# Arizona's English Language Arts Standards - Kindergarter

			Arizona's English Langu
Re	ading Standards for Literature	Re	ading Standards: Foundational Skills
	y Ideas and Details		nt Concepts
K.RL.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.		Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of prir a. Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page. b. Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by
K.RL.2	With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details.		specific sequences of letters. c. Identify that a sentence is made up of a group of words.
K.RL.3	With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story.	K.RF.1	d. Recognize the difference between a letter and a printed word. e. Understand that words are separated by spaces in print. f. Recognize and name all upper and lowercase letters of the alphabet.
	aft and Structure	Ph	onological Awareness
K.RL.4	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.		Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).
K.RL.5	Recognize common types of texts (e.g., storybooks, poems); identify the front cover, back cover, and title of a book.		<ul> <li>a. Identify and produce sounds (phonemes) in a spoken word.</li> <li>b. Recognize and produce rhyming words.</li> <li>c. Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words. Blei</li> </ul>
K.RL.6	With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a story and define the role of each in telling the story.	K.RF.2	segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words. Blend spoke phonemes to form one-syllable words (e.g., /m/ /a/ /n/).
Inte	egration of Knowledge and Ideas	]   ~	d. Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel (long and short vowels)
K.RL.7	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an illustration depicts).		final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme words. (*This does not inclu CVCs (Consonant-Vowel-Consonant) ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.) e. Add, substitute, and delete individual phonemes in simple, one-syllabl words to make new words.
	K.RL.8: (Not applicable to literature)		
K.RL.9	With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories.	Ph	onics and Word Recognition  Know and apply phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
Rar	nge of Reading and Level of Text Complexity		a. Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound corresponde
K.RL.10	With prompting and support, actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	RF.3	by producing the primary or most frequent sound(s) for each consonant the five major vowels.  b. Decode regularly spelled closed-syllable words.
Re	ading Standards for Informational Text	구.	c. Read 50 common high-frequency words by sight from a research-base
	y Ideas and Details		word list.
K.RI.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.		d. Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of letters that differ.
7	With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a	Flu	ency
K.RI.2	text.  With prompting and support, describe the connection between two individuals,	K.RF.4	Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding.
K.RI.3	events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.		iting Standards
Cra	aft and Structure		xt Types and Purposes
K.RI.4	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.		With guidance and support from adults, use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a read-
-	Recognize common types of informational text; identify the front cover, back	K.W.1	topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion preference about the topic or book (e.g. My favorite book is).
K.RI.5	cover, and title page of a book.	2	With guidance and support from adults, use a combination of drawing,
K.RI.6	With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in presenting the ideas or information in a text.	K.W.2	dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which the name what they are writing about and supply some information about the
Into	egration of Knowledge and Ideas	Lú.	With guidance and support from adults, use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked event.
K.RI.7	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing, or idea in the text	K.W.	tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a re to what happened.
	an illustration depicts).	Pro	oduction and Distribution of Writing
ж. Щ.	With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.	K.W.4	With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Gra specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above
K.RI.9	With prompting and support, identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	2	With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and sugges
Par	nge of Reading and Level of Text Complexity	K.W.	from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed.
.RI.10	With prompting and support, actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	K.W.6	With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.

nglish Language	Α	rts	Sta
		Res	searc
d basic features of print. d page by page.		K.W.7	With writi exp
n written language by f words. a printed word.		K.W.8	With
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		Rai	nge o K.W
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poken word.			ting ınd-le
s in spoken words. Blend and en words. Blend spoken 1/n/). long and short vowels), and		K.WF.1	Den a. M b. V c. W
. (*This does not include /l/, /r/, or /x/.) s in simple, one-syllable		K.WF.2	Den a. C b. D sou
n decoding words.		Spe	elling
ter-sound correspondence s) for each consonant and		- CP	Kno a. R b. V c. S
t from a research-based dentifying the sounds of the		K.WF.3	Cor d. A bas (*Se e. A
lerstanding.		Sno	eakir
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ibination of drawing, i which they tell a reader the ut and state an opinion or		K.SL.1	Part kind a. F turn b. C
e book is).  abination of drawing, anatory texts in which they		K.SL.2	Con thro requ
e information about the topic.  Ibination of drawing, everal loosely linked events,		K.SL.3	Ask
urred, and provide a reaction		Pres	senta
		4	Des
riting in which the		K.SL.	sup
ask and purpose. (Grade- in standards 1–3 above).		K.SL.5	Add add
variety of digital tools to		K.SL.6	Spe

rts	Standards - Kindergarten		
Res	search to Build and Present Knowledge		
K.W.7	With guidance and support from adults, participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them).		
K.W.8	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.		
	K.W.9 (Begins in grade 4)		
Rar	nge of Writing		
	K.W.10-(Begins in grade 3)		
Wr	iting Standards: Foundational Skills		
	und-letter basics and Handwriting		
-	Demonstrate and apply handwriting skills.		
K.WF.1	a. Match upper and lower case manuscript letters.     b. Write upper and lower manuscript letters, with reference to a model.     c. Write left to right using appropriate spacing between words.		
K.WF.2	Demonstrate and apply sound-letter concepts when writing. a. Orally segment the phonemes in any single-syllable, spoken word. b. Demonstrate and understand that each syllable is organized around a vowel sound.		
Spe	elling		
K.WF.3	Know and apply phonics and word analysis skills when encoding words.  a. Represent phonemes in simple words, using letter-sound relationships.  b. Write or select an initial or final consonant when a medial vowel is provided.  c. Spell VC (Vowel-Consonant) (e.g., at, in) and CVC (Consonant-Vowel-Consonant) (e.g., pet, mud) words with short vowel sounds.  d. Accurately write grade-level appropriate words, as found in a research-based word list.  (*See guidelines under <i>Word Lists</i> in the ELA Glossary.)  e. Attempt phonetic spelling of unknown words.		
Cn	colving and Listaning Ctandards		
	eaking and Listening Standards		
Cor	mprehension and Collaboration		
K.SL.1	kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.  a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others, taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).  b. Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.		
K.SL.2	Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.		
K.SL.3	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.		
Pre	sentation of Knowledge and Ideas		
_	Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and		
K.SL.4	support, provide additional detail.		
K.SL.5	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.		
K.SL.6	Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.		

### Language Standards

### Conventions of Standard English

Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

- a. Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs.
- b. Form regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/ (e.g., dog, dogs; wish, wishes).
- c. Understand and use question words (interrogatives) (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
- d. Use the most frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out, on, off, for, of, by, with).
- e. Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities.

  Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- a. Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I.
- b. Recognize and name end punctuation.

#### Knowledge of Language

K.L.3- (Begins in grade 2)

## Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

K.L.4- (Begins in grade 1)

With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

- a. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.
- b. Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their antonyms.
- c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful).
- d. Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings.
- Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.

