

ELA Item Specifications

GRADE 3

Table of Contents

Introduction	3
Item Development Process	4
Test Construction Guidelines	5
Blueprint	5
Depth of Knowledge (DOK)	6
Item Formats	7
Stimulus Guidelines	9
Arizona English Language Arts Standards	11
Grade 3 ELA Item Specifications	16
Reading Literature	16
AZ.ELA.3.RL.1	16
AZ.ELA.3.RL.2	17
AZ.ELA.3.RL.3	18
AZ.ELA.3.RL.4	19
AZ.ELA.3.RL.5	20
AZ.ELA.3.RL.6	21
AZ.ELA.3.RL.7	22
AZ.ELA.3.RL.9	23
Reading Informational Texts	24
AZ.ELA.3.RI.1	24
AZ.ELA.3.RI.2	25
AZ.ELA.3.RI.3	26
AZ.ELA.3.RI.4	27
AZ.ELA.3.RI.5	28
AZ.ELA.3.RI.6	29
AZ.ELA.3.RI.7	30
AZ.ELA.3.RI.8	31
AZ.ELA.3.RI.9	32
Listening	33
A7 FLA 3 SL 2	33

AZ.ELA.3.SL.3	34
Reading Foundational Skills (Oral Fluency)	35
AZ.ELA.3.RF.4	35
Language	36
AZ.ELA.3.L.1	36
AZ.ELA.3.L.2	38
AZ.ELA.3.L.4	39
AZ.ELA.3.L.5	41
Writing	42
AZ.ELA.3.W.1	42
AZ.ELA.3.W.2	44
Writing: Foundational Skills	46
AZ.ELA.3.WF.3	46

Introduction

Arizona's Academic Standards Assessment (AASA) is the statewide achievement test for Arizona students in Grades 3–8. AASA assesses the Arizona English Language Arts Standards and Arizona Mathematics Standards adopted by the Arizona State Board of Education in December 2016. AASA will inform students, teachers, and parents about preparedness for college and careers upon graduating from high school. AASA tests are computer based, meaning that they can better assess students' critical thinking skills and provide them with opportunities to demonstrate a deeper understanding of the materials. Computer-based testing also allows for the use of a variety of innovative item types.

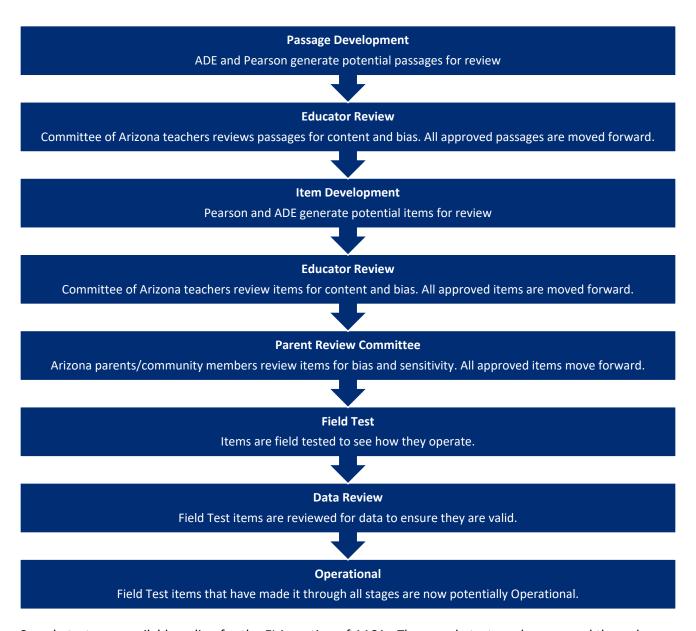
During the item-development process, all AASA items are written in accordance with the Item Specifications and are reviewed and approved by a committee of Arizona educators to confirm alignment and appropriateness for inclusion in the test. AASA items are generally representative of Arizona's geographic regions and culturally diverse population. Items are reviewed for the following kinds of bias: gender, racial, ethnic, linguistic, religious, geographic, and socioeconomic. Item reviews also include consideration of issues related to individuals with disabilities. Arizona community members also have an opportunity to review items for issues of potential concern to members of the community at large. Reviewers are asked to consider the variety of cultural, regional, philosophical, political, and religious backgrounds throughout Arizona, and then to determine whether the subject matter will be acceptable to Arizona students, families, and other members of Arizona communities.

This AASA Item Specifications is a resource document that defines the content and format of the test and test items for item writers and reviewers. The document indicates the alignment of items with the Arizona English Language Arts Standards. It also serves to provide all stakeholders with information about the scope and function of assessment items. This document can also serve to assist educators to understand how assessment items are developed in alignment with the standards for English language arts. These item specifications for AASA are intended to provide information regarding standards, item formats, and response types. The descriptions of blueprints and depth of knowledge in this document are meant to provide an overview of the test. Item specifications are meant for the purposes of assessment, not instruction. They are not intended to be tools for instruction or the basis for curricula. AASA has a test blueprint that was developed by Arizona and is different from any other state or consortium test blueprint.

The AASA ELA test will have a Writing part and a Reading Part 1 and Part 2 for all grade levels. Each writing test will have one or more passages that relate to a prompt. Students will create a written response to the prompt. Students will not answer comprehension questions about the prompt. The ELA standard-level item specifications provide information about the development of items aligned to the Reading Standards. AASA is designed to reflect the importance of using evidence and reading complex texts outlined in the Arizona English Language Arts Standards. Any item specifications that are absent for standards listed in this document may be under development. This document does not endorse the exclusion of the instruction of any grade-level content standards.

Item Development Process

AASA items go through a rigorous review before they are operational. When an item is "operational" it means it is used to determine a student's score on the assessment. This is a description of the process every item must go through before it is operational on AASA.



Sample tests are available online for the ELA portion of AASA. The sample test can be accessed through Test Nav 8.0.

Test Construction Guidelines

The construction of the AASA assessment is guided by the depth and rigor of the Arizona English Language Arts Standards. Items are created to address key components of the standards and assess a range of important skills. The AASA blueprint provides an overview of the distribution of items on the AASA according to the standards. Further, the AASA blueprint outlines the Depth of Knowledge distribution of items.

Blueprint

The AASA blueprint details specific information regarding the strands tested at each grade level. The blueprint outlines the percentage of points aligned to each strand.

Grades 3 – 5 Reporting Category	Min.	Max.
Reading Standards for Literature	26%	35%
Reading Standards for Informational Text	26%	35%
Reading for Informational Text	26%	22%
Listening Comprehension	0%	13%
Writing and Language	26%	38%
Writing	13%	19%
Language	13%	19%

In Grades 3–5 some items in the Reading and Language strands will also be aligned to the standards for Reading: Foundational Skills.

Listening Standards will only be assessed on the computer-based assessment.

Depth of Knowledge (DOK)

DOK refers to the level of rigor or sophistication of the task in a given item designed to reflect the complexity of the Arizona English Language Arts Standards. Items at DOK level 1 focus on basic tasks such as correcting grammatical and spelling errors, defining terms, and locating details or facts in texts. Items at DOK level 2 require a greater degree of engagement and cognitive processing than items at DOK level 1. They may require students to show relationships or identify examples, use context to identify meaning, identify structures or features of texts, or distinguish between facts and opinions. Items at DOK level 3 feature higher-order cognitive tasks that assess students' capacities to read complex texts and think abstractly. They focus on critical thinking, developing and assessing logical arguments, making inferences, and citing evidence to support claims or conclusions. Finally, items at DOK level 4 require creativity, extensive planning, and/or sophisticated reasoning in the composition and organization of written essays. This information is not intended to provide an in-depth description of DOK, but rather a guide to the application of DOK for AASA.

Percentage of Points by Depth of Knowledge (DOK) Level				
Grade 3	DOK Level 1	DOK Level 2	DOK Level 3	DOK Level 4
C. duc 3	10%-20%	50%–60%	15%–25%	13%–19%

For more information on DOK, please visit https://www.azed.gov/assessment/aasa.

Item Formats

The AASA assessments are composed of item formats that include traditional multiple-choice items (MC), multiple-select items (MS), evidence-based select response two-part items (EBSR), and technology-enhanced items (TEI).

TEIs are computer-delivered response items that require students to interact with test content to select, construct, and/or support their responses. TEIs are better able to assess a deeper level of understanding.

Currently, there are six types of TEIs that may appear on the ELA Grade 3 computer-based assessment for AASA:

- Inline choice (IC)
- Gap Match / Gap Match Table (GM/GMT)
- Match Table Grid (MTG)
- Hot Text (HT)
- Short Constructed Response (SCR)
- Writing Prompt (WP)

For paper-based assessments (including those for students with an IEP or 504 plan that specifies a paper-based accommodation), TEIs will be modified so that they can be scanned and scored electronically or hand scored.

See the table below for a description of each item type. Examples of each response item format described may be found in the AASA Sample Tests. The sample test can be accessed through Test Nav 8.0.

Item Type	Description
Multiple Choice (MC)	The student is directed to select one correct answer from among 4 options.
Multiple-Select (MS)	The student is directed to select all of the correct answers from among a number of options. These items are different from multiple-choice items, which allow the student to select only one correct answer. These items appear in the online and paper-based assessments.
Evidence-Based Selected Response (EBSR)	Multiple Choice/Multiple Select Format: The student is directed to answer a "Part A" multiple-choice item based on a passage and is then asked to provide evidence in support of that answer by completing another "Part B" Multiple Choice item or a "Part B" Multi-Select item (see below). Multiple Choice/TE Format: The student is directed to answer a "Part A" multiple-choice item based on a passage and is then asked to provide evidence in support of that answer by completing a "Part B" TEI (see below).

Inline Choice (IC)	The student clicks a box which reveals a drop-down menu containing options. The student then selects the correct word or phrase from the drop-down menu. For paper-based assessments, the item is modified so that it can be scanned and scored electronically. The student fills in a circle to indicate the correct word or phrase.
Gap Match / Gap Match Table	Gap Match: Certain numbers, words, phrases, or sentences may be designated "draggable" in this item type. The student can then click on the option, hold down the mouse button, and drag it to a graphic or other format. Gap Match Table: Same as above except the drop zone is in a table format.
(GM/GMT)	For paper-based assessments, this item type may be replaced with another item type that assesses the same standard and can be scanned and scored electronically.
Match – Table Grid (MTG)	The student checks a box to indicate if information from a column header matches information from a row. For paper-based assessments, this item type may be replaced with another item type that assesses the same standard and can be scanned and scored electronically.
Hot Text (HT)	Excerpted sentences from the text are presented in this item type. Certain words, phrases, or sentences are highlighted. This indicates that the text is selectable ("hot"). The student can then click on an option to select it. For paper-based assessments, a "selectable" hot text item is modified so that it can be scanned and scored electronically. In this version, the student fills in a circle to indicate a selection.
Short Constructed Response (SCR)	The student uses the keyboard to enter a response into a text field. These items can usually be answered in a sentence or two. For paper-based assessments, this item type may be replaced with another item type that assesses the same standard and can be scanned and scored electronically.
Writing Prompt (WP)	These items may require the student to use features of an online word processor. The student can perform various tasks within the online word processor such as bold text, use bullet points, underline, etc.

Stimulus Guidelines

Stimuli comprise a broad category of materials that can be used to measure student knowledge. A stimulus is usually a reading passage or set of reading passages but can also be accompanied by other sources. Every question is associated with one or more stimuli. Currently, there are three types of stimuli for AASA: stimuli for reading passages, stimuli for editing tasks, stimuli for speaking tasks, and stimuli for listening.

Every stimulus associated with AASA has been approved by a committee of Arizona educators. Each stimulus has an associated Measurement of Complexity which analyzes its complexity according to the Arizona English Language Arts Standards.

Reading Passage stimuli will consist of one or more text passages. The passages may be informational or literary and will cover a variety of topics. Passages may be accompanied by multimedia features, including audio presentations, slideshows, or graphical elements. The word count listed below is only a guideline for passage length. Passages can be longer or shorter than the range depending on other measures of text complexity. The complexity of the passages should be appropriate for the grade level of the test-taker.

Acceptable Word Count Ranges by Grade Level		
3	100–700	
4	100–900	
5	200–1000	
6	200–1100	
7	300–1100	
8	350–1200	

Editing Task stimuli will consist of a two- to four-paragraph passage with three to five grammar, spelling, and punctuation errors. The first sentence in the passage will not include errors. Students will read the passage and answer questions about the grammar, spelling, and punctuation errors. The word(s) or phrases to be edited will be indicated by an underline in the passage. The correction of each error will be worth 1 point.

Acceptable Word Count Ranges by Grade Band		
Grade Band Word Count Range		
3–5	100–200	
6–8	200–250	

Listening Stimuli will contain two or more components on the same topic: a reading passage or passage set followed by an audio presentation. Stimulus topics range from everyday life to current events, literature, poetry, art, music, physical education, health, mathematics, science, technical subjects, or social studies. The reading component of the stimulus can include informational graphics, tables, charts, or graphs.

Listening Timing		Passage Word Counts	
Grade Level	Minutes	Grade Level	Words
3	0.75-2.0	3	200–250
4	0.75-2.0	4	200–250
5	0.75-2.0	5	250-300
6	0.75-2.0	6	250-300
7	0.75-2.0	7	300–350
8	0.75-2.0	8	300–350

Writing stimuli will include a prompt that is related to one or more passages. Students will create a written response to the prompt. Students will not answer comprehension questions about the prompt. Scratch paper is permitted on both the computer-based test (CBT) and paper-based test (PBT) in order for students to compose a rough draft prior to formulating a "final" copy in the paper booklet or in the word processing area on the computer.

CBT— On the CBT students will have access to one or more passages that relate to a prompt, an electronic version of the Writing Guide, and a word processing area to type their "final" response. On the CBT, students will have access to and be able to reference the appropriate Writing Guide.

PBT— On the PBT students will have access to one or more passages that relate to a prompt, a print copy of the Writing Guide and a "final" copy area to write their response. The Writing Guide will also appear after the writing prompt and before the final copy area on the PBT. On the PBT, there will be three final copy pages with a line spacing of .375" for grades 3 and 4 (wide ruled) and .3" for grades 5–11 (college ruled).

Arizona English Language Arts Standards

Reading Standards for Literature

Key Ideas and Details

- 3.RL.1– Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.
- 3.RL.2— Recount and paraphrase stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message, lesson, or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in text.
- 3.RL.3– Describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the sequence of events.

Craft and Structure

- 3.RL.4– Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language.
- 3.RL.5— Refer to parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections.
- 3.RL.6- Distinguish one's own point of view from that of the narrator or those of the characters.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- 3.RL.7– Explain how specific aspects of a text's illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a story (e.g., create mood, emphasize aspects of a character or setting).
- 3.RL.8- (Not applicable to literature)
- 3.RL.9— Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series).

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

3.RL.10—By the end of the year, proficiently and independently read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, in a text complexity range determined by qualitative and quantitative measures appropriate to grade 3.

Reading Standards for Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

- 3.RI.1— Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.
- 3.RI.2— Determine the main idea of a text; recount and paraphrase the key details and explain how they support the main idea.
- 3.RI.3— Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.

Craft and Structure

- 3.RI.4— Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a *grade 3 topic or subject area*.
- 3.RI.5— Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic efficiently.
- 3.RI.6- Distinguish one's own point of view from that of the author of a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- 3.RI.7— Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).
- 3.RI.8— Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).
- 3.RI.9— Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

3.RI.10— By the end of the year, proficiently and independently read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in a text complexity range determined by qualitative and quantitative measures appropriate to grade 3.

Standards for Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

- 3.SL.2— Determine the main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
- 3. SL.3– Ask and answer questions about information from a speaker, offering appropriate elaboration and detail.

Reading: Foundational Skills (Oral Fluency)

- 3.RF.4— Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
 - a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
 - b. Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
 - c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

Standards for Language

Conventions of Standard English

- 3.L.1— Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
 - a. Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.
 - b. Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns.
 - c. Use abstract nouns (e.g., childhood).
 - d. Form and use regular and irregular verbs.
 - e. Form and use the simple verb tenses (e.g., I walked; I walk; I will walk).
 - f. Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement.
 - g. Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.
 - h. Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions.
 - i. Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.
 - j. Write one or more paragraphs that explain a main idea within a topic and support it with details and conclusions/closure.
- 3.L.2— Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
 - a. Use commas in addresses.
 - b. Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue.
 - c. Form and use possessives.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- 3.L.4— Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
 - a. Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat).
 - b. Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., *company*, *companion*).
 - c. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
 - d. Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.
- 3.L.5- Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.
 - a. Distinguish the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g., take steps).
 - b. Identify real-life connections between words and their uses (e.g., describe people who are *friendly* or *helpful*).
 - c. Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., knew, believed, suspected, heard, and wondered).

Standards for Writing

Text Types and Purposes

- 3.W.1- Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, using reasons to support one's point of view.
 - a. Introduce the topic or text, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons.
 - b. Provide reasons that support the opinion.
 - c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., *because, therefore, since, for example*) to connect opinion and reasons.
 - d. Provide a concluding statement or section
- 3.W.2— Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
 - a. Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension.
 - b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.
 - c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., *also, another, and, more, but*) to connect ideas within categories of information.
 - d. Provide a concluding statement or section.

Writing Standards: Foundational Skills

- 3.WF.3– Know and apply spelling conventions and patterns.
 - a. Spell single-syllable words with less common and complex graphemes (e.g., ough, augh, old, -ind, -ost, -ild families).
 - b. Identify language of origin for words, as noted in dictionaries.
 - c. Spell singular and plural possessives (e.g., teacher's, teachers').
 - d. Spell regular two-and three-syllable words that:
 - 1. Combine all basic syllable types: closed, VCe (Vowel-Consonant-silent *e*), open, vowel team, vowel-*r*, and consonant *le*.
 - 2. Include common, transparent prefixes and suffixes (e.g., *re-*, *pre-*, *sub-*, *un-*, *dis-*, *mis-*; *-able*, *-ness*, *-ful*, *-tion*).
 - e. Spell grade-level appropriate words in English, as found in a research-based list (*See guidelines under Word Lists in the ELA Glossary), including:
 - 1. Irregular words.
 - 2. Pattern-based words.

Grade 3 ELA Item Specifications

Reading Literature

AZ.ELA.3.RL.1

Content Standard	Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits	Items may ask the student to use details from the text to explain what the text states explicitly. Items may provide an inference or information to be supported by the student through specific references to the text.	
Task Demand		Common Item Formats
Answer questions using details in text where both the question and details are explicit. Provide support for an inference with details that are explicitly or implicitly stated in the text. The inference could be provided for the student or made by the student.		 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice Hot Text

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Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient	
Asks and answers questions to demonstrate understanding of a text.	Asks and answers explicit questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring to the text as the basis for answers.	
Proficient	Highly Proficient	
Asks and answers questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for answers.	Asks and answers complex questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for answers and making inferences where necessary.	

Content Standard	Recount and paraphrase stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message, lesson, or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in text.	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits	central message, lesson, of Items may ask the studen the theme, central messa	t to use details from a text to determine a theme, or moral. These may be explicitly or implicitly stated. t to identify key details and explain how they convey ge, moral, or lesson. Items may ask the student to r describe events in chronological order.
Task Demand		Common Item Formats
Sequence key details to recount or paraphrase the story. The details should be explicitly stated in the text. Determine a theme or central idea explicitly or implicitly stated in text.		 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice Gap Match / Gap Match Table Match – Table Grid
Provide details that support the theme or central message of the text. The details can be explicitly or implicitly stated.		Hot Text

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Identifies details that recount and paraphrase stories; identifies an explicitly stated central message, lesson, or moral.	Identifies key details that recount and paraphrase stories; determines a central message, lesson, or moral.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Recounts and paraphrases stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determines the central message, lesson, or moral and explains how it is conveyed through key details in the text.	Provides key details that completely recount and paraphrase stories; determines implicitly stated central messages, lessons, or morals; and explains how these are conveyed through key details in the text.

Content Standard	Describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the sequence of events.	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits	Items may ask the student to use explicit and implicit details from the text to describe a character and his/her actions. Items may ask the student how these impact the events in the text. The item may require the student to draw inferences from the text.	
Task De	mand	Common Item Formats
Identify characteristics or feat their actions that may be expin the text. Identify and describe characters and their actions in the text to support an infegiven. Describe a character's person feelings in a text, using explicit from the text as support. The not draw an inference for the Describe how a character's pand feelings affect the development of the text as support.	dicitly or implicitly stated seristics or features of that are explicitly stated rence that has been anality, motivations, and cit and implicit details extensive student.	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice Gap Match / Gap Match Table Match – Table Grid Hot Text Short Constructed Response

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Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Identifies basic elements (e.g., traits, motivations, or feelings) of characters in a story.	Identifies basic elements (e.g., traits, motivations, or feelings) of characters in a story and explains how these elements contribute to the story.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Describes characters in a story (e.g., traits, motivations, or feelings) and explains how their actions contribute to the sequence of events.	Describes complex elements (e.g., traits, motivations, or feelings) of complex characters in a story and explains how their actions contribute to a complex sequence of events.

Content Standard	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language.	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits	Items may ask the student to use the text to determine the meanings of words and phrases. Items should ask the student to consider literal and figurative meanings of words. Items should focus on words and phrases that are central to the meaning of text.	
Task Demand		Common Item Formats
Determine the meaning of we the meaning is explicitly state focus on literal and simple not words and phrases. Determine the meaning of we context clues that are either stated in the text.	ed in the text. Items can on-literal meanings of ords or phrases by using	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Hot Text

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Uses easily located, explicitly stated details in order to determine the meanings of familiar words and phrases as they are used in a text.	Uses details from the text in order to determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Determines the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language.	Determines the meaning of unfamiliar words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language.

Content Standard	Refer to parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections.	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits	Items may ask the student to interpret the interaction between different parts of text. Items may ask the student to describe how events in a text cause other events to occur or how subsequent events are shaped by earlier ones. The items may ask the student to reference specific parts of text to support their explanations.	
Task Demand		Common Item Formats
Provide support for a given in or effect of an event from the Analyze how multiple events lead to subsequent critical eversolution).	e text. relate to each other and	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Refers to easily identified parts of stories, dramas, and poems, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza.	Refers to parts of stories, dramas, and poems, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; identifies how one part builds on an earlier section.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Refers to parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describes how each successive part builds on earlier sections.	Refers to intricate parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; explains how each successive part builds on earlier sections.

Content Standard	Distinguish one's own point of view from that of the narrator or those of the characters.	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits	Items may ask the student to identify the point of view in a text. Items may ask the student to identify the narrator in a text.	
Task De	emand Common Item Formats	
Identify various points of vie	w in the text.	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice Match – Table Grid Hot Text

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Identifies the points of view of the narrator or characters.	Distinguishes his or her own point of view from explicitly stated points of view of the narrator or characters.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Distinguishes his or her own point of view from that of the narrator or those of the characters.	Distinguishes his or her own point of view from implicitly stated points of view of the narrator or those of the characters.

Content Standard		cts of a text's illustrations contribute to what is a story (e.g., create mood, emphasize aspects of a
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits	Items may require the student to explain how an illustration relates, and what it contributes, to the text. Items may ask the student to consider how illustrations affect the meaning of the text.	
Task Demand		Common Item Formats
Determine the impact of an illustration on a text. Select words from the text that demonstrate how the illustration relates to the text. The item writer may or may not provide the student with the impact of the illustration		 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Gap Match / Gap Match Table Hot Text

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Uses specific aspects of a text's simple illustrations to understand the text and identifies explicit details about how the illustrations reflect characters, setting, or mood.	Uses specific aspects of a text's illustrations to understand the text and makes lower-level inferences about how the illustrations reflect characters, setting, or mood.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Explains how specific aspects of a text's illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a story (e.g., emphasize aspects of a character or setting, create mood).	Analyzes how specific aspects of a complex text's illustrations contribute to a more thorough understanding of the text; makes higher-level inferences about how the illustrations reflect characters, setting, or mood.

Content Standard	Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series).	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits	Items may ask the student to compare and contrast themes, settings, and plots from two or more texts. Items may require the student to use key details from texts to determine how these are similar or different. The themes and settings may be explicitly or implicitly stated. Items should not ask about one literary text and should be used with text sets written by the same author.	
Task Demand		Common Item Formats
Use details from two or mor comparisons about the simil themes, settings, and plots. may not provide the student setting.	arities and differences in The item writer may or	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice Gap Match / Gap Match Table Match – Table Grid Short Constructed Response

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Identifies simple and explicit themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series).	Describes explicitly stated themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series).
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Compares and contrasts the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series).	Compares and contrasts highly complex, implicitly stated themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series); makes inferences to identify support used by authors.

Reading Informational Texts

AZ.ELA.3.RI.1

Content Standard	Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits Task Der	Items may ask the student to use details from the text to explain what the text states explicitly. Items may provide an inference or information to be supported by the student through specific references to the text. Common Item Formats	
A novembre and the state of the	tio fue we the a tout who we	AA III I GI I
Answer questions using details from the text where both the information within the question stem and the details are explicit. Provide support for an inference with details that are explicitly or implicitly stated in the text. The item writer may or may not provide the inference for the student.		 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice Gap Match / Gap Match Table Match – Table Grid Hot Text

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Asks and answers questions to demonstrate understanding of a text.	Asks and answers explicit questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring to the text as the basis for answers.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Asks and answers questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.	Asks and answers complex questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for answers and making inferences where necessary.

Content Standard	Determine the main idea of a text; recount and paraphrase the key details and explain how they support the main idea.	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits Task Der	Content Standard Items may ask the student to use details from a text to determine a main idea. These may be explicitly or implicitly stated. Items may ask the student to identify key details and explain how they convey the main idea. Common Item Formats	
Determine a main idea explicithe text. Determine a main idea and p details that support the them text. Determine a main idea and e using a single detail. Determine a main idea and e using multiple details.	rovide one or more key ne or central idea of the xplain how it is supported	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice Gap Match / Gap Match Table Hot Text

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Identifies an explicitly stated main idea of a text; identifies key details to recount and paraphrase the main idea.	Determines the main idea of a text; identifies key details to recount and paraphrase the main idea.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Determines the main idea of a text; recounts and paraphrases key details and explains how they support the main idea.	Determines an implicitly stated main idea of a text; recounts and paraphrases key details and explains how they support the main idea.

Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.		
Reading Passage		
Items may ask the student to use explicit and implicit details from the text to describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or stem in technical procedures. Items may ask the student how these impact other events in the text. The item may require the student to draw inferences from the text, and may require the student to identify language in the passage used to convey time and/or sequence.		
mand	Common Item Formats	
en events, concepts and or implicitly stated in the anships between events, age used to describe these in the text to support an an. een events, concepts and cit details from the text as y or may not draw an	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice Gap Match / Gap Match Table Match – Table Grid Hot Text Short Constructed Response 	
	concepts, or steps in tech to time, sequence, and ca Reading Passage Items may ask the studen describe the relationship concepts, or stem in tech impact other events in the inferences from the text, passage used to convey ti mand en events, concepts and or implicitly stated in the aships between events, age used to describe these I in the text to support an in. een events, concepts and cit details from the text as	

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Identifies historical events, scientific ideas, or some steps in technical procedures in a text, using language with an attempt at time or sequence.	Describes simple relationships between historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using vague language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Describes the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.	Analyzes complex relationships between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text with immerging application, using academic language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.

Content Standard	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area.	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits	Items may ask the student to use the text to determine the meanings of words and phrases. Items should ask the student to consider literal and figurative meanings of words. Items may ask students to determine meanings specific to a domain-specific area.	
Task Demand		Common Item Formats
Determine the meaning of w the meaning is explicitly state should focus on domain-spec Determine the meaning of w context clues that are either stated in the text.	ed in the text. Items cific words and phrases.	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Hot Text

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Identifies the basic meaning of frequently used academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text.	Determines the approximate meaning of academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Determines the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text.	Determines the meaning of advanced academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text.

Content Standard	Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic efficiently.	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits	Items may ask the student to use features located within the text to identify information relevant to key ideas or details within a text.	
Task De	mand	Common Item Formats
Identify information that can features or search tools.	be found by using text	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice Gap Match / Gap Match Table Match – Table Grid Hot Text

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Uses basic text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information explicitly stated in the text.	Uses basic text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Uses text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic efficiently.	Uses complex text features and advanced search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to analyze and interpret information relevant to a given topic efficiently.

Content Standard	Distinguish one's own point of view from that of the author of a text.	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits	Items may ask the student to identify the point of view in at text. Items may ask the student to identify the author or speaker in a text.	
Task De	mand	Common Item Formats
Identify various points of view	w in the text.	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice Gap Match / Gap Match Table Match – Table Grid Hot Text Short Constructed Response

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Identifies the point of view of the author of a text.	Distinguishes his or her own point of view from an explicitly stated point of view of the author of a text.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Distinguishes his or her own point of view from that of the author of a text.	Distinguishes his or her own point of view from an implicitly stated point of view of the author of a text.

Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).	
Reading Passage	
Items may require the student to explain how an illustration relates, and what it contributes, to the text. Items may ask the student to consider how illustrations affect the meaning of the text.	
ind	Common Item Formats
demonstrate how the the item writer may or the the impact of the stration on a text. The inference	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice
t ::	eading Passage ems may require the sontributes, to the text. ffect the meaning of the modes demonstrate how the he item writer may or the the impact of the stration on a text. The

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Identifies information gained from simple illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the explicit statements within a text to demonstrate understanding of the text.	Uses information gained from simple illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Uses information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).	Analyzes information gained from complex illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the inferences within a text to demonstrate understanding of the text.

Content Standard	Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits	Items may ask students to identify transitions or connections between sentences, paragraphs or ideas. Items may ask students to describe the type of connection used (comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third, etc.) and identify examples within the passage.	
Task Demand		Common Item Formats
Select words or phrases from demonstrate how the author the text. Select an explanation for how connects elements of the text.	connects elements of v and/or why the author	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice Gap Match / Gap Match Table Match – Table Grid Hot Text

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Identifies the simple connections between particular sentences in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).	Identifies the logical connections between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Describes the logical connections between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).	Describes the complex connections between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text using textual evidence (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).

Content Standard	Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage	
Content Limits	Items may ask the student to compare and contrast important points and key details in two or more texts. Items may require the student to use key details from texts to determine how these are similar or different. Important points and key details may be explicitly or implicitly stated. Items should not ask about one literary text and should be used with text sets on the same topic.	
Task Demand		Common Item Formats
Use details from two or more comparisons about the similar between the important point item writer may or may not printerences regarding important.	arities and differences ts and key details. The provide the student with	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Inline Choice Gap Match / Gap Match Table Match – Table Grid Hot Text Short Constructed Response

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Identifies the most important points and key details presented in a text.	Describes the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Compares and contrasts the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.	Compares and contrasts the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic and provides textual evidence to support these comparisons.

Listening

AZ.ELA.3.SL.2

Content Standard	Determine the main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.	
Stimuli Type	Listening Stimuli	
Content Limits	Items may ask the student to use details from an audio or visual stimulus to determine a main idea. The details and main idea may be implicit or explicit.	
Task Demand		Common Item Formats
Determine a main idea explicitly or implicitly stated in the stimulus. Determine a main idea of the stimulus and provide one or more details that support the main idea. The details can be explicitly or implicitly stated.		 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response

Terrormande Level Bescriptors	
Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Identifies details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.	Identifies the main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Determines the main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.	Accurately summarizes the main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

Content Standard	Ask and answer questions about information from a speaker, offering appropriate elaboration and detail.	
Stimuli Type	Listening Stimuli	
Content Limits	Items may ask the student to answer general and specific questions about information communicated by a speaker. Students may be asked to elaborate on and extend this information.	
Task Demand		Common Item Formats
Answer questions about explicit information from the stimulus. Answer questions about implicit information from the stimulus. Elaborate and expand on information explicitly or implicitly provided in a stimulus		 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient	
Asks and answers simple questions about information from a speaker.	Asks and answers explicit questions about information from a speaker.	
Proficient	Highly Proficient	
Asks and answers questions about information from a speaker, offering appropriate elaboration and detail.	Asks and answers complex questions about information from a speaker, offering relevant and effective elaboration and detail.	

Reading Foundational Skills (Oral Fluency)

AZ.ELA.3.RF.4

	72.LL7.3.NI ,-T		
Content Standard	a. Read grade-leveb. Read grade-leveappropriate ratc. Use context to	el text with purpose and understanding. el prose and poetry orally with accuracy, e, and expression on successive readings. confirm or self-correct word recognition and rereading as necessary.	
Stimuli Type	Visual Stimuli		
Content Limits	Items may require the student to read a visual stimulus aloud with sufficient accuracy, fluency, and expressiveness at an appropriate rate.		
Task Demand		Common Item Formats	
Read a stimulus aloud with	•	 Recording or audio capture of oral response There are 3 prompts that will be read for 1 minute each. Passages may be nonfiction or fiction. 	

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
PLD will be provided after Field Test in spring 2022.	PLD will be provided after Field Test in spring 2022.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
PLD will be provided after Field Test in spring 2022.	PLD will be provided after Field Test in spring 2022.

Language

AZ.ELA.3.L.1

	Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage				
\	when writing or speaking.				
	a. Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in				
	general and their functions in particular sentences.				
	b. Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns.				
	c. Use abstract nouns (e.g., childhood).				
	d. Form and use regular and irregular verbs.				
Content Standard	e. Form and use the simple verb tenses (e.g., I walked; I walk; I will walk).				
	f. Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement.				
	g. Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and				
	choose between them depending on what is to be modified.				
	h. Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions.				
	i. Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.				
	j. Write one or more paragraphs that explain a main idea within a topic and				
	support it with details and conclusions/closure.				
Stimuli Type	Editing Task				
Items may ask the student to evaluate and correct errors which focus on grammal					
Contont	usage. Items should assess on-grade-level errors; however, once a Language Standard				
l impite	is introduced, grade-appropriate items may be written to assess continued mastery of				
	standard conventions of English.				
Task	Demand Common Item Formats				
Apply rules of standard En	nglish grammar and usage. • Multiple Choice				
	Evidence-based Select Response				

Performance Level Descriptors				
Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient			
Demonstrates basic understanding of the conventions	Demonstrates understanding of the conventions of			
of Standard English grammar and usage when writing	Standard English grammar and usage when writing or			
or speaking:	speaking:			
a. recognizes the function of nouns, pronouns,	a. identifies the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs,			
verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their	adjectives, and adverbs in general and their			
functions in simple sentences.	functions in particular sentences.			
b. inconsistently forms and uses regular and	b. forms and uses straightforward regular and			
irregular plural nouns.	irregular plural nouns.			
c. inconsistently uses abstract nouns (e.g.,	c. occasionally uses abstract nouns (e.g., childhood).			
childhood).	d. generally forms and uses regular and irregular			
d. inconsistently forms and uses regular and	verbs.			
irregular verbs.	e. generally forms and uses the simple verb tenses			
e. inconsistently forms and uses the simple verb	(e.g., I walked; I walk; I will walk).			
tenses (e.g., I walked; I walk; I will walk).	f. generally ensures subject-verb and pronoun-			
f. inconsistently ensures subject-verb and pronoun-	antecedent agreement.			
antecedent agreement.	g. forms and uses straightforward comparative and			
g. inconsistently forms and uses comparative and	superlative adjectives and adverbs, and generally			
superlative adjectives and adverbs, and chooses	chooses correctly between them depending on			
between them depending on what is to be	what is to be modified.			
modified.	h. generally recognizes when to use coordinating			
h. inconsistently uses coordinating and	and subordinating conjunctions.			
subordinating conjunctions.	i. produces simple, compound, and complex			
i. produces simple sentences.	sentences.			
Proficient	Highly Proficient			
Demonstrates command of the conventions of	Demonstrates strong command of the conventions of			
Standard English grammar and usage when writing or	Standard English grammar and usage when writing or			
speaking:	Standard English granning and usage when writing or			
-	speaking:			
a. explains the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs,	speaking: a. explains the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs,			
a. explains the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their	speaking: a. explains the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their			
explains the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.	speaking: a. explains the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.			
 a. explains the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences. b. forms and uses regular and irregular plural nouns. 	 speaking: a. explains the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences. b. forms and uses regular and irregular plural nouns. 			
 a. explains the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences. b. forms and uses regular and irregular plural nouns. c. uses abstract nouns (e.g., childhood). 	 speaking: a. explains the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences. b. forms and uses regular and irregular plural nouns. c. uses abstract nouns (e.g., childhood). 			
 a. explains the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences. b. forms and uses regular and irregular plural nouns. c. uses abstract nouns (e.g., childhood). d. forms and uses regular and irregular verbs. 	 speaking: a. explains the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences. b. forms and uses regular and irregular plural nouns. c. uses abstract nouns (e.g., childhood). d. forms and uses regular and irregular verbs. 			
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AZ.ELA.3.L.2

Content Standard	Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. a. Capitalize appropriate words in titles. b. Use commas in addresses. c. Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue. d. Form and use possessives.		
Stimuli Type	Editing Task		
Content Limits	Items may ask the student to evaluate and correct errors which focus on capitalization, punctuation, and spelling. Items should assess on-grade-level errors; however, once a Language Standard is introduced, grade-appropriate items may be written to assess continued mastery of standard conventions of English.		
Task Dei	mand	Common Item Formats	
Apply rules of standard English punctuation, and spelling.	sh capitalization,	 Multiple Choice Evidence-Based Select Response 	

Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient
Demonstrates basic understanding of the conventions	Demonstrates understanding of the conventions of
of Standard English capitalization and punctuation	Standard English capitalization and punctuation when
when writing:	writing:
a. inconsistently capitalizes appropriate words	a. generally capitalizes appropriate words in
in titles.	titles.
b. inconsistently uses commas in addresses.	b. generally uses commas in addresses.
c. inconsistently uses commas and quotation	c. generally uses commas and quotation marks
marks in dialogue.	in dialogue.
d. inconsistently forms and uses possessives.	d. forms and uses simple possessives.
Proficient	Highly Proficient
Proficient Demonstrates command of the conventions of	
Demonstrates command of the conventions of	Demonstrates strong command of the conventions of
Demonstrates command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization and punctuation when	Demonstrates strong command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization and punctuation when
Demonstrates command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization and punctuation when writing:	Demonstrates strong command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization and punctuation when writing:
Demonstrates command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization and punctuation when writing: a. capitalizes appropriate words in titles.	Demonstrates strong command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization and punctuation when writing: a. capitalizes appropriate words in titles.
Demonstrates command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization and punctuation when writing: a. capitalizes appropriate words in titles. b. uses commas in addresses.	Demonstrates strong command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization and punctuation when writing: a. capitalizes appropriate words in titles. b. uses commas in addresses.
Demonstrates command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization and punctuation when writing: a. capitalizes appropriate words in titles. b. uses commas in addresses. c. uses commas and quotation marks in	Demonstrates strong command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization and punctuation when writing: a. capitalizes appropriate words in titles. b. uses commas in addresses. c. uses commas and quotation marks in

AZ.ELA.3.L.4

Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strate a. Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomforcare/careless, heat/preheat). b. Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word same root (e.g., company, companion). c. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrod. Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to detection clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases. Stimuli Type Reading Passage		the new word formed when a known affix is added reable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, t). a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the companion). as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or
Content Items may ask students to use sente words to determine the meaning of		nce context clues, known affixes, or known root a word. Items should not exclusively ask the student everyday words and phrases that commonly appear Common Item Formats
 used in a text, usi Determine the m used in a text, usi Determine the m 	eaning of a word or phrase as it is ing grade appropriate affixes. eaning of a word or phrase as it is ing grade appropriate root words. eaning of a word or phrase as it is ing sentence level context clues.	 Multiple Choice Multiple Select Evidence-based Selected Response Hot Text

Performance Leve			•	
Minimally Proficient			Partially Proficient	
	stently determines or clarifies the meaning of		ines or clarifies the meaning of unknown	
	vn and multiple-meaning words and phrases,		Itiple-meaning words and phrases, choosing	
	ng from at least one strategy:		ne or more strategies:	
a.	determines the meaning of the new word	a.	determines the meaning of the new word	
	formed when a below-grade affix is added to a		formed when a known affix is added to a	
	known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable,		known word.	
	comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless,	b.	uses a known root word as a clue to the	
١.	heat/preheat).		meaning of an unknown word with the	
b.	uses below-grade root words as a clue to the		same root.	
	meaning of an unknown word with the same	C.	uses sentence-level context as a clue to	
	root (e.g., company, companion).		the meaning of a word or phrase.	
C.	uses sentence-level context as a clue to the	d.	uses glossaries or beginning dictionaries,	
	meaning of straightforward words or phrases.		both print and digital, to determine or	
d.	uses glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both		clarify the precise meaning of key words	
	print and digital, to determine or clarify the		and phrases.	
precise meaning of key words and phrases.				
Proficient		Highly Proficient		
	ines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and		tatively determines or clarifies the meaning	
multiple-meaning words and phrases, choosing flexibly			own and multiple-meaning words and	
from a range of strategies:			s, choosing flexibly from a range of	
a. determines the meaning of the new word		strategies:		
	formed when a known affix is added to a known	a.	determines the meaning of the new word	
	word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable,		formed when a known affix is added to a	
	comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless,		known word (e.g.,	
	heat/preheat).		agreeable/disagreeable,	
b.	uses a known root word as a clue to the meaning		comfortable/uncomfortable,	
	of an unknown word with the same root (e.g.,		care/careless, heat/preheat).	
	company, companion).	b.	uses a known root word as a clue to the	
C.	uses sentence-level context as a clue to the		meaning of an unknown word with the	
	meaning of a word or phrase.		same root (e.g., company, companion).	
d.	uses glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both	C.	uses sentence-level context as a clue to	
	print and digital, to determine or clarify the	ر ا	the meaning of a word or phrase.	
	precise meaning of key words and phrases.	d.	uses glossaries or beginning dictionaries,	
			both print and digital, to determine or	
			clarify the precise meaning of key words	
			and phrases.	

AZ.ELA.3.L.5

Content Standard	 Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings. a. Distinguish the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g., take steps). b. Identify real-life connections between words and their uses (e.g., describe people who are friendly or helpful). c. Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or 		
	, , ,	ew, believed, suspected, heard, and wondered).	
Stimuli Type	Reading Passage		
Content Limits	Items may ask students to distinguish literal and non-literal meanings of words and phrases. Items may ask students to distinguish shades of meaning. Items should not exclusively ask the student to determine the meanings of basic, everyday words and phrases that commonly appear in spoken language.		
	Task Demand	Common Item Formats	
	rence between the literal and	Multiple Choice	
nonliteral meaning of a word or phrase used in a text. Determine the connection between words or phrases used in a text and their real-life meanings.		Multiple Select	
Determine the nuances between words that express states of mind or degrees of certainty.			

	Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient		
Demonstrates limited understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings: a. inconsistently recognizes the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g., take steps). b. inconsistently identifies real-life connections between words and their uses (e.g., describe people who are friendly or helpful). c. inconsistently recognizes shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., knew, believed, suspected, heard, and wondered).		Demonstrates basic understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings: a. recognizes the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g., take steps). b. generally identifies real-life connections between words and their uses (e.g., describe people who are friendly or helpful). c. recognizes shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., knew, believed, suspected, heard, and wondered).		
	Proficient	Highly Proficient		
Demonstrates understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings: a. distinguishes the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g., take steps). b. identifies real-life connections between words and their uses (e.g., describe people who are friendly or helpful).		Demonstrates deep understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings: a. distinguishes the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g., take steps). b. identifies real-life connections between words and their uses (e.g., describe people who are friendly or helpful).		
C.	distinguishes shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., knew, believed, suspected, heard, and wondered).	 distinguishes shades of meaning among related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., knew, believed, suspected, heard, and wondered). 		

Writing

AZ.ELA.3.W.1

Content Standard Items may ask the student to read multiple passages associated with a single topic and respond to a writing prompt in which they will use evidence from the sources to support an opinion essay. Task Demand Common Item Formats Directions Templates Write a multi-paragraph essay expressing your opinion (whether) Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your opinion using information from the sources an introduction support for your opinion using information from the sources a conclusion that is related to your opinion		AZ.ELA.S.W.I			
Content Limits Items may ask the student to read multiple passages associated with a single topic and respond to a writing prompt in which they will use evidence from the sources to support an opinion essay. Task Demand Common Item Formats Directions Templates Write a multi-paragraph essay expressing your opinion (whether) Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. an introduction support for your opinion using information from the sources a conclusion that is related to your opinion	Content Standard	 a. Introduce the topic or text, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons. b. Provide reasons that support the opinion. c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect opinion and reasons. 			
Limits respond to a writing prompt in which they will use evidence from the sources to support an opinion essay. Task Demand Common Item Formats Directions Templates Write a multi-paragraph essay expressing your opinion (whether) Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Be sure to include the following tasks: an introduction support for your opinion using information from the sources a conclusion that is related to your opinion	Stimuli Type	Reading Passages (may be informat	ional, argumentative, or literary)		
Write a multi-paragraph essay expressing your opinion (whether) Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. Be sure to include the following tasks: an introduction support for your opinion using information from the sources a conclusion that is related to your opinion		respond to a writing prompt in which an opinion essay.			
Write a multi-paragraph essay expressing your opinion (whether) Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Be sure to include the following tasks: an introduction support for your opinion using information from the sources a conclusion that is related to your opinion		Task Demand	Common Item Formats		
Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the	Write a multi-paragraph essay expressing your opinion (whether) Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Be sure to include the following tasks: an introduction support for your opinion using information from the sources a conclusion that is related to your opinion Your response should be in the form of a		• Writing Prompt		

	Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient	
	an opinion piece that lacks organization and		a moderately organized opinion piece, using
-	ts to use reasons to support one's point of		easons to support one's point of view:
view:		a.	includes a simple introduction and
a.	does not include an introduction or includes		organizational structure that states an
	an ineffective one.		opinion and lists reasons.
b.	provides irrelevant facts, definitions, and	b.	provides limited reasons to support the
	details to support the topic.		opinion.
C.	inconsistently uses linking words and phrases	C.	uses some linking words and phrases (e.g.,
	(e.g., because, therefore, since, for example)		because, therefore, since, for example) to
	to connect opinion and reasons.		connect opinion and reasons.
d.	does not include a concluding statement or	d.	provides a simple concluding statement or
section or includes an ineffective one.			section.
Proficient			Highly Proficient
Writes an opinion piece on topics or texts, using		Writes	a well-organized, multi-paragraph opinion
reasons	s to support one's point of view.	piece, u	sing sound reasons to support one's point of
a.	introduces the topic or text, states an	view.	
	opinion, and creates an organizational	a.	effectively introduces the topic or text, states
	structure that lists reasons.		an opinion, and creates an organizational
b.	provides reasons that support the opinion.		structure that lists reasons.
c.	uses linking words and phrases (e.g., because,	b.	provides strong evidence that effectively
	therefore, since, for example) to connect		supports the opinion.
	opinion and reasons.	c.	uses linking words and phrases (e.g., because,
d.	provides a concluding statement or section.		therefore, since, for example) to connect
	· •		opinion and reasons.
		d.	provides an effective concluding statement or
			section.
L			

AZ.ELA.3.W.2

Content Standard Content Standard Content Standard Content Standard Content Standard Content Standard Limits Content Standard Content Standard Content Standard Limits Content Standard Content Standard Content Standard Limits Common Iterary) Common Iterary) Common Iterary Writing Prompt Content Standard Writing Prompt Content Standard Writing Prompt Content Standard Writing Prompt Writing Prompt Writing Prompt Content Standard Writing Prompt Writing Prompt Writing Prompt Content Standard Writing Prompt Content Standard Writing Prompt Writing Prompt Writing Prompt Content Standard Writing Prompt Writing Prompt Writing Prompt Content Standard Writing Prompt Writing Prompt Content Standard Writing Prompt Writing Prompt Writing Prompt Content Standard Writing Prompt Content Standard Writing Prompt Content Standard Writing Prompt And Standard Content Standard Writing Prompt And	AZ.ELA.3.W.Z				
a. Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension. b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. d. Provide a concluding statement or section. Stimuli Type Reading Passages (may be informational, argumentative, or literary) Litems may ask the student to read multiple passages associated with a single topic and respond to a writing prompt in which they will use evidence from the sources to support their informative essay. Task Demand Common Item Formats Directions Template Write a multi-paragraph informative essay about Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the			ts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information		
Use linking words and personnel (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. d. Provide a concluding statement or section. Stimuli Type Reading Passages (may be informational, argumentative, or literary) Content Limits Items may ask the student to read multiple passages associated with a single topic and respond to a writing prompt in which they will use evidence from the sources to support their informative essay. Task Demand Directions Template Write a multi-paragraph informative essay about Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the					
b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. d. Provide a concluding statement or section. Stimuli Type Reading Passages (may be informational, argumentative, or literary) Items may ask the student to read multiple passages associated with a single topic and respond to a writing prompt in which they will use evidence from the sources to support their informative essay. Task Demand Common Item Formats Directions Template Write a multi-paragraph informative essay about Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. a introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the					
c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information. d. Provide a concluding statement or section. Stimuli Type Reading Passages (may be informational, argumentative, or literary) Litems may ask the student to read multiple passages associated with a single topic and respond to a writing prompt in which they will use evidence from the sources to support their informative essay. Task Demand Common Item Formats Directions Template Write a multi-paragraph informative essay about Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the	Content Standard				
within categories of information. d. Provide a concluding statement or section. Stimuli Type Reading Passages (may be informational, argumentative, or literary) Items may ask the student to read multiple passages associated with a single topic and respond to a writing prompt in which they will use evidence from the sources to support their informative essay. Task Demand Common Item Formats Directions Template Write a multi-paragraph informative essay about Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. Information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the					
d. Provide a concluding statement or section. Stimuli Type Reading Passages (may be informational, argumentative, or literary) Content Limits Items may ask the student to read multiple passages associated with a single topic and respond to a writing prompt in which they will use evidence from the sources to support their informative essay. Task Demand Common Item Formats Directions Template Write a multi-paragraph informative essay about Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. a introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the					
Reading Passages (may be informational, argumentative, or literary)		_			
Items may ask the student to read multiple passages associated with a single topic and respond to a writing prompt in which they will use evidence from the sources to support their informative essay. Task Demand Common Item Formats Directions Template Write a multi-paragraph informative essay about Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the					
respond to a writing prompt in which they will use evidence from the sources to support their informative essay. Task Demand Directions Template Write a multi-paragraph informative essay about Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the	Stimuli Type	Reading Passages (may be informa	tional, argumentative, or literary)		
their informative essay. Task Demand Directions Template Write a multi-paragraph informative essay about Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the	Content	Items may ask the student to read	multiple passages associated with a single topic and		
Directions Template Write a multi-paragraph informative essay about Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the	Limits		ch they will use evidence from the sources to support		
Directions Template Write a multi-paragraph informative essay about Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the					
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Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the	Dir	ections Template	Writing Prompt		
Use information from the sources in your essay. Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Revise and edit your response. an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the	Write a multi paragr	anh informative occay about			
Manage your time carefully so that you can do the following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Be sure to include the following tasks: an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the					
following actions: Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Be sure to include the following tasks: an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the	Ose illiorillation iloi	if the sources in your essay.			
 Read the sources. Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Be sure to include the following tasks: an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the	Manage your time ca	arefully so that you can do the			
 Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Be sure to include the following tasks: an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the	following actions:				
 Plan your response. Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Be sure to include the following tasks: an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the	Pead the se	ulreas			
 Write your response. Revise and edit your response. Be sure to include the following tasks: an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the					
 Revise and edit your response. Be sure to include the following tasks: an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the					
Be sure to include the following tasks: • an introduction • information from the sources as support • a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the					
 an introduction information from the sources as support a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the 	Revise and	edit your response.			
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a conclusion that is related to the information presented Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the					
Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the		• •			
Your response should be in the form of a multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the		Titlat is related to the information			
multi-paragraph essay. Enter your response in the	presented				
	Your response shoul	d be in the form of a			
space provided.	multi-paragraph essa	ay. Enter your response in the			
	space provided.				

	remainance Level Descriptors				
Minimally Proficient			Partially Proficient		
Writes an explanatory text that lacks organization and			a moderately organized explanatory text to		
attemp	ts to use reasons to support one's point of	examine	e a topic and generally conveys ideas and		
view:		informa	tion clearly:		
a.	does not include an introduction or includes	a.	includes a simple introduction and generally		
	an ineffective one; does not group related		groups related information together; includes		
	information together or ineffectively groups		illustrations when useful to aiding		
	information together; occasionally includes		comprehension.		
	illustrations when useful to aiding	b.	provides limited facts, definitions, and details		
	comprehension.		to support the topic.		
b.	provides irrelevant facts, definitions, and	c.	uses some linking words and phrases (e.g.,		
	details to support the topic.		also, another, and, more, but) to connect		
c.	inconsistently uses linking words and phrases		ideas within categories of information.		
	(e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to	d.	includes a simple concluding statement or		
	connect ideas within categories of		section.		
	information.				
d.	does not include a concluding statement or				
section or includes an ineffective one.					
Proficient			Highly Proficient		
Writes an informative/explanatory text to examine a			a well-organized, multi-paragraph explanatory		
I -	nd conveys ideas and information clearly:	-	nd conveys ideas and information clearly:		
a.	introduces a topic and groups related	a.	effectively introduces the topic and groups		
	information together; includes illustrations		related information together; includes		
	when useful to aiding comprehension.		illustrations when useful to aiding		
b.	develops the topic with facts, definitions, and		comprehension.		
	details.	b.	provides facts, definitions, and details that		
C.	uses linking words and phrases (e.g., also,		effectively support the topic.		
	another, and, more, but) to connect ideas	C.	uses linking words and phrases (e.g., also,		
ر ا	within categories of information.		another, and, more, but) to connect ideas		
d.	provides a concluding statement or section.	ام	within categories of information.		
		d.	provides an effective concluding statement or		
			section.		

Writing: Foundational Skills

AZ.ELA.3.WF.3

	Know and apply spelling conventions and patterns.		
	a. Spell single-syllable words with less common and complex graphemes (e.g., ough,		
	augh, old, -ind, -ost, -ild families).		
	b. Identify language of origin for words, as noted in dictionaries.		
	c. Spell singular and plural possessives (e.g., teacher's, teachers').		
	d. Spell regular two-and three-syllable words that:		
Content Standard	 Combine all basic syllable types: closed, VCe (Vowel-Consonant-silent e), open, vowel team, vowel-r, and consonant le. 		
	2. Include common, transparent prefixes and suffixes (e.g., re-, pre-, sub-, un-, dis-, mis-; -able, -ness, -ful, -tion).		
	e. Spell grade-level appropriate words in English, as found in a research-based list (*See		
	guidelines under <i>Word Lists</i> in the ELA Glossary), including:		
	1. Irregular words.		
	2. Pattern-based words.		
Stimuli Type	Editing Task		
	Items may ask the student to evaluate and correct errors which focus on spelling		
Content	conventions and patterns. Items should assess on-grade-level vocabulary and errors;		
Limits	however, once a Language Standard is introduced, grade-appropriate items may be		
	written to assess continued mastery of standard English spelling conventions and		
	Task Demand Common Item Formats		
	Task Demails Common item Formats		
Apply rules of standa	ard English spelling conventions and patterns. • Multiple Choice		
	Evidence-based Select Response		

Minimally Proficient Partially Proficient			
Minimally Proficient	·		
Demonstrates limited knowledge of and ability to	Demonstrates basic knowledge of and ability to apply		
apply spelling conventions and patterns, including:	spelling conventions and patterns, including:		
a. single-syllable words with less common and	a. some single-syllable words with less common		
complex graphemes;	and complex graphemes;		
b. singular and plural possessives;	b. some singular and plural possessives;		
c. regular two- and three-syllable words that	c. some regular two- and three-syllable words		
combine some basic syllable types and	that combine some basic syllable types and		
include common, transparent prefixes and	include common, transparent prefixes and		
suffixes; and	suffixes; and		
d. grade-level-appropriate words in English	d. some grade-level-appropriate words in		
including:	English including:		
 irregular words and 	 irregular words and 		
2. pattern-based words.	pattern-based words.		
Proficient	Highly Proficient		
Demonstrates knowledge of and ability to apply	Demonstrates thorough knowledge of and a strong		
spelling conventions and patterns, including:	ability to ability to apply spelling conventions and		
a. single-syllable words with less common and	patterns, including:		
complex graphemes;	a. single-syllable words with less common and		
b. singular and plural possessives;	complex graphemes;		
c. regular two- and three-syllable words that	b. singular and plural possessives;		
combine basic syllable types and include	c. regular two- and three-syllable words that		
common, transparent prefixes and suffixes;	combine basic syllable types and include		
and	common, transparent prefixes and suffixes;		
d. grade-level-appropriate words in English	and		
including:	d. grade-level-appropriate words in English		
 irregular words and 	including:		
pattern-based words.	 irregular words and 		
	pattern-based words.		