate with the State or local child welfare agency to—

"(A) designate a **point of contact** if the corresponding child welfare agency notifies the local educational agency, in writing, that the agency has designated an employee to serve as a point of contact for the local educational agency"

20 U.S.C. **§** 6312 (c)(5)(A)

Points of Contact

LEA & Child Welfare Agency Points of Contact

• LEA Points of Contact

• DCS Points of Contact

• Tribal Foster Care Points of

Contact



Lasting Takeaway

Foster Care School Stability Steps







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