

PLD	Standard	Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient	Proficient	Highly Proficient
		For grade-appropriate texts, the Minimally Proficient student	For grade-appropriate texts, the Partially Proficient student	For grade-appropriate texts, the Proficient student	For grade-appropriate texts, the Highly Proficient student
			Reading: Literature		
Detailed	6.RL.1	refers to the text generally to support analysis of what the text says explicitly.	identifies textual evidence that supports analysis of what the text says explicitly.	cites textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	applies strong textual evidence in supporting a complex inference or analysis of the text.
Detailed	6.RL.2	identifies a theme or central idea of a text; provides a basic list of events in a text.	identifies a theme or central idea of a text; provides a simple summary of a text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.	determines a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provides a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.	evaluates themes or central ideas in regard to major/minor themes and how they are conveyed through particular details; provides a comprehensive summary of a text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
Detailed	6.RL.3	identifies a basic plot of a particular story or drama and recognizes that the characters change during the story.	describes how the plot of a particular story or drama unfolds and how the characters change overall.	describes how the plot of a particular story or drama unfolds in a series of episodes, as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.	analyzes how the plot of a particular story or drama unfolds in a series of episodes, as well as how the responses and changes of complex characters contribute to the plot as it moves toward a resolution.
Detailed	6.RL.4	identifies the literal meaning of simple words and phrases as they are used in a text.	distinguishes between literal, figurative, and connotative meanings of words and phrases as they are used in a text; identifies the impact of specific word choice on meaning and tone.	determines the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyzes the impact of specific word choice on meaning and tone.	analyzes the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings, and assesses their effectiveness; evaluates the impact of specific word choice on meaning and tone.

Detailed	6.RL.5	identifies a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza that contributes to the overall structure of a text.	describes how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza contributes to the overall structure and development of a text.	analyzes how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot.	articulates why the author includes a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza, and analyzes how it affects the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot throughout the text.
Detailed	6.RL.6	identifies the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text.	describes the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text.	explains how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text.	analyzes how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text, citing evidence to support the analysis.
Detailed	6.RL.7	determines the similarities in the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem and listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text.	compares and contrasts the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text.	compares and contrasts the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what he or she "sees" and "hears" when reading the text with what he or she perceives when listening or watching.	compares and contrasts, then analyzes, the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text. Analyzes what he or she "sees" and "hears" when reading the text compared to what he or she perceives when listening or watching.
Detailed	6.RL.9	identifies various textual elements in different forms or genres with similar themes or topics.	determines differing textual elements in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) with similar themes or topics.	compares and contrasts texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.	compares, contrasts, and analyzes/evaluates texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.

	Reading: Informational Text							
Detailed	6.RI.1	refers to the text generally to support analysis of what the text says explicitly.	identifies textual evidence that supports analysis of what the text says explicitly.	cites textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	applies strong textual evidence in supporting a complex inference or analysis of the text.			
Detailed	6.RI.2	identifies a central idea of a text; provides a basic list of events in a text.	identifies a central idea of a text; provides a simple summary of a text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.	determines a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provides a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.	evaluates central ideas and how they are conveyed through particular details; provides a comprehensive summary of a text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.			
Detailed	6.RI.3	identifies how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced and illustrated in a text.	explains how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and developed in a text (e.g., through examples or anecdotes).	analyzes in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and developed in a text (e.g., through examples or anecdotes).	analyzes in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and developed in a text (e.g., through examples or anecdotes) and analyzes relationships among key individuals, events, or ideas.			
Detailed	6.RI.4	identifies the literal meaning of simple words and phrases as they are used in a text.	distinguishes between some literal, figurative, and connotative meanings of words and phrases as they are used in a text.	determines the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.	analyzes the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; evaluates the impact of specific word choice.			
Detailed	6.RI.5	locates a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section that contributes to the development of the key ideas of a text.	explains how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section contributes to the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas.	analyzes how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas.	articulates why the author uses a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section, and analyzes how it affects the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas.			

Detailed	6.RI.6	identifies an author's explicit point of view or purpose in a text.	identifies an author's point of view or purpose in a text and identifies an example of where it is conveyed in the text.	determines an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explains how it is conveyed in the text.	analyzes an author's point of view and purpose in a text; provides textual evidence to show how the author's point of view and purpose are conveyed in the text.
Detailed	6.RI.7	identifies key information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words.	integrates information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to show a partially developed understanding of a topic or issue.	integrates information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.	evaluates and synthesizes information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a comprehensive understanding of a topic or issue.
Detailed	6.RI.8	identifies specific claims, reasoning, and evidence in a text.	determines the argument and specific claims, reasoning, and evidence in a text.	traces and evaluates the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.	traces and evaluates the argument and specific claims in a text, analyzing how the reasoning and evidence support or do not support the claim.
Detailed	6.RI.9	identifies explicit similarities or differences between two authors' presentations of events.	compares and contrasts the ways in which two authors present events differently.	compares and contrasts one author's presentation of events with that of another.	compares and contrasts one author's presentation of events with that of another; evaluates the effect and impact of the different presentations.

			Writing		
Detailed	6.W.1	 writes arguments to support claims: a. introduces claim(s). b. supports claim(s) with reasons, using sources or nontextual evidence and demonstrating a basic understanding of the topic or text. c. uses words, phrases, and clauses to state the claim(s) and reasons. d. uses an informal style. 	Writingwrites arguments to supportclaims with clear reasons andevidence:a. introduces claim(s) andorganizes the reasons andevidence with purpose.b. supports claim(s) with reasonsand evidence, using appropriatesources and demonstrating ageneral understanding of thetopic or text.c. uses words, phrases, andclauses to state the relationshipsamong claim(s) and reasons.	 writes arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence: a. introduces claim(s) and organizes the reasons and evidence clearly. b. supports claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. c. uses words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and 	 writes arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence: a. introduces solid claim(s) an organizes the reasons and evidence clearly and logically. b. supports claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence using credible sources and demonstrating a thorough understanding of the topic or text. c. uses words, phrases, and clauses to clarify and elaborat
		e. provides a concluding statement or section that illogically follows from the argument presented.	 d. establishes a formal style but does not consistently maintain it. e. provides a concluding statement or section that partially follows from the argument presented. 	reasons. d. establishes and maintains a formal style. e. provides a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.	on the relationships among claim(s) and reasons. d. establishes and maintains a formal style. e. provides a well-developed concluding section that clearly and logically follows from the argument presented.

Detailed	6.W.2	writes	writes informative/explanatory	writes informative/explanatory	writes informative/explanatory
	-	informative/explanatory texts	texts to explain a topic and	texts to examine a topic and	texts to examine a topic and
		to restate a topic and convey	convey ideas, concepts, and	convey ideas, concepts, and	convey ideas, concepts, and
		ideas, concepts, and	information through the	information through the	information through the
		information through the	selection and organization of	selection, organization, and	selection, organization, and
		selection and organization of	relevant content:	analysis of relevant content:	analysis of relevant content:
		content:			
			a. introduces a topic; organizes	a. introduces a topic; organizes	a. clearly introduces a topic;
		a. partially introduces a topic;	ideas, concepts, and	ideas, concepts, and	logically organizes ideas,
		organizes ideas, concepts, and	information, using strategies	information, using strategies	concepts, and information,
		information, but	such as definition, classification,	such as definition, classification,	using strategies such as
		inconsistently applies	comparison/contrast, and	comparison/contrast, and	definition, classification,
		strategies such as definition,	cause/effect; includes formatting	cause/effect; includes formatting	comparison/contrast, and
		classification,	(e.g., headings), graphics (e.g.,	(e.g., headings) and graphics	cause/effect; includes
		comparison/contrast, and	charts, tables) when useful to	(e.g., charts, tables) and	formatting (e.g., headings) and
		cause/effect.	aiding comprehension.	multimedia when useful to	graphics (e.g., charts, tables) in
				aiding comprehension.	a way that enhances the
		b. develops the topic with	b. develops the topic with facts,		explanation.
		facts.	definitions, details, quotations,	b. develops the topic with	
			or other information and	relevant facts, definitions,	b. develops the topic with
		c. uses basic transitions to	examples.	concrete details, quotations, or	significant facts, definitions,
		connect ideas and concepts.		other information and examples.	concrete details, insightful
			c. uses appropriate transitions to		quotations, or other
		d. uses some domain-specific	connect ideas and concepts.	c. uses appropriate transitions to	information and examples.
		vocabulary to inform about or		clarify the relationships among	
		explain the topic.	d. uses some precise language	ideas and concepts.	c. uses appropriate transitions
			and domain-specific vocabulary		to clarify and elaborate on the
		e. uses an informal style.	to inform about or explain the	d. uses precise language and	relationships among ideas and
			topic.	domain-specific vocabulary to	concepts.
		f. provides a concluding		inform about or explain the	
		statement or section that	e. establishes a formal style but	topic.	d. uses precise language and
		illogically follows from the	does not consistently maintain it.		domain-specific vocabulary to
		information or explanation		e. establishes and maintains a	enhance the explanation of the
		presented.	f. provides a basic concluding	formal style.	topic.
			statement or section that		
			partially follows from the		e. establishes and maintains a
			information or explanation		formal style.
			presented.		

		f. provides a concluding	f. provides a well-developed
		statement or section that follows	concluding statement or
		from the information or	section that clearly and logically
		explanation presented.	follows from the information or
			explanation presented.

Detailed	6.W.4-6	produces clear writing in which the development, organization, and style are evident; develops writing with some planning, revising, and editing, including editing for conventions; demonstrates basic command of keyboarding skills.	produces clear writing in which the development, organization, and style are largely appropriate to task, purpose, and audience; develops writing by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, including editing for conventions; demonstrates sufficient command of keyboarding skills to complete a writing task.	produces clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience; develops and strengthens writing by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, including editing for conventions; demonstrates sufficient command of keyboarding skills to complete a writing task.	produces clear and well- developed writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience; develops and strengthens writing on an ongoing basis by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, including editing for conventions; demonstrates sufficient command of keyboarding skills to complete a writing task.
Detailed	6.W.7-8	conducts short research projects to answer a question, drawing on one or two sources; uses information from one or two sources; paraphrases the conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism.	conducts short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources; uses information from multiple sources; assesses the credibility of some sources; paraphrases the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism.	conducts short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate; gathers relevant information from multiple sources; assesses the credibility of sources as appropriate; quotes or paraphrases the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism.	conducts research projects to answer an important question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate; gathers relevant, high-quality information from multiple sources; assesses the credibility of sources as appropriate; cites the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and using standard format for citation.

			Listening		
Detailed	6.SL.2	recalls information presented	recalls information presented in	interprets information presented	interprets and evaluates
		in diverse media and formats	diverse media and formats and	in diverse media and formats	information presented in
		and identifies a topic, text, or	describes details related to a	and explains how it contributes	diverse media and formats and
		issue under study.	topic, text, or issue under study.	to a topic, text, or issue under study.	explains how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study.
Detailed	6.SL.3	identifies a speaker's	identifies a speaker's argument	delineates a speaker's argument	delineates a speaker's
		argument and specific claims.	and specific claims and recognizes that some claims are not supported by reasons and evidence.	and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.	argument and specific claims, critiquing claims and evaluating whether or not they are supported by reasons and evidence.

			Language		
Detailed	6.L.1	demonstrates some understanding of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking: a. can sometimes identify pronouns in the proper case (subjective, objective, and possessive) and inconsistently uses them. b. sometimes uses intensive pronouns (myself, ourselves). c. sometimes recognizes and corrects inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person. d. inconsistently recognizes and corrects vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).	Languagedemonstrates understanding ofthe conventions of StandardEnglish grammar and usagewhen writing or speaking:a. identifies pronouns in theproper case (subjective,objective, and possessive) andgenerally ensures they are usedappropriately.b. generally uses intensivepronouns (myself, ourselves).c. generally recognizes andcorrects inappropriate shifts inpronoun number and person.d. generally recognizes andcorrects vague pronouns (i.e.,ones with unclear or ambiguousantecedents).	demonstrates command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking: a. ensures that pronouns are in the proper case (subjective, objective, and possessive). b. uses intensive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves). c. recognizes and corrects inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person. d. recognizes and corrects vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).	demonstrates strong command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking: a. consistently ensures that pronouns are in the proper case (subjective, objective, and possessive). b. uses intensive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves). c. recognizes and corrects inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person. d. recognizes and corrects vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).

Detailed	6.L.2	demonstrates basic understanding of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing: a. inconsistently uses punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements. b. spells below-grade-level words correctly.	demonstrates understanding of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing: a. generally uses punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements. b. spells most grade-level words correctly.	demonstrates command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing: a. uses punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements. b. spells grade-level words correctly.	demonstrates strong command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing: a. uses punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements. b. spells above-grade-level words correctly.
Detailed	6.L.3	uses basic knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening: a. inconsistently varies sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style. b. occasionally maintains consistent style and tone.	uses knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening: a. occasionally varies sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style. b. generally maintains consistent style and tone.	uses knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening: a. varies sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style. b. maintains consistent style and tone.	uses strong knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening: a. varies sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style. b. maintains consistent style and tone.

Detailed	6.L.4	 inconsistently determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiple- meaning words and phrases, choosing flexibly from at least one strategy: a. uses below-grade Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., audience, auditory, audible). b. uses context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a straightforward word or phrase. c. consults reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech. d. verifies the preliminary determination of the meaning of a below-grade word or phrase. 	 determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases, choosing flexibly from one or more strategies: a. uses common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., audience, auditory, audible). b. uses context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. c. consults reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech. d. verifies the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase. 	determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies: a. uses common, grade- appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., audience, auditory, audible). b. uses context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. c. consults reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech. d. verifies the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.	 authoritatively determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies: a. uses common, grade- appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., audience, auditory, audible). b. uses context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. c. consults reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech. d. verifies the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.
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Detailed	6.L.5	demonstrates limited	demonstrates basic	demonstrates understanding of	demonstrates deep
200000		understanding of figurative	understanding of figurative	figurative language, word	understanding of figurative
		language, word relationships,	language, word relationships,	relationships, and nuances in	language, word relationships,
		and nuances in word	and nuances in word meanings:	word meanings:	and nuances in word meanings:
		meanings:			
			a. recognizes figures of speech	a. interprets figures of speech	a. interprets figures of speech
		a. inconsistently recognizes	(e.g., personification) in context.	(e.g., personification) in context.	(e.g., personification) in
		figures of speech (e.g.,			context.
		personification) in context.	b. generally uses the relationship	b. uses the relationship between	
		·····	between particular words (e.g.,	particular words (e.g.,	b. uses the relationship
		b. inconsistently uses the	cause/effect, part/whole,	cause/effect, part/whole,	between particular words (e.g.,
		relationship between	item/category) to better	item/category) to better	cause/effect, part/whole,
		particular words (e.g.,	understand each of the words.	understand each of the words.	item/category) to better
		cause/effect, part/whole,			understand each of the words.
		item/category) to better	c. recognizes the connotations	c. distinguishes among the	
		understand each of the	(associations) of words with	connotations (associations) of	c. distinguishes among the
		words.	similar denotations (definitions)	words with similar denotations	connotations (associations) of
			(e.g., stingy, scrimping,	(definitions) (e.g., stingy,	words with similar denotations
		c. inconsistently recognizes	economical, unwasteful, thrifty).	scrimping, economical,	(definitions) (e.g., stingy,
		the connotations		unwasteful, thrifty).	scrimping, economical,
		(associations) of words with			unwasteful, thrifty).
		similar denotations			
		(definitions) (e.g., stingy,			
		scrimping, economical,			
		unwasteful, thrifty).			