

PLD	Standard	Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient	Proficient	<b>Highly Proficient</b>
		For grade-appropriate texts, the Minimally Proficient student	For grade-appropriate texts, the Partially Proficient student	For grade-appropriate texts, the Proficient student	For grade-appropriate texts, the Highly Proficient student
			Reading: Literary Text		
Detailed	8.RL.1	cites textual evidence to support an analysis of what the text says explicitly.	cites textual evidence to support an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	cites the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	applies thorough textual evidence to strongly support a deep analysis of the text as well as complex inferences drawn from the text.
Detailed	8.RL.2	identifies a theme or central idea of a text; identifies characters, setting, and plot; provides a list of events from the text.	identifies a theme or central idea of a text and determines details or events that develop it; explains characters, setting, and plot; provides a simple, objective summary of the text.	determines a theme or central idea of a text and analyzes its development over the course of a text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provides an objective summary of the text.	determines two or more themes or central ideas and analyzes their development over the course of a text; evaluates the theme(s) or central idea(s) and the relationship to narrative elements; provides a concise and comprehensive objective summary of the text.
Detailed	8.RL.3	identifies specific lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama that propel the action and reveal aspects of the character.	describes how specific lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action and reveal aspects of the character.	analyzes how specific lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of the character, or provoke a decision.	analyzes and evaluates the effectiveness of an author's use of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama to propel the action, reveal aspects of the character, or provoke a decision.

Detailed	8.RL.4	identifies the literal or figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text; identifies words that impact meaning and tone.	distinguishes between literal, figurative, and connotative meanings of words and phrases as they are used in a text; determines the effect of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.	determines the meaning of words and phrases, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyzes the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.	determines the meaning and evaluates the impact of words and phrases, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyzes and evaluates the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
Detailed	8.RL.5	compares and contrasts the structure of two texts.	compares and contrasts the structure of two or more texts, describing the connection to their meaning and style.	compares and contrasts the structure of two or more texts, analyzing how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning and style.	compares and contrasts, then evaluates for effectiveness, the structure of two or more texts, analyzing how the differing structure of each text contributes to meaning and style.
Detailed	8.RL.6	identifies that differences in the points of view of the characters or the reader affect the meaning of the text.	describes how differences in the points of view of the characters or the reader contribute to an understanding of the text.	analyzes how differences in the points of view of the characters or the reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) create such effects as suspense or humor in the text.	evaluates the impact of differences in the points of view of the characters or the reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) and the effectiveness of creating suspense or humor in the text.
Detailed	8.RL.7	identifies the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script.	describes the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, identifying the choices made by the director or actors.	analyzes the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices made by the director or actors.	evaluates the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script; critiques the choices made by the director or actors and proposes alternate treatments.

Detailed	8.RL.9	identifies a relationship	determines how a modern	analyzes how a modern work of	evaluates how a modern work
	_	between a modern work of	work of fiction draws on	fiction draws on themes, patterns	of fiction draws on themes,
		fiction and patterns of events	explicit themes, patterns of	of events, or character types	patterns of events, or
		or character types from	events, or character types from	from myths, traditional stories, or	character types from myths,
		myths, traditional stories, or	myths, traditional stories, or	religious works, describing how	traditional stories, or religious
		religious works.	religious works, describing how the material is rendered new.	the material is rendered new.	works; evaluates the impact of the newly rendered
			the material is rendered new.		material.
					indecidi.

			Reading: Informational Te	ext	
Detailed	8.RI.1	cites textual evidence to support an analysis of what the text says explicitly.	cites textual evidence to support an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	cites the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	applies thorough textual evidence to strongly support a deep analysis of the text as well as complex inferences drawn from the text.
Detailed	8.RI.2	identifies a central idea of a text; provides a list of events or details from the text.	identifies a central idea of a text and describes its development over the course of a text; provides a simple, objective summary of the text.	determines a central idea of a text and analyzes its development over the course of a text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provides an objective summary of the text.	determines and analyzes the central ideas of a text and analyzes their development over the course of a text; evaluates the strength of the supporting ideas; provides a comprehensive objective summary of the text.
Detailed	8.RI.3	identifies that a text makes explicit connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).	describes how a text makes explicit connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).	analyzes how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).	evaluates how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).
Detailed	8.RI.4	identifies the literal or figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text; identifies the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.	determines the meaning of basic words and phrases as they are used in a text, including common figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; describes the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.	determines the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyzes the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.	analyzes the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; evaluates the rhetorical effect of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

Detailed	8.RI.5	identifies the structure of a	describes the structure of a	analyzes in detail the structure of	evaluates the effect of the
		specific paragraph in a text;	specific paragraph in a text and	a specific paragraph in a text,	structure of a specific
		describes the role of	describes its effect on a text;	including the role of particular	paragraph in a text and its
		particular sentences in	describes the role of particular	sentences in developing and	role in the text as a whole,
		creating that structure.	sentences in developing and	refining a key concept.	including the role of particular
		, C	refining a key concept.		sentences in developing and
			, i		refining a key concept.
Detailed	8.RI.6	identifies an author's point of	identifies an author's point of	determines an author's point of	analyzes an author's point of
		view, perspective, and	view, perspective, and purpose	view, perspective, and purpose in	view, perspective, and
		purpose in a text; identifies	in a text and describes how the	a text and analyzes how the	purpose in a text and
		examples where the author	author acknowledges and	author acknowledges and	evaluates the effect of how
		acknowledges or responds to	responds to conflicting	responds to conflicting evidence	the author acknowledges and
		conflicting evidence or	evidence or viewpoints.	or viewpoints.	responds to conflicting
		viewpoints.			evidence or viewpoints.
Detailed	8.RI.7	identifies differences or	compares and contrasts the	evaluates the advantages and	evaluates and critiques the
		similarities in the	use of different media (e.g.,	disadvantages of using different	use of different media (e.g.,
		presentation of a particular	print or digital text, video,	media (e.g., print or digital text,	print or digital text, video,
		topic or idea as presented in	multimedia) in presenting a	video, multimedia) to present a	multimedia) to present a
		different media (e.g., print or	particular topic or idea.	particular topic or idea.	particular topic or idea,
		digital text, video,			providing specific evidence as
		multimedia).			support.
Detailed	8.RI.8	identifies the argument or	describes the argument and	delineates and evaluates the	synthesizes the argument and
		specific claims in a text,	specific claims in a text,	argument and specific claims in a	specific claims in a text, citing
		describing the reasoning and	discussing whether the	text, assessing whether the	specific language to evaluate
		evidence used to support the	reasoning is sound and the	reasoning is sound and the	whether the reasoning is
		argument or claims.	evidence is relevant and	evidence is relevant and	sound and the evidence is
			sufficient.	sufficient; recognizes when	relevant and sufficient;
				irrelevant evidence is introduced.	recognizes irrelevant evidence
					and proves its irrelevancy.
Detailed	8.RI.9	identifies a case in which two	describes a case in which two	analyzes a case in which two or	analyzes and evaluates a case
		or more texts provide	or more texts provide	more texts provide conflicting	in which two or more texts
		conflicting information on the	conflicting information on the	information on the same topic,	provide conflicting
		same topic, and identifies	same topic, and identifies	and identifies where the texts	information on the same
		where the texts disagree.	where the texts disagree on	disagree on matters of fact or	topic, and identifies where
			matters of fact.	interpretation.	the texts disagree on matters
					of fact or interpretation,
					evaluating the strength or
					reliability of each.

			Writing		
Detailed	8.W.1	writes arguments to support claims with reasons and evidence:	writes arguments to support claims with reasons and relevant evidence:	writes arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence:	writes arguments to support claims with clear reasons and analysis of relevant evidence:
		<ul> <li>a. introduces claim(s), states</li> <li>opposing claims, and</li> <li>organizes reasons and</li> <li>evidence.</li> <li>b. supports claims with</li> <li>extratextual evidence,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. introduces claim(s), states alternate or opposing claims, and organizes the reasons and evidence logically.</li> <li>b. supports claims with reasoning and evidence, using</li> </ul>	a. introduces claim(s), acknowledges and distinguishes the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organizes the reasons and evidence logically.	a. introduces claims; acknowledges and distinguishes the claims from alternate or opposing claims, evaluating their validity; and organizes the reasons and evidence logically.
		demonstrating a basic understanding of the topic or text.	sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. c. uses words, phrases, and	b. supports claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or	b. supports claims with a clear position based on logical reasoning and relevant evidence using accurate,
		link claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. d. attempts to establish a	clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.	c. uses words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and	credible sources and demonstrating a deep understanding of the topic or text.
		e. provides a concluding statement or section.	d. establishes a formal style.	clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.	c. uses a variety of words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the
		statement of section.	e. provides a concluding statement or section that supports the argument presented.	<ul><li>d. establishes and maintains a formal style.</li><li>e. provides a concluding</li></ul>	relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
				statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.	<ul> <li>d. establishes and maintains a formal style and objective tone that enhances the argument.</li> <li>e. provides a compelling concluding statement or section that follows from and</li> </ul>
					supports the argument presented.

Detailed	8.W.2	writes	writes informative/explanatory	writes informative/explanatory	writes
		informative/explanatory text	texts to explain a topic and	texts to examine a topic and	informative/explanatory texts
		to describe a topic through	convey ideas, concepts, and	convey ideas, concepts, and	to examine a topic and convey
		the selection and organization	information through the	information through the	ideas, concepts, and
		of content:	selection and organization of	selection, organization, and	information with a strongly-
			content:	analysis of relevant content:	developed focus through the
		a. introduces a topic;			selection, organization, and
		attempts an organization of	a. introduces a topic clearly,	a. introduces a topic clearly,	analysis of highly relevant
		ideas, concepts, and	previewing what is to follow;	previewing what is to follow;	content:
		information.	organizes ideas, concepts, and	organizes ideas, concepts, and	
			information into broader	information into broader	a. introduces a complex topic
		b. summarizes the topic with	categories.	categories; includes formatting	clearly, previewing what is to
		facts, definitions, concrete		(e.g., headings) and graphics	follow; organizes ideas,
		details, quotations, or other	b. develops the topic with	(e.g., charts, tables), when useful	concepts, and information
		information and examples.	facts, definitions, concrete	to aid comprehension.	into broader categories;
			details, quotations, or other		includes formatting (e.g.,
		c. uses appropriate transitions	information and examples.	b. develops the topic with	headings) and graphics (e.g.,
		to create cohesion.		relevant, well-chosen facts,	charts, tables) when useful to
			c. uses appropriate transitions	definitions, concrete details,	enhance comprehension.
		d. uses topic-appropriate	to create cohesion and clarify	quotations, or other information	
		language and vocabulary to	the relationships among ideas	and examples.	b. develops and analyzes the
		inform.	and concepts.		topic with relevant, well-
				c. uses appropriate and varied	chosen facts, definitions,
		e. attempts a formal style.	d. uses topic-appropriate	transitions to create cohesion	concrete details, quotations,
			language and domain-specific	and clarify the relationships	or other information and
		f. provides a concluding	vocabulary to inform about or	among ideas and concepts.	examples appropriate to the
		statement or section.	explain the topic.		audience's knowledge of the
				d. uses precise language and	topic.
			e. establishes a formal style.	domain-specific vocabulary to	
				inform about or explain the topic.	c. effectively uses appropriate
			f. provides a concluding		and varied transitions to
			statement or section that	e. establishes and maintains a	create cohesion and clarify
			follows from the information	formal style.	the relationships among
			or explanation presented.		complex ideas and concepts.

f. provides a concluding       d. uses precise la         statement or section that follows       domain-specific M         from and supports the       manage the com         information or explanation       topic.         presented.       e. establishes and         formal style and       tone while attent         conventions of th       in which he or sh         f. provides a concluding state       f. provides a concluding state         section that follows       f. provides a com         in off the or sh       f. provides a com         in off the or sh       f. provides a com         in off the or sh       f. provides a com         in off the or sh       f. provides a com         concluding state       section that follo         supports, and existion or expresented.       supports, and existion or expresented.	vocabulary to plexity of the d maintains a objective ding to the ne discipline e is writing. pelling ment or ws from, cends the
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Detailed	8.W.4-6	produces writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task and purpose; develops and strengthens writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on purpose and audience; edits for conventions; uses technology to produce writing.	produces clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience; develops and strengthens writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed; edits for conventions; uses technology to produce writing and present the relationships between information and ideas.	produces clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience; develops and strengthens writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed; edits for conventions; uses technology to produce writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently.	produces clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience; develops and strengthens writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed; edits for conventions; uses technology to produce writing and present the relationships between information and ideas in a dynamic way.
Detailed	8.W.7-8	conducts short research projects to answer a question, drawing on minimal sources; gathers relevant information from sources and redirects inquiry as appropriate; assesses the credibility of each source; quotes or paraphrases the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism. Attempts to follow a standard format for citation.	conducts short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional ideas; gathers relevant information from multiple sources; assesses the credibility and accuracy of each source; quotes or paraphrases the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	conducts short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration; gathers relevant information from multiple sources; assesses the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quotes or paraphrases the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	conducts short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration and evaluation; gathers and synthesizes relevant information from multiple sources; assesses the credibility and accuracy of each source; and judiciously quotes or paraphrases the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

			Listening		
Detailed	8.SL.2	identifies the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally).	determines the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and describes the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.	analyzes the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluates the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.	analyzes and evaluates the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) to critique the motives and evaluate the impact of the presentation.
Detailed	8.SL.3	identifies a speaker's argument and specific claims.	explains a speaker's argument and specific claims, identifying whether the reasoning is sound.	delineates a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.	traces and analyzes the argument and specific claims of a speaker, citing specific examples to evaluate whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognizes irrelevant evidence and proves its irrelevancy.

			Language		
Detailed	8.L.1	demonstrates basic understanding of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking: a. recognizes the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences. b. inconsistently forms and uses verbs in the active and passive voice. c. inconsistently forms and uses verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood. d. recognizes inappropriate shifts in verbals, voice, and mood.	demonstrates understanding of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking: a. describes the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences. b. forms and uses verbs in the active and passive voice. c. generally forms and uses verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood. d. recognizes and occasionally corrects inappropriate shifts in verbals, voice, and mood.	demonstrates command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking: a. explains the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences. b. forms and uses verbs in the active and passive voice. c. forms and uses verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood. d. recognizes and corrects inappropriate shifts in verbals, voice, and mood.	demonstrates strong command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking: a. explains the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and evaluates their function in particular sentences. b. intentionally forms and uses verbs in the active and passive voice to achieve a desired style. c. strategically forms and uses verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood. d. analyzes and corrects inappropriate shifts in verbals, voice, and mood.

Detailed	8.L.2	demonstrates awareness of	demonstrates basic	demonstrates command of the	demonstrates strong and
Detaileu	0.1.2	the conventions of Standard	understanding of the	conventions of Standard English	purposeful command of the
		English capitalization,	conventions of Standard	capitalization, punctuation, and	conventions of Standard
		punctuation, and spelling	English capitalization,	spelling when writing:	English capitalization,
		when writing:	punctuation, and spelling when		punctuation, and spelling
			writing:	a. uses punctuation (comma,	when writing:
		a. inconsistently uses		ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause	
		punctuation (comma, ellipsis,	a. generally uses punctuation	or break.	a. judiciously uses
		dash) to indicate a pause or	(comma, ellipsis, dash) to		punctuation (comma, ellipsis,
		break.	indicate a pause or break.	b. uses an ellipsis to indicate an omission.	dash) to indicate a pause or break.
		b. inconsistently uses an	b. uses an ellipsis to indicate an		break.
		-	omission.	e spolls grade lovel words	h uses an ellipsis to indicate
		ellipsis to indicate an omission.		c. spells grade-level words correctly.	<ul> <li>b. uses an ellipsis to indicate an omission.</li> </ul>
			c. spells most grade-level		
		c. spells below-grade-level	words correctly.		c. spells unfamiliar and above-
		words correctly.			grade level words correctly.
Detailed	8.L.3	attempts to apply the	demonstrates basic knowledge	uses knowledge of language and	uses comprehensive
		conventions of language	of language and its	its conventions when writing,	knowledge of language and its
		when writing, speaking,	conventions when writing,	speaking, reading, or listening:	conventions when writing,
		reading, or listening:	speaking, reading, or listening:		speaking, reading, or listening:
				a. uses verbs in the active and	
		a. inconsistently uses verbs in	a. uses verbs in the active and	passive voice and in the	a. strategically uses verbs in
		the active and passive voice	passive voice and in the	conditional and subjunctive mood	the active and passive voice
		and in the conditional and	conditional and subjunctive	to achieve particular effects (e.g.,	and in the conditional and
		subjunctive mood to achieve	mood to achieve particular	emphasizing the actor or the	subjunctive mood to achieve
		particular effects (e.g.,	effects (e.g., emphasizing the	action; expressing uncertainty or	particular effects (e.g.,
		emphasizing the actor or the	actor or the action; expressing	describing a state contrary to	emphasizing the actor or the
		action; expressing uncertainty	uncertainty or describing a	fact).	action; expressing uncertainty
		or describing a state contrary	state contrary to fact).		or describing a state contrary
		to fact).			to fact).
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Detailed	8.L.4	inconsistently determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiple- meaning words or phrases, using at least one strategy:	generally determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiple- meaning words or phrases, using one or more strategies:	determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies:	authoritatively determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiple- meaning words or phrases, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies:
		a. uses context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	a. uses context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	a. uses context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	a. uses context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
		<ul> <li>b. uses common, below-grade</li> <li>Greek or Latin affixes and</li> <li>roots as clues to the meaning</li> <li>of a word.</li> <li>c. consults general and</li> </ul>	b. uses common, grade- appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).	b. uses common, grade- appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).	b. uses common, grade- appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).
		specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.	c. consults general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.	c. consults general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.	c. consults general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise
		d. verifies the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.	d. verifies the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.	d. verifies the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.	d. verifies the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.

Detailed	8.L.5	demonstrates limited understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings:	demonstrates basic understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings:	demonstrates understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings:	demonstrates deep understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings:
		a. identifies figures of speech (e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context.	a. interprets figures of speech (e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context.	a. interprets figures of speech (e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context.	a. interprets figures of speech (e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context.
		b. uses the relationship between particular basic words to better understand each of the words.	b. uses the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.	<ul><li>b. uses the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.</li><li>c. distinguishes among the</li></ul>	b. uses the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.
		c. generally distinguishes among the connotations	c. distinguishes among the connotations (associations) of	connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).	c. distinguishes and evaluates the connotations
		(associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).	words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).		(associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).