ESEA Consolidated – Important Dates

Dear District Leaders and Federal Programs Directors,

This memo is to remind you of the FY23 ESEA Consolidated application May 1 deadline for submission.

Here are some important dates to consider for your FY23 ESEA Consolidated Application:

- **FY23 Substantial Approval**, due **March 1, 2022**, which includes an approved GSA (General Statement of Assurance). Since pre-award costs will no longer be allowed, it is imperative that your application be substantially approved prior to any encumbrances. Ideally, LEAs will want to have substantial approval prior to July 1, 2022.
 - The date the application is submitted to LEA Authorized status in a substantially approvable form becomes the grantees Substantial Approval Date and as of this date, legal obligations can be charted to the grant for expenses that meet the budget and grant requirements for the allowable use of funds.
- **FY23 ESEA Consolidated Grant application** is due **May 1, 2022**. Grants submitted by May 1 are guaranteed review by July 1.
 - Funding applications must be in Director Primary Approved status before an LEA can begin to draw down funds; this includes the approval of all required documentation, i.e., Comprehensive Needs Assessment (CNA), Integrated Action Plan (IAP), Consultation Forms, etc. Please be reminded that these items will need to be completed prior to Director Approved status and the ability to draw down funds.

Educator and School Excellence specialists are here to assist you, so you receive Substantial Approval and grant review by July 1, 2022.

ESEA Consolidated Grant – Approval Q&A

What is the difference between substantial approval and SEA Director Approval?

Substantial approval means there is a submitted funding application with a reasonable attempt at a budget and that there is a General Statement of Assurances (GSA) in "SEA General Statement of Assurance Accepted" status. This is affirmation that an LEA intends to accept monies from a particular funding source and agrees to abide by all assurances in the GSA. *SEA Director Approval*, on the other hand, is confirmation that the grant program area has provided final director approval to the funding application submitted, and via this director approval the LEA understands that grant expenditures must meet all applicable rules and requirements of the funding source. SEA Director Approval status also enables the LEA to submit GME Reimbursement Requests during the applicable project period.

What is the earliest date for substantial approval? The grant's project start date is the earliest substantial approval date. For instance, July 1st is the project start date for many federal and state grants and thus July 1st would be the earliest substantial approval date. Applications submitted in a substantially approvable state *prior* to a grants project start date will receive the project start date as the substantial approval date.

What if my funding application isn't substantially approved by the grant's project start date? It is important to remember that substantial approval is the obligation date tied to the date your funding application is submitted in a substantially approvable state. This means that once your grant project receives SEA Director approval, you may submit Reimbursement Requests in GME. Expenditures can then be reimbursed from the date the funding application was substantially approved. A substantial approval date of August 15th, for example, would prevent an LEA from being reimbursed for any expenditures which happened between July 1st and up to the August 15th substantial approval date.

Can my LEA just submit a request for pre-award costs to allow for missing a timely substantial approval date? The ADE <u>**no longer**</u> has the authority to approve pre-award costs per the US Department of Education.