Monitoring Manual 2019-2020



nt of

Arizona Department of Education/Exceptional Student Services

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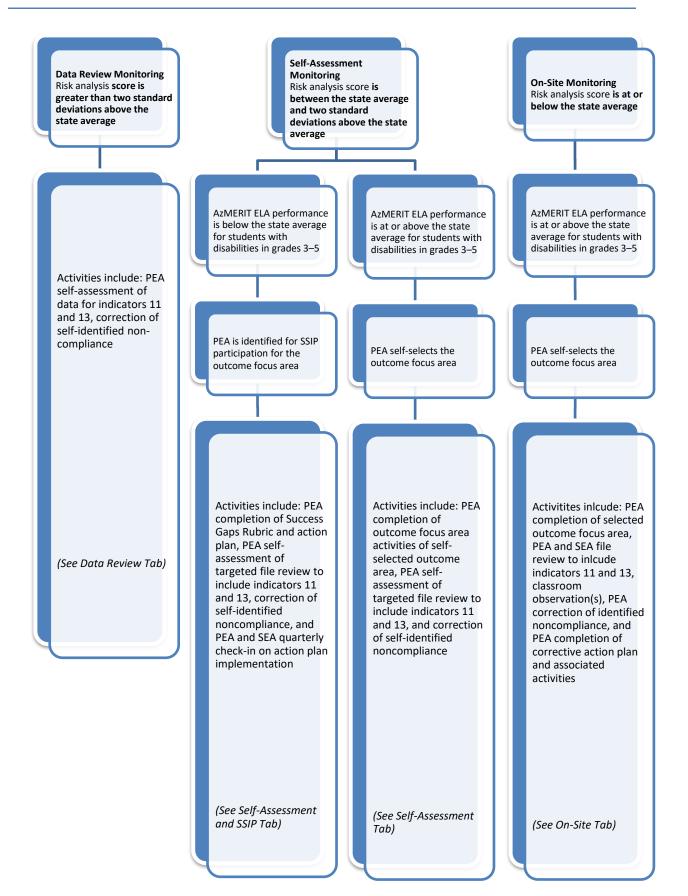
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Introduction

States have a responsibility under federal law to have a system of general supervision. The main purpose of the system is to monitor the implementation of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). The U.S. Department of Education's Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) has identified several components related to general supervision: Policies, Procedures, and Implementation (compliance); State Systemic Improvement Plan (SSIP); Outcomes for Results-Driven Accountability (RDA); Fiscal Management; and Targeted Technical Assistance (TA) and Professional Development (PD).

In order for the State to have an effective system of general supervision, that system must support practices that improve educational results by using multiple methods to identify and correct noncompliance and by encouraging and supporting improvement while enforcing compliance. The Arizona Department of Education, Exceptional Student Services (ADE/ESS), views effectiveness as

- Correctly implementing the specific regulatory requirements of the statutes and
- Ensuring quality learning and life outcomes for students.

Targeted technical assistance and professional development are ongoing activities and are a major part of the ADE/ESS general supervision system. Technical assistance is designed to link directly to indicators in the State Performance Plan/Annual Performance Report (SPP/APR) and to improve the level of compliance in Arizona public education agencies (PEAs). Throughout the six-year monitoring cycle, PEAs can access and request targeted technical assistance in order to improve compliance systems and student outcomes. Technical assistance ranges from on-site staff training to webinars and statewide conferences. Technical assistance documents are also available online or through the Program Support and Monitoring (PSM) specialist assigned to each PEA.

General Supervision—The ADE/ESS general supervision system is based upon requirements from OSEP. The components of this system are aligned to the Part B SPP/APR Related Requirements. The Related Requirements document includes a list of monitoring priorities and indicators and the requirements from the statutes and regulations related to each priority and indicator.

| Activity | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Provide Technical Assistance | V | ٧ | ٧ | V | V | V |
| Review PEA Data | V | ٧ | ٧ | V | V | V |
| Annual Site Visit (File Review for <u>TA purposes</u> and Indicator data collection) | ٧ | ٧ | ٧ | | ٧ | ٧ |
| Review PEA Policies and Procedures | V | | | V | | |
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| PEA Completes Indicator 8 Parent Survey | V | ٧ | ٧ | V | V | V |
| Prepare for Monitoring | | | V | | | |
| Conduct Monitoring Activities | | | | V | | |
| Complete Corrective Action | | | | | V | |

The general supervision system is structured around technical assistance and monitoring activities that occur over a six-year period as follows:

ADE/ESS uses methods and procedures to implement the monitoring system that are consistent, but flexible, in order to adapt to the varying needs of children, educational settings, and administrative realities. A PEA's monitoring schedule may be adjusted and monitoring activities assigned anytime data indicate broad issues across systems. Specific components for each step in the monitoring system are detailed in this document.

ESS Monitoring Model

The Arizona monitoring system was revised in 2017 to bring into balance the focus on data outcomes for each public education agency (PEA) and procedural compliance requirements. The monitoring system combines compliance and results in the review of PEA policies, procedures, and practices. Components of the six-year monitoring cycle include a yearly review of OSEP's compliance and results Indicators 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14. Student file data are reviewed for every PEA each year.

The Program Support and Monitoring (PSM) specialist assigned to the school district or charter school will meet with the PEA director each spring to discuss the PEA data and to plan for any upcoming monitoring activities when the PEA is scheduled for monitoring the following year. Please see Appendix B for the Risk Analysis Tool used to review data.

Arizona has a six-year cycle for monitoring with assigned monitoring activities always occurring in Year 4 of the cycle. However, ESS can adjust a PEA's monitoring year any time systemic concerns arise, including evidence that a certificated special education teacher is not employed by the PEA. Conversely, PEAs that maintain exceptional data may have less intensive monitoring activities assigned because the data indicate they are meeting state targets. Regardless of the assigned monitoring year or monitoring type, PEAs are required to comply with all requirements under IDEA. There are three monitoring types:

Data Review—is determined by a score of more than two standard deviations above the state average on the risk analysis tool; it is assigned to PEAs whose data consistently reflect outstanding student outcomes and practices that support ongoing compliance with federal and state laws. ESS believes that such programs show compliance sustainability. Such PEAs will be required to review Indicators 11 (Child Find—initial evaluation timeline) and 13 (Secondary Transition) as part of the collection of APR data.

<u>Self-Assessment</u>—is determined by a score falling between the state average and two standard deviations above the state average score on the risk analysis tool; it is assigned when a PEA shows evidence of strong programs but has inconsistency in a few areas in which data do not meet the state target. The self-assessment provides an opportunity for the PEA to analyze issues in-depth and to find solutions for improvement and sustainability. The targeted review of student files will include indicators 11 and 13. PEAs participating in this type of monitoring will be targeted for participation in SSIP activities if they meet all the following criteria: (1) they service students in grades 3–5, (2) they do not meet the state target in English Language Arts (ELA) proficiency, and (3) they have a special education enrollment in grades 3–5 of ten or more students.

If SSIP criteria do not apply, then PEAs will choose an area to focus on in which they may not be meeting a state target. The PEA will complete activities that will result in the development of an action plan.

<u>**On-Site**</u>—is determined by a score at or below the state average on the risk analysis tool; it is assigned when a PEA shows evidence of broad issues across systems and/or outcomes. On-site monitoring includes a thorough review of procedural requirements as well as a review of student performance data. PEAs participating in this type of monitoring, in conjunction with their PSM specialist, will choose an outcome focus area in which they do not meet a state target to complete an analysis and action plan.

The procedural requirements of IDEA have been tied to the SPP/APR compliance and results indicators shown in the list that follows.

The possible areas of focus for student outcome analysis (Results driven accountability [RDA]) are shown below:

| Graduation | Suspension/Expulsion |
|----------------------|--|
| Dropout | LRE |
| Reading Proficiency | Disproportionality |
| Math Proficiency | Child Find—Initial Evaluation Timeline |
| Secondary Transition | |

Procedural compliance is only one element involved in good outcomes for students; improved student performance is the ultimate goal. Therefore, a PEA participating in an on-site monitoring is required to determine root causes of poor student performance as measured by the SPP/APR results indicators. Each outcome focus area analysis (RDA) is driven by (but not restricted to) the ESS-provided analysis tool.

Arizona has found it beneficial to include PEA staff as active partners with ADE/ESS staff when examining PEA data and especially when examining all components of the on-site monitoring. The PEA and PSM team work together during the on-site monitoring. **The PEA <u>must</u> have an agency team, including PEA employee(s), as active participants.** Additionally, to ensure accuracy of compliance calls and determination of trend data, the on-site monitoring can not be completed via electronic file review.

For all assigned monitoring types, ongoing technical assistance plays a significant role in the general supervision of PEAs in Arizona. PSM specialists conduct annual visits with each assigned PEA to review a sample of the PEA's student files, including data related to Indicators 11 (Child Find), 12 (Part C to Part B Transition), and 13 (Secondary Transition). When a PEA is not achieving 100% compliance on the three indicators, specialists give feedback and technical assistance. Program specialists also provide ongoing technical assistance related to any other issues and questions that may arise. Targeted training is provided when files and data indicate a need.

ESS Fiscal Support for Monitoring

Limited fiscal support for monitoring activities will be made available for PEAs in self-assessment and on-site monitoring. Support will be provided through individually developed contracts between the PEA and ADE.

A PEA must complete the contract and have it approved PRIOR to the monitoring start date. Contracts that are not approved by the monitoring start date may not be funded.

| Special Education Student Count | On-Site | Self-Assessment | |
|---------------------------------|---------|-----------------|--|
| 1,000 or more | \$2,000 | ¢1 500 | |
| 501–999 | \$1,500 | \$1,500 | |
| 500 and fewer | \$1,000 | \$1,000 | |

Maximum Contract Amount by Monitoring Type

Monitoring Incentives

Monitoring incentives are earned when a PEA successfully completes the data review or self-assessment monitoring.

Year 4—Data Review or Self-Assessment

| Status | Outcome |
|---|--|
| Data Review —100% compliance on Indicators 11 and 13 | Two entries into a lottery for a paid registration to either the Directors' Institute or the Transition Conference |
| Self-Assessment—Successful and timely completion of performance tasks with all supporting documentation compliant | One entry into a lottery for a paid registration to either the Directors' Institute or the Transition Conference |

Year 5—Corrective Action Plan Closeout

| Status | Outcome | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Closed within one year | Congratulatory letter and certificate | | |
| Not closed within one year | Enforcement actions until compliance is achieved | | |

Enforcement Actions

If a PEA is unable to complete the Corrective Action Plan (CAP) and correct all identified noncompliance within a year from the date of the Written Notification of Findings letter, one or more of the following enforcement actions will be taken, based upon the severity of the remaining noncompliance:

ESS development of a prescribed CAP with required activities and timelines to address the continuing noncompliance.

Enforcement of CAP activities as outlined in the current agency CAP.

Review and revision of the current CAP to develop targeted activities that address the continuing noncompliance.

Special monitor selection.

Interruption of IDEA payments until adequate compliance is achieved. For charter schools not receiving IDEA funds, a request for withholding of 10% of state funds.

For charter schools, a request to the appropriate board for a notice of intent to revoke the charter.

With Arizona State Board of Education approval, interruption of Group B weighted state aid or redirection of funds pursuant to 34 C.F.R §300.227(a).

Request to the attorney general for assistance in law enforcement.

*PEAs are entitled to request a hearing if they wish to challenge the enforcement action(s).

Calls, Findings, and Corrective Action Plans

A **"call"** related to a PEA's compliance status is made for every line item in the monitoring. Line items are those monitoring items included on all forms in the monitoring manual. Each line item is composed of multiple components. Any one component within a line item that is found to be noncompliant generates a call of noncompliance for that line item. If multiple components within the line item are found to be noncompliant, a single **finding** for that line item will be generated (i.e., the line item will be found noncompliant), as opposed to a finding being generated for each single component.

At the conclusion of all monitoring activities, teams review data that are compiled into a report called the draft Summary of Findings (SOF). There are 17 possible "findings" in the ADE/ESS monitoring process. A **finding** occurs when a PEA is found to be less than 100% compliant for any line item. The formal notification of findings resulting from the monitoring (which starts the one-year corrective-action timeline) is done in the form of a letter mailed no later than 30 days following the completion of all monitoring activities. The citation related to the area of noncompliance, along with a description of the qualitative and/or quantitative data, is included in the notification.

A **Corrective Action Plan** (CAP) is developed by the PEA with guidance from the ESS team to address the correction of findings of noncompliance.

The development of a CAP, which includes activities for improvement, is required for all line items that are less than 90% compliant. For those line items that are 90%–99% compliant, corrective action activities are not required; however, individual student-specific files involved require correction, and subsequent file reviews will occur during the corrective action year to ensure that 100% compliance and sustainability have been achieved for all items that were noncompliant.

<u>Corrective action is not complete and the monitoring cannot be closed until all findings are verified as</u> <u>corrected in accordance with the OSEP 09-02 Memo, including:</u>

1. <u>the correction of all individual instances of noncompliance, including student-specific noncompliance,</u> <u>and</u>

2. <u>verification that the PEA is correctly implementing the specific regulatory requirements.</u>

While the correction of noncompliance is a requirement of monitoring, an additional area of focus for ADE/ESS centers on program improvement. Throughout the monitoring activities, PEAs are expected to examine their processes and systems in order to focus on improving programs while also correcting instances of noncompliance. This examination by PEAs is subject to validation and verification by ADE/ESS.

Instructions for Corrective Action Close-Out

All line items found to be noncompliant at the conclusion of monitoring require correction. Line items that are considered to be FAPE prohibitive require that a PEA correct the student file within **60 calendar days** of the Written Notification of Findings letter.

The Individual Report of Noncompliance (IRON) will be generated for all student-specific items found to be noncompliant at the conclusion of the monitoring. A PEA will develop a CAP for all line items that are less than 90% compliant. A PEA also is required to show compliance and sustainability for all items that are between 90–99% compliant at the conclusion of the monitoring even though a specific corrective action plan is not required. The ADE/ESS specialist reviews student-specific and subsequent files during the corrective action year for evidence of 100% compliance and sustainability.

A PEA must correct all noncompliance as soon as possible but no later than one calendar year from the date of the Written Notification of Findings letter. For noncompliant items involving timelines that cannot be corrected, the PEA must still complete the required action (e.g., evaluation) even though it is late. PSM specialists will review subsequent files to ensure a PEA's understanding of the issues and compliance in the files.

A PEA designates activities to complete in order to implement systems ensuring compliance. These CAP activities will be monitored and verified through the corrective action year. Completion of activities and verification of activities is required to close out the corrective action. The PEA and the assigned PSM specialist will work together to verify these activities.

Summary of Steps

- The ESS program specialist schedules a minimum of three monitoring follow-up verification visits or desk audits with the PEA director to review documentation, provide technical assistance, and update the compliance status during the year of the CAP. At least one visit will focus on 60-day corrective action items. Additional visits will be scheduled as needed, based on the PEA's level of progress toward CAP completion.
- The PEA must ensure that all items found to be out of compliance during the monitoring are brought into compliance. This includes all items that were less than 100% compliant.
- During the CAP follow-ups, the PSM specialist will review the correction of student-specific items from the monitoring.
- During the follow-ups, the PSM specialist will verify completion of PEA developed CAP activities outlined in the PEA's CAP.
- Additionally, the PSM specialist will review a representative sample of subsequent files to ensure that compliance has been achieved and is being sustained.
- The monitoring will be closed once a PEA has evidenced sustainability related to all findings (<u>student-specific and systemic</u>) that were less than 100% compliant during the monitoring.

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DATA REVIEW MONITORING

Instructions for Data Review Monitoring

PEAs completing the data review as their monitoring activity must submit the completed **Data Review** student file review forms to the ESS program specialist for acceptance on or before May 8, 2020. PEAs are expected to conduct a genuine, thorough review of files and to provide evidence of the correction of self-identified noncompliance from the file reviews. The focus of the reviews will be Indicators 11 & 13, Child Find (initial evaluation timeline) and Secondary Transition, as applicable.

- The Data Review monitoring is assigned when the PEA Risk Analysis Tool comprehensive score is more than one and one-half standard deviations above the state average.
- The ESS specialist provides the PEA with the Data Review student file review form, which focuses on Indicator 11 (Child Find—initial evaluation timeline) and Indicator 13 (Secondary Transition).
- > The Data Review timeline begins on **September 30, 2019**.
- The initial targeted student file review results are due to the ESS program specialist on or before January 13, 2020. This is done by submitting the completed Data Review student file forms via mail, in person, or by scanning and emailing.
- The PEA must review <u>all</u> initial evaluations completed within the past year and <u>all</u> IEPs for students 16 years of age and older (if either is applicable, based on the size of the PEA).
- ESS Program Support and Monitoring (PSM) completes a sample validation of compliance calls. The PSM specialist will ask for a sample of the files that were reviewed to validate calls made by the PEA.
- The PSM specialist provides feedback to the PEA on the validation of the PEA's calls within two weeks of the PEA's submission of the targeted file reviews.
- Based on the PSM specialist feedback, the PEA may need to review/change initial compliance calls on files reviewed.
- The PEA corrects each instance of self-identified noncompliance and reviews subsequent files to show sustainability.
- > The PSM specialist verifies the correction of self-identified noncompliance.
- The PEA must submit the final student file form documentation, including the correction of any selfidentified noncompliance on or before May 8, 2020.
- > The monitoring will be closed if all items are compliant by May 8, 2020.
- If there are any findings of noncompliance identified at the conclusion of the monitoring activities, ESS will issue a written notification of findings and the PEA will develop a corrective action plan in collaboration with the PSM specialist.

- Items that are considered detrimental to the PEA's ability to provide FAPE to students require that a PEA correct the student file within 60 calendar days of the Written Notification of Findings letter; enforcement activities will apply if the timeline is not met.
- There is a one-year timeline for correction of all individual instances of noncompliance; enforcement activities will apply if the timeline is not met.

Special Education Data Review File Sample Selection

PEA: _____

| Number of students in special education | 10 or Fewer | 11–100 | 101–250 | 251–500 | 501 or more |
|--|-------------|--------|---------|---------|----------------|
| Number of eligible student files | All | 11–20 | 20–30 | 30–40 | 40–55+ |
| Initial evaluations of students found not eligible (for line item II.A.5 only) | 2 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 12+ |

Select a representative sample of files based upon your student population. This sample should include the following specific kinds of files, as applicable:

- Each school site
- Initial evaluations
- All disability categories
- All service delivery models within the PEA
- English language learners (ELLs)
- Students who are 16 years of age or older (Indicator 13)
- Students in dropout recovery programs
- Out-of-district placements (ASDB, private day school, and residential placement)
- Students from an elementary-only district that are tuitioned (not open enrolled) to a neighboring unified or high school district
- Students phased out of special education services
- Students who have been suspended, have been expelled, or have moved to an IAES for longer than 10 days
- Students initially evaluated and found not eligible (Indicator 11)
- Preschool students

Additional items needed for the monitoring:

- List of student files to be reviewed (Please use the DRM-3 form)
- Copy of the data review section of the Arizona Monitoring Manual (available online)
- Guide Steps for each PEA team member
- Copy of current SPED 72 report from AzEDS
- Documentation of systems of referral in place for children from birth to 5 years (including AzEIP referral and/or the district of residence)
- Hearing and vision screenings (if not maintained in student file)
- Home language surveys (if not maintained in student file)
- Copy of language proficiency assessments (if not maintained in student file)
- Current progress reports

The following matrix may be used to assist you in determining the sample to be selected for the monitoring.

| Service Delivery Options | A | E D | E D P | 0 I | M D | M D S S I | M I D | M O I D | S I D | O H I | T B I | H | V I | S L D | S L I | D D | P S D |
|--|---|--------|-------------|--------|--------|-----------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|-------|-------------|---|--------|-------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| Included in general education class | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80% or more of the day (A) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Included in general education | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| classroom between 40% and 79% of | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| the school day (B) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Included in general education | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| classroom for less than 40% of the | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| school day | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (C) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PEA-operated special school (D) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tuitioned to other public school (D) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Private day school (D) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Private residential (E, EA, EB, or EC) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Homebound/hospital/institution | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| settings (H) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ASDB/PDSD (D) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

PEA: _____

A 3

Date of Review: _____

List all student files and indicate the purpose of review for each file selected.

| Student Last Name, First Initial SSID | DOB | School or Teacher | Eligibility Category | Initial Eval | Initial Eval Did Not Qualify | Pre-K | English Language Learner (ELL) | Dropout Recovery Program (DRP) | Approved Private Day | Secondary Transition/ Elementary Tuitioned Out to Neighboring HS | Phased Out | Suspended / Expelled | Reviewer Signature or Initials |
|---|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-------|---|---|----------------------------|--|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Data Review Student Form

| SSID No: | SSID No: DOB: | | | Student: _ | | | Eligibility: | | | | |
|------------|---------------------------|-------------|---|--|-----------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ethnicity: | | | School: | Teacher: _ | | | Monitor: | | | | |
| Primary h | ome language | e indicated | by the parent | Language in which the student is most proficient | | | | | | | |
| | | Ev | aluation/Reevaluation | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | | | |
| PEA ✓ | Line Item II.A.5 | I-O-U | For initial evaluation, the student was evaluated | | Line item | | The student's course of study supports the identified postsecondary goal(s) | | | | |
| # of days | | | within 60 calendar days. # of days over: Reason: 60-Day | | | | Documentation of annual IEP goal(s) that will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goal(s) | | | | |
| | | Individ | ualized Education Program | | | | Documentation that the student was invited to meeting | | | | |
| | III.A.1 III.A.6 | | Current IEP (date:) 60-Day For students 16 years of age or older, documentation of required postsecondary components. 60-Day | | | | Evidence that a representative of another agency that is likely to provide and/or pay for transition services has been invited to the meeting when parent consent is | | | | |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals No evidence of goals Goal content not postsecondary Not measurable Required goal areas not addressed | | | | obtained | | | | |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals updated annually | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Documentation that the postsecondary goals were derived from age-appropriate assessment(s) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Documentation of one or more transition services/activities that support the postsecondary goal(s) | | | | | | | | |
| Comment | t(s) | | | | | | | | | | |

Α4

Tab Insert

SELF-ASSESSMENT MONITORING

Self-Assessment Monitoring

The monitoring system combines compliance and results components in the review of PEA policies, procedures, and practices. Components of the six-year monitoring cycle include a yearly review of the U.S. Department of Education (USED) Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) compliance and results Indicators 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13. Student file data are reviewed for every PEA each year.

The assigned Program Support and Monitoring (PSM) specialist will meet with the PEA director each spring to discuss the PEA data and to plan for any upcoming monitoring activities when the PEA is scheduled for monitoring the following year.

- In Year 3 (the preparatory year), the PSM specialist and PEA director will review the Risk Analysis Tool (see Appendix B) and, when the data indicate, decide that the PEA will conduct a Self-Assessment monitoring in Year 4.
- In Year 4, the PSM specialist will provide the PEA with the required electronic Self-Assessment forms to document activities and to use for student file reviews that are specific to the PEA's outcome area(s).
- No later than October 11, 2019, the PEA to be monitored will select student files to be reviewed that are a representative sample of the district/charter. The PEA will then submit the list of students to the PSM specialist (you may use SAM-2 and SAM-3), including information regarding DOB, disability, campus, initial evaluation, and postsecondary transition (16 years of age or older).
- > The PEA will conduct student file reviews using the forms provided by the PSM specialist.
- Throughout the monitoring process, the PEA will consult with the PSM specialist on using the Guide Steps to ensure that accurate calls are made on the student forms.
- The PEA will submit the completed student forms and required outcome area action plan and analysis to the PSM specialist no later than **November 15, 2019**. This submission of the required documents can be done electronically or via mail.
- Information on the student forms must be specific enough to determine the reasons for each "OUT" call on the line item of the Self-Assessment Student Forms. Note that each individual instance of PEA-identified noncompliance will require evidence of correction before the monitoring process is complete. The evidence of correction must be submitted with the final submission.
- The PSM specialist will request copies of a representative sample of student files with enough information provided to verify the PEA's calls no later than December 6, 2019.

- > The PEA will **submit** the requested files by **December 13, 2019**.
- The PSM specialist will complete a sample validation of the compliance calls and provide feedback on the accuracy of calls made by the PEA no later than January 3, 2020.
- The PEA will correct each individual instance of noncompliance. The PEA will also review subsequent files, focusing on those line items that were identified as noncompliant, to determine sustainability of compliant practices.
- To determine the number of subsequent files to be reviewed, the PSM specialist and the PEA will consider the extent of the noncompliance from the initial file review—whether noncompliance was extensive (e.g., 18 of 21 files) or less extensive (e.g., 3 of 21 files); they will also consider the frequency of out-of-compliance items that affect FAPE (which are shown on the Student Form as 60-day items). Note: compliance must be demonstrated in subsequent files in order to finalize and complete the monitoring.
- The PEA will complete and electronically submit an update on progress related to the outcome focus area (optional status report form can be utilized) no later than March 6, 2020. This may include any changes to policies, procedures, and practices based on the technical assistance provided after the PSM specialist validates the calls.
- The PEA will submit the final student file form documentation, including subsequently completed files and corrected noncompliance on or before May 8, 2020.
- The PSM specialist will verify the correction of the PEA-identified noncompliance and validate the compliance calls made in subsequent files.
- The PEA will submit final progress and status on outcome focus area activities and analysis (optional completion report can be utilized) no later than May 8, 2020.
- If there are any findings of noncompliance identified at the conclusion of the monitoring activities, ESS will issue a written notification of findings and the PEA will develop a corrective action plan in collaboration with the PSM specialist.
- Items that are considered detrimental to the PEA's ability to provide FAPE to students require that a PEA correct the student file within 60 calendar days of the Written Notification of Findings letter; enforcement activities will apply if the timeline is not met.
- There is a one-year timeline for correction of all individual instances of noncompliance; enforcement activities will apply if the timeline is not met.

Self-Assessment Forms Guidance

Required

Outcome Focus Area Analysis—Specifically created for each of the outcome focus areas

- **Self-Assessment Student Form**—Specifically created form required for each file review focus area (The forms contain line items that are tied to the Self-Assessment outcome focus areas. The Student Form is required for both the initial file reviews and the subsequent file reviews.)
- **Summary of Performance Worksheet**—Specifically used for the following outcome focus areas: graduation rate, dropout rate, post-school outcomes, and postsecondary transition

Optional

- **Self-Assessment Planning and Tracking Form**—Specifically created multipurpose document that may be used throughout the Self-Assessment process by both the PEA and the PSM specialist to track and document progress
- **SAM-2/SAM-3**—Specifically created forms used to establish the number of files to be reviewed during the Self-Assessment process; using these two forms will also assist the PEA in ensuring that a representative sample of student files is selected
- **Status Report Form**—Specifically created as an update report form for PEAs to document and electronically submit progress reports on the Self-Assessment activities for the required status reporting dates
- **Self-Assessment Completion Report**—Specifically created final report format for outcome focus area for PEAs to use as a framework for the final submission of the Self-Assessment(s); includes analysis of the findings from files and evaluation of the monitoring process

- It is strongly recommended that PEAs submit documents BEFORE required timelines. This allows the PEA more opportunity to receive additional feedback from the PSM specialist ensuring accurate and timely completion of each activity.
- PEAs must address all items on the Outcome Focus Area analysis and action plan for the identified focus area.
- Each document submitted during the Self-Assessment process must be individualized, both for each PEA and for the PEA's identified Self-Assessment focus area.
- > The Self-Assessment timeline officially begins on **September 30, 2019**.
- Updates and progress for the PEA's outcome focus area will be electronically submitted to the PSM specialist on or before the required dates utilizing the tools associated with the specific outcome focus area.
- PSM specialists will validate calls related to the file review component of the Self-Assessment to ensure that calls have been made in accordance with the Guide Steps in the Monitoring Manual.
- The PEA should consider all elements of the process when developing outcome focus area analysis. Statements to the effect of "No problems noted," would not be considered genuine or thorough. It is possible that the process may take a PEA above and beyond addressing only the required items, and it is expected that such progressions would be explored and documented.
- The final Self-Assessment outcome focus area analysis update and supporting documentation must be submitted on or before May 8, 2020. The supporting documentation must include evidence that each individual case of noncompliance from the initial file reviews and the subsequent file reviews has been corrected. This subsequent file review and correction will show that the improvements are sustainable.
- The PSM specialist will verify the correction of all noncompliance and review a representative sample of the subsequent file reviews to ensure compliance and sustainability.
- After the PEA submits the Self-Assessment outcome focus area analysis and supporting documentation, ESS will evaluate the analysis and action plan.

- If there are any findings of noncompliance identified at the conclusion of the monitoring activities, ESS will issue a written notification of findings and the PEA will develop a corrective action plan in collaboration with the PSM specialist.
- There is a one-year timeline for correction of noncompliance; enforcement activities will apply if the timeline is not met.

All required forms and reports must be received by the PSM specialist by the ADE close of business (5:00 p.m.) on the specified due dates.

PEAs are encouraged to engage in FREQUENT COMMUNICATION with their PSM specialist to ensure the ACCURACY of their calls throughout the self-assessment process.

Special Education Self-Assessment File Sample Selection

PEA:_____

| Number of students in special education | 10 or Less | 11–100 | 101–250 | 251–500 | 501 or more |
|--|------------|--------|---------|---------|-------------|
| Number of eligible student files | All | 11–20 | 20–30 | 30–40 | 40–55+ |
| Initial evaluations of students found not eligible (for line item II.A.5 only) | 2 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 12+ |

Select a representative sample of files based upon your student population. This may include the following variables, if they are applicable:

- Each school site
- Initial placements
- All disability categories
- All service delivery models within the PEA
- English language learners (ELLs)
- Students who are 16 years of age or older (Indicator 13—Secondary Transition)
- Students in dropout recovery programs
- Students from an elementary-only district that are tuitioned (not open enrolled) to a neighboring unified or high school district
- Out-of-district placements (ASDB, private day school, and residential placement)
- Students phased out of special education services
- Students who have been suspended, been expelled, or moved to an IAES for longer than 10 days
- Students initially evaluated and found not eligible (Indicator 11—Child Find)
- Preschool students

Additional items needed for the monitoring:

- List of student files to be reviewed (please use the SAM-3 form)
- Copy of the self-assessment section of the Arizona Monitoring Manual (available online)
- Guide Steps for each PEA team member
- Copy of current SPED 72 report from AzEDS
- Documentation of systems of referral in place for children birth to 5 years to AzEIP or the district of residence
- Hearing and vision screenings (if not maintained in student files)
- Home language surveys (if not maintained in student files)
- Copy of language proficiency assessments (if not maintained in student files)
- Current progress reports

The following matrix may be used to assist you in determining the sample to be selected for the monitoring:

| Service Delivery Options | A | E D | E D P | 0 I | M D | M D S S I | M I D | M O I D | S I D | 0 H I | T B I | H | V I | S L D | S L I | D D | P S D |
|--|---|--------|-------------|--------|--------|-----------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---|--------|-------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| Included in general education class 80% or more of the day (SC-A) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Included in general education classroom between 40% and 79% of the school day (SC-B) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Included in general education classroom for less than 40% of the school day (SC- C) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PEA-operated special school (SC-D) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tuitioned to other public school (SC-D) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Private day school (SC-D) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Private residential (SC-E, EA, EB, or EC) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Homebound/hospital/institutional settings (SC-H) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ASDB/PDSD (SC-D) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

PEA: _____

B 4

Date of Review: _____

List all student files and indicate the purpose of review for each file selected.

| Student Last Name, First Initial SSID | DOB | School or Teacher | Eligibility Category | Initial Eval | Initial Eval Did Not Qualify | Pre-K | English Language Learner (ELL) | Dropout Recovery Program (DRP) | Approved Private Day | Secondary Transition/ Elementary Tuitioned Out to Neighboring HS | Phased Out | Suspended / Expelled | Reviewer Signature or Initials |
|---|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-------|---|---|----------------------------|--|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| 2. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| SSID | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Optional PEA Status Report Form

(to be completed by the PEA)

PEA: _____ Spec

Specialist: _____

Outcome Focus Area: _____

First Status Report: (due no later than 11/15/19)

Second Status Report: (due no later than 03/06/20)

Optional PEA Self-Assessment Final Report

Outcome Focus Area: _______
PEA: ______ Submitted: _______
ESS Specialist: ______

Document and/or attach the results from the outcome focus area analysis:

Optional PEA Self-Assessment Final Report

Outcome Focus Area: ______
PEA: ______ Submitted: ______
ESS Specialist: _____

Taking the Self-Assessment process into consideration, what does the PEA team believe to be the most valuable aspect/outcome? What would you change about the Self-Assessment process?

Optional PEA Self-Assessment Tracking Form

| PEA: | Outcome Focus Area: | Speci | ialist: | |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Required Completion Date | Performance Task | Responsible PEA Team Member(s) | Projected Completion Date | Actual Completion Date |
| No Later Than 10/11/19 | Select student files to be reviewed that are a representative sample of the district/charter | | | |
| 10/11/13 | • Submit the list of students to the PSM specialist (using SAM-2 and SAM-3) | | | |
| | Complete initial file reviews | | | |
| No Later Than | Submit copies of completed student file forms to PSM specialist | | | |
| 11/15/19 | Submit completed outcome focus area and action plan to PSM specialist electronically | | | |
| No Later Than 12/06/19 | PSM specialist will request sample of student files to validate accuracy of calls | | | |
| No Later Than 12/13/19 | Send requested student files to PSM specialist | | | |
| No Later Than | PSM specialist will provide feedback on validation of accuracy of calls made in initial file review | | | |
| Than 1/03/20 | PSM specialist will provide feedback on outcome focus area and action plan | | | |

Optional PEA Self-Assessment Tracking Form

| EA: | Outcome Focus Area: | Spe | cialist: | |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Required Completion Date | Performance Task | Responsible PEA Team Member(s) | Projected Completion Date | Actual Completion Date |
| | Review initial file review and make necessary changes to calls based on feedback provided by PSM specialist validation | | | |
| No Later | Correct all individual instances of noncompliance identified in the initial file review | | | |
| Than 03/06/20 | Document progress on outcome focus area analysis and related action plan (include the impact of data collected from file review and changes made to practices) | | | |
| | Submit status report to PSM specialist | | | |
| | Submit subsequent student file review forms—all line items must meet regulatory requirements | | | |
| No Later | Submit student forms from the initial file review noting corrections made based on validation feedback from PSM specialist and self-identified noncompliance | | | |
| Than 05/08/20 | Submit updates and tasks completed related to the outcome focus area analysis, including link to file review results. | | | |

analysis, including link to file review results
 Within 1 week of PEA submission of student file forms, PSM specialist will request a sample of student files for verification of compliance (sample will include files from initial review—both validated and not validated files—and subsequent files)

July 2019

В 7

Graduation Self-Assessment Student Form

| SSID No: | SSID No: | | DOB: | Student: _ | | | Eligibility: |
|-------------|--|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|------------|--|
| Ethnicity: | | | School: | Teacher: _ | | | Monitor: |
| Primary hor | me language i | indicated k | by the parent: | Language ir | n which the stu | udent is m | ost proficient: |
| | | Eva | aluation/Reevaluation | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
| PEA ✔ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | | | Measurable annual goals related to PLAAFP |
| | II.A.1 | | Current evaluation 60-Day For initial evaluation, the student was evaluated | | | | Documentation of eligibility for alternate assessment, if appropriate 60- Day |
| | ☐ II.A.5 For initial evaluation, the stu within 60 calendar days # of days over: | | within 60 calendar days | | | | For students eligible for alternate assessments only, short-term instructional objectives or benchmarks |
| | | | Reason: 60-Day | | | | Current progress report includes progress toward goals (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) D No description of timeline Goals not measurable |
| _ | III.A.1 | Individu | ualized Education Program | | | | Goals not measurable Not done in accordance with timeline Not reflective of measurement criteria in goal |
| | III.A.1 | | Current IEP (date:) 60- Day IEP review/revision and participants | | III.A.4 | | Individualized services to be provided |
| | | | IEP reviewed/revised annually (previous date:) | | | | Special education services to be provided (If "Out", indicate missing requirement) □ Not specially designed instruction (SDI) |
| | | | IEP team meeting included required participants (if "no" indicate missing members) Parent PEA Representative Gen Ed Teacher Test Results Special Ed Teacher Interpreter | | | | Not specially designed instruction (SDI) No documentation of why SDI is provided by other personnel No documentation of certified special education personnel in planning, progress monitoring, or delivery of SDI |
| | III.A.3 | | General required components of IEP are included | | | | Special education teacher not certified Other provider not certified (District Only) |
| | | | IEP has PLAAFP (refer to guide steps) | | | | Consideration of related services |
| COMMENT | S: | | | | | | |

B8

Graduation Self-Assessment Student Form

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|------------|---|-------|-----------|-------|---|
| | | | Consideration of supplementary aids, services, program modifications | | | | The student's course of study supports the identified postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | Consideration of supports for school personnel | | | | Documentation of annual IEP goal(s) that will |
| | | | Location, frequency, and duration of services and modifications | | | | reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) Location | | | | Documentation that the student was invited to meeting |
| | | | □ Frequency □ Duration | | | | Evidence that a representative of another agency that is likely to provide and/or pay for transition services has |
| | | | Extent to which student will not participate with nondisabled peers | | | | been invited to the meeting when parent consent is obtained |
| | | | Sped 72 matches LRE | | III.A.7 | | Documentation of additional postsecondary transition components |
| | | ndary Tran | sition Line Items (III.A.6 & III.A.7) | | | | Progress reporting for services/activities |
| | III.A.6 | | For students 16 years of age or older, documentation of required postsecondary components. 60-Day | | | | By age 17, a statement of rights to transfer at age 18 |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals D No evidence of goals Goal content not postsecondary Not measurable Required goal areas not addressed | | III.A.8 | | IEP reflects student educational needs 60-Day |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals updated annually | | | | |
| | | | Documentation that the postsecondary goals were derived from age-appropriate assessment(s) | | | | |
| | | | Documentation of one or more transition services/activities that support the postsecondary goal(s) | | | | |

COMMENTS:

Β8

Summary of Performance Worksheet

All unified districts and high schools use this section

| | PEA/District | | | | | | | | |
|----|--------------|-----|------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Campus | | | | | | | | |
| | Name | DOB | SSID | III.A.7 Documentation of a summary of performance (I O) | | | | | |
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| | PEA/District | | | | | | | | |
|----|--------------|-----|------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Campus | | | | | | | | |
| | Name | DOB | SSID | III.A.7 Documentation of a summary of performance (I O) | | | | | |
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Graduation Rate Analysis and Action Plan

| Data | Determine if the | Compare the graduation | Review the secondary transition plan for | Review the transcripts | For students who | Review PSO |
|-----------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Review | data for your agency's special education students are reported accurately. | rates for general education students with the rates for special education students. If the general education rate exceeds the special education rate, develop some hypotheses as to the reasons for the difference. | each special education student who did not graduate, using the Graduation Rate Student Form. Determine if each transition plan contained all the required components, such as transition assessments, measurable postsecondary goals, transition services and activities, an annual IEP goal to support the postsecondary goal(s), evidence of parent/student consent and invitation to outside agency if team determined such services were needed, courses of study, and that the measurable postsecondary goals were updated annually. Document any interventions that were made to promote graduation for each student(s). | and courses of study for the students who did not graduate to determine if any patterns emerge from the group. Report the results of that review for any group of students with similar transcript history. | dropped out, review when the first transition plan was put in place. Were the plans in place long enough to be meaningful for the student? Are there trends identified? Document all findings. | data. Report any trends identified. |
| Findings | | | | | | |
| Evidence | | | | | | |
| Supports and Services | Determine what strategies, if any, were used to connect students (who later failed to graduate) with programs and/or agencies that support students who are at risk. Include a description of the strategies. | Describe how transition services were provided to each student receiving special education services during the twelve months preceding the academic year for which numbers indicate an unusually low graduation rate. If transition services were provided to some students and not others, indicate what those services were and report how the provision of transition services correlated to the likelihood of graduation. | Describe the agency's participation in any school/district-wide initiative to increase the rate of graduation. | Describe any PD offered to staff related to graduation or transition planning. (Include date provided, provider, content, and participants.) Review staff associated with transition plans for those students who dropped out. Were the staff included in the training those who were also associated with the transition planning for these students? Are there trends identified? | Describe any unique or special circumstances that the ADE/ESS unit needs to know in order to understand why your agency's graduation rates for students with IEPs are low. | |

| Findings | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Evidence | | | | | | | | | |
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| Problem S | tatement(s): | | | | | | | | |
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July 2019

Dropout Self-Assessment Student Form

| SSID No: _ | | | DOB: | Student: _ | | | Eligibility: |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|-------------|-----------------|------------|--|
| Ethnicity: | | | School: | Teacher: | | | Monitor: |
| Primary hon | ne language | indicated k | by the parent: | Language ii | n which the stu | udent is m | ost proficient: |
| | | Eva | aluation/Reevaluation | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | | | Measurable annual goals related to PLAAFP |
| | II.A.1 | | Current evaluation 60-Day | | | | Documentation of eligibility for alternate assessment, if appropriate 60-Day |
| | II.A.5 | | For initial evaluation, the student was evaluated within 60 calendar days # of days over: | | | | For students eligible for alternate assessments only, short-term instructional objectives or benchmarks |
| | | Individu | Reason: 60-Day ualized Education Program | | | | Current progress report includes progress toward goals (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) D No description of timeline Goals not measurable Not done in accordance with timeline |
| | III.A.1 | | Current IEP (date:) 60-Day | | | | □ Not able in accordance with timeline □ Not reflective of measurement criteria in goal |
| | III.A.2 | | IEP review/revision and participants | | III.A.4 | | Individualized services to be provided |
| | | | IEP reviewed/revised annually (previous date:) | | | | Special education services to be provided (If "out", indicate missing requirement) D Not specially designed instruction (SDI) |
| | | | IEP team meeting included required participants (if "no", indicate missing members) Parent PEA Representative Gen Ed Teacher Test Results Special Ed Teacher Interpreter | | | | No documentation of why SDI is provided by other personnel No documentation of certified special education personnel in planning, progress monitoring, or delivery of SDI |
| | III.A.3 | | General required components of IEP are included | | | | Special education teacher not certified Other provider not certified (District Only) |
| | | | IEP has PLAAFP (refer to guide steps) | | | | Consideration of related services |
| COMMENTS | 5: | | | | | | |

В9

Dropout Self-Assessment Student Form

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|--------|-----------|-------------|---|-------|-----------|-------|---|
| | | | Consideration of supplementary aids, services, program modifications | | | | The student's course of study supports the identified postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | Consideration of supports for school personnel | | | | Documentation of annual IEP goal(s) that will |
| | | | Location, frequency, and duration of services and modifications | | | | reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) Location | | | | Documentation that the student was invited to meeting |
| | | | □ Frequency □ Duration | | | | Evidence that a representative of another agency that is likely to provide and/or pay for transition services has |
| | | | Consideration of the need for extended school year | | | | been invited to the meeting when parent consent is obtained |
| | | | Extent to which student will not participate with nondisabled peers | | III.A.7 | | Documentation of additional postsecondary transition components |
| | | | Sped 72 matches LRE | | | | Progress reporting for services/activities |
| | Seco | ondary Tran | sition Line Items (III.A.6 & III.A.7) | | | | By age 17, a statement of rights to transfer at age 18 |
| | III.A.6 | | For students 16 years of age or older, documentation of required postsecondary components. 60-Day | | III.A.8 | | IEP reflects student educational needs 60-Day |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals No evidence of goals Goal content not postsecondary Not measurable Required goal areas not addressed | | | | |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals updated annually | | | | |
| | | | Documentation that the postsecondary goals were derived from age-appropriate assessment(s) | | | | |
| | | | Documentation of one or more transition services/activities that support the postsecondary goal(s) | | | | |
| COMMEN | TS: | | | | | | |

В9

Summary of Performance Worksheet

All unified districts and high schools use this section

| | PEA/District | | | | | | | | |
|----|--------------|-----|------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Campus | | | | | | | | |
| | Name | DOB | SSID | III.A.7 Documentation of a summary of performance (I O) | | | | | |
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| | PEA/District | | | | | | | | |
|----|--------------|-----|------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Campus | | | | | | | | |
| | Name | DOB | SSID | III.A.7 Documentation of a summary of performance (I O) | | | | | |
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Dropout Rate Analysis and Action Plan

| Data Review | Determine if the data for your agency's special education students are reported accurately. Review the data related to the dropout rates for grades 9–12. | Determine if the agency has an effective procedure to ensure that the exit code for any student who had previously been coded as either "drop out" or "moved, known to be continuing" is changed when the agency receives a request for records from another school. Provide an explanation of this procedure. | Compare the dropout rates for students in general education with the rates for students in special education. If the special education rate exceeds the general education rate, develop a hypothesis for this and then investigate | Review IEP files for students who have dropped out and determine if each transition plan included all of the required components. | Review the transcripts and course of study for students who have dropped out to determine if specific courses, specific grade levels, or other patterns emerge. Report any trends identified. | Review PSO data. Report any trends identified. |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Findings | | | | | | |
| Evidence | | | | | | |
| Supports and Services | Determine what process, if any, was used to connect students (who later dropped out of school) with programs and/or agencies that support students who are at risk of dropping out. | Identify the dropout prevention services the school currently uses. | Describe how transition services are provided to each student receiving special education during the twelve months preceding the dropout in the academic year shown as having an unusually high dropout rate. If transition services were provided to some students and not others, indicate what those services were and report how the school's provision of transition services correlated to the likelihood of a student's graduating. | Describe the agency's participation in any school/ district-wide initiative for dropout prevention. | Describe any outside agency collaborations that are established with the agency and/or individual sites. | |
| Findings | | | | | | |
| Evidence | | | | | | |
| Problem Statement Actionable Cause(s) | | | | | | |
| Goal: | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| SSID No: | DOB: DOB: | | | Student: | | | Eligibility: | | |
|------------|-------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|--------------|---|--|
| Ethnicity: | | | School: | | Teacher: | | | Monitor: | |
| Primary h | ome language | e indicated | by the parent: | | Language in which the student is most proficient: | | | | |
| | Evaluation/Reevaluation | | | | | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | |
| PEA ✔ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | | | | Team determined the student has a specific category of disability 60-Day | |
| | II.A.1 | | Current evaluation 60-Day | | | | | Team determined the student needs special education and related services 60-Day | |
| | | Eligibility considerations Student assessed in all areas related to the suspected disability (including academic, behavior, current vision | | | | Assessments and other evaluation materials are administered in a language and form most likely to yield accurate information 60-Day | | | |
| | | | and hearing status) and for preschool, areas that have not been assessed) 6 | | | | | Sped 72 matches eligibility | |
| | | | □ Vision □ Social/behavioral □ Hearing □ Communications □ Academics □ Assistive tech. □ Cognitive □ Motor skills | al/behavioral munications stive tech. | | | | A—documents a developmental disability that significantly affects verbal and nonverbal communication and social interaction | |
| | | | 8 | or skills er | | | | DD—documents at least 1.5 SD and no more than 3.0 SD below the mean in two or more areas for a child | |
| | | | Performance in educational setting an general curriculum | d progress in | | | | who is at least 3 years of age, but under 10 years of age | |
| | | | Educational needs to access the gener including assistive technology | al curriculum, | | | | ED—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | |
| | | | For reevaluations, additions or modific | rations to the | | | | HI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | |
| | | | special education services are needed to progress in the general curriculum | | | | | HI—documents the language proficiency of the student | |
| | | | The impact of any educational disadva | antage | | | | MIID—documents performance on standard measures | |
| | | | The impact of English language learning on progress in general curriculum | | | | | between 2 and 3 SD below the mean | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

COMMENTS:_____

B10

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|--|-------|-----------|----------|--|
| | | | MOID—documents performance on standard measures between 3 and 4 SD below the mean | | II.A.5 | | For initial evaluation, the student was evaluated within 60 calendar days |
| | | | MD—documents a learning and developmental problem resulting from multiple disabilities 60-Day | | | | # of days over: Reason: 60-Day |
| | | | MDSSI—documents multiple disabilities that include at least one of the following: VI or HI 60-Day | | | Individu | ualized Education Program |
| | | | OHI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | III.A.1 | | Current IEP (date:) 60-Day |
| | | | OI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | III.A.2 | | IEP review/revision and participants |
| | | | PSD—documents more than 3.0 SD below the mean in one or more areas | | | | IEP reviewed/revised annually (previous date:) |
| | | | SLI—documents a communication disorder | | | | IEP team meeting included required participants (if |
| | | | SLD—documents a significant discrepancy between achievement and ability in one of the identified areas or failure to respond to intervention (RTI) | | | | "no", indicate missing members) Parent PEA Representative Gen Ed Teacher Test Results Special Ed Teacher Interpreter |
| | | | SLD—certifies that each team member agrees or disagrees | | III.A.3 | | General required components of IEP are included |
| | | | SLD—documents determination of effects of | | | | IEP has PLAAFP (refer to guide steps) |
| | | | environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage | | | | Measurable annual goals related to PLAAFP |
| | | | SID—documents performance at least 4 SD below the mean | | | | Documentation of eligibility for alternate assessment, if appropriate 60-Day |
| | | | TBI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | For students eligible for alternate assessments only, |
| | | | VI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | short-term instructional objectives or benchmarks |
| | | | VI—documents the results of an individualized Braille assessment for a student who is considered blind | | | | |

COMMENTS:_____

B10

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|---|-------|-----------|-----------|---|
| | | | Current progress report includes progress toward goals | | | | Extent to which student will not participate with nondisabled peers |
| | | | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) □ No description of timeline | | | | Sped 72 matches LRE |
| | | | Goals not measurable Not done in accordance with timeline | | III.A.5 | | Other considerations |
| | | | □ Not reflective of measurement criteria in goal | | | | Consideration of strategies/supports to address behavior that impedes student's learning or that of |
| | III.A.4 | | Individualized services to be provided | | | | others |
| | | | Special education services to be provided (If "out", indicate missing requirement) | | | | Consideration of individual accommodations in testing, if appropriate |
| | | | Not specially designed instruction (SDI) No documentation of why SDI is provided by other personnel No documentation of certified special education personnel in planning, progress monitoring, or delivery of SDI Special education teacher not certified | | | | Consideration of communication needs of the student |
| | | | | | | | Consideration of assistive technology devices and service needs |
| | | | | | | | For ELL students, consideration of language needs related to the IEP |
| | | | Other provider not certified (District Only) | | | | For HI students, consideration of the child's language |
| | | | Consideration of related services | | | | and communication needs |
| | | | Consideration of supplementary aids, services, program modifications | | | Secondary | Transition Line Items (III.A.6) |
| | | | Consideration of supports for school personnel | | III.A.6 | | For students 16 years of age or older, documentation of required postsecondary components 60-Day |
| | | | Location, frequency, and duration of services and modifications (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) Location Frequency Duration | | | | Measurable postsecondary goals No evidence of goals Goal content not postsecondary Not measurable Required goal areas not addressed |
| | | | Consideration of the need for extended school year | | | | Measurable postsecondary goals updated annually |
| COMME | NTS: | | | | | | |

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|--|
| | | | Documentation that the postsecondary goals were derived from age-appropriate assessment(s) |
| | | | Documentation of one or more transition services/activities that support the postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | The student's course of study supports the identified postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | Documentation of annual IEP goal(s) that will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | Documentation that the student was invited to meeting |
| | | | Evidence that a representative of another agency that is likely to provide and/or pay for transition services has been invited to the meeting when parent consent is obtained |
| | III.A.7 | | Documentation of additional postsecondary transition components |
| | | | Progress reporting for services/activities |
| | | | By age 17, a statement of rights to transfer at age 18 |
| | III.A.8 | | IEP reflects student educational needs 60-Day |

COMMENTS:_____

The content of this document has been transcribed from the IDEA Data Centers' Equity, Inclusion, and Opportunity: Addressing Success Gaps – Indicators of Success Rubric Version 3.0

Directions for completing the Success Gaps rubric:

This rubric is designed to help any school or school district identify gaps in performance between groups or subgroups of children or students. We use the term children/students because the review is inclusive of any preschool children enrolled in a school or a district. Detailed instructions and resource materials are included in the Success Gaps tool box located on the resource pages of the <u>IDEA Data Center</u>.

Ideally, this rubric should be completed by a team. Possible team members may be representatives from general education, special education, district leadership, and school-based leadership. The suggested practice for completion of the rubric is to have team members complete the rubric individually, meet to discuss similarities and differences in scoring, then come to consensus on a final score as a team.

Insights gained from completing the rubric will be used to complete the Action Plan template on the final page of this document. As activities in the Action Plan(s) are implemented and successfully sustained, review and update the rubric section(s) to demonstrate progress. To complete this portion of the monitoring activities, submit a copy of the original rubric, the completed Action Plan, and an updated rubric to your Program Support and Monitoring specialist.

1. Data-Based Decision Making

Probing Questions:

Does our school or district identify data elements or quality indicators that are tracked over time to measure school effectiveness?

What are those data elements? Are the data valid and reliable?

Are data disaggregated by child/student demographics such as race, ethnicity, gender, disability, etc. to identify gaps in achievement and performance and trends with over- or underrepresentation in identification, placement, and discipline?

Are data reviewed at regular intervals to determine progress or change?

Are data used to make policy, procedure, and practice decisions in our school?

How regularly do we use these data to inform our decisions?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 1a. Decisions about the school curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports, and school improvement initiatives are based on data. | Decisions about the school curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports and school improvement initiatives are rarely systematically based on data. | Some teachers and programs consistently use valid and reliable data systematically to inform decisions about curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports, and school improvement initiatives. | The data used are valid and reliable. A schoolwide formalized and systematic process is in place to monitor and reinforce the continuous improvement of individual learners, subgroups of learners, initiatives, and programs within the school. It is implemented by some but not all staff. | The data used are valid and reliable. The schoolwide process for data-based decision making is implemented and evident for all children/students and subgroups of children/students, in all classrooms, and is used in decisions about school initiatives or programs, as well. | |

2. Cultural Responsiveness

Probing Questions:

Are school staff prepared to work with children/students from diverse cultural and linguistic backgrounds?

Is our school culture responsive and welcoming to children/students and families from culturally/linguistically diverse groups?

To what degree does our teaching staff reflect the cultural/linguistic makeup of our school's population?

Do school staff understand and value each individual child's and each group's unique cultural values and needs?

Are teachers familiar with the beliefs, values, cultural practices, discourse styles, and other features of children's/students' lives that may have an impact on classroom

participation and success, and are they prepared to use this information in designing instruction?

Do research-based interventions account for the schools' cultural context as a part of implementation?

Are screening, referral, and assessment practices, procedures, and tools unbiased and nondiscriminatory?

Does the staff at our school understand that it is our job to be culturally responsive to all their children/students?

Are we linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families?

Do culturally responsive practices inform our outreach to the community including families and community partners?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|---|---|--|----------|
| 2a. Culturally responsive instructional interventions and teaching strategies are used throughout the school or district. | Staff practices and attitudes about culture, race, and linguistic background prevent success gaps from being addressed. Many teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/students in the school. | Some staff practices and attitudes about culture, race, and linguistic background are barriers to addressing success gaps. Many teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/students in the school. Staff have received training in culturally responsive practices. | Staff receive ongoing training in culturally responsive practices. The practices and attitudes of most staff are responsive to cultural, racial, and linguistic diversity. Few teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/ students in the school. | Staff receive ongoing training in culturally responsive practices. The practices and attitudes of all staff are responsive to cultural, racial, and linguistic diversity. The school recognizes and celebrates the diversity and richness of students' and families' backgrounds. All teachers can effectively teach all groups of children/students in the school. | |
| 2b. Faculty and staff are prepared for linguistic diversity among students and families. | Most teachers are unprepared to meet the linguistic needs of many students in the school. | Some teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. Few staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. Other supports are almost always provided when this is not the case. | Most teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. Other supports are always provided when this is not the case. Most staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. | All teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/ students. All staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. | |

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 2c. The school or district facilitates the participation of all the families that make up the diversity of the school. | Parents and family members typically attending school activities, functions, or parent/teacher meetings do not represent the full diversity of the school, including the group(s) that experience success gaps. | Parents and family members typically attending school activities, functions, or parent/teacher meetings represent some of the diversity of the school but not all the groups that are experiencing success gaps. | Parents and family members of the groups that experience success gaps in the school feel welcomed and are engaged in school activities, meetings, or other functions. Some of the diversity of the school, but not all the groups that are experiencing success gaps, are represented on stakeholder planning groups to reduce success gaps. School staff members are taking intentional measures to learn about the culture of these diverse groups. | Parents and family members of the groups that experience success gaps feel welcomed in the school and are frequently engaged in school activities, meetings, or other functions. All the groups that are experiencing success gaps are represented on stakeholder planning groups to reduce success gaps. School staff members on an ongoing basis take intentional measures to learn about the culture of these diverse groups. | |

3. Core Instructional Program

Probing Questions:

Do all groups of children in our school receive high-quality instruction based on the principles of Universal Design for Learning? Are all of our teachers skilled in teaching a classroom filled with learners who are diverse culturally, linguistically, and in learning style? Are all families aware of the core curriculum and of the differentiations/accommodations/ modifications provided for their child?

| Indicator | Indicator Planning Partially Implement | | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|--|---|---|----------|
| 3a. A consistent, well- articulated curriculum is in place and implemented with fidelity. | iculated curriculum n place and olemented with elity.do not have access to a rigorous core curriculum taught by effective content teachers.planning prevents most children/students from experiencing a rigorous curriculum that is horizontally and that demands depth of understanding. All | | rigorous, demands depth of understanding, and is also beginning to be horizontally and vertically aligned and implemented with | All children/students participate in a curriculum that is rigorous and demands depth of understanding that has been horizontally and vertically aligned and implemented with fidelity. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | |
| 3b. The instructional program and strategies used in the school are research- based practices. | Few children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | Some children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | Many children/students experience high- quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | All children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | |
| 3c. Differentiated instruction is used to address the need of all learners in the school. | Differentiated instruction is used to address the need of all learners in the school.Very few teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of a few learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/Some teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of a few styles, effectivelyMost teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of a few styles, effectively | | differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of all learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic | All teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of all learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | |
| 3d. Families are informed about the core instructional program and how the needs of their child are being met. | Families are rarely informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program or the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are sometimes informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are usually welcomed in the school and informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are always welcomed in the school and informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | |

4. Assessment – Universal Screening and Progress Monitoring

Probing Questions:

Does our school have a system that routinely and regularly screens all children/students for risk factors that might require early intervention? Does every classroom teacher regularly screen or monitor child/student performance/progress and adjust instruction for individual children/students based upon the results?

Are teachers supported to implement developmental, academic, and/or behavior interventions in the general education setting?

Are families informed about the results of universal screening and/or progress monitoring for their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|--|--|--|----------|
| 4a. Universal screening is used to identify needs for early intervention or targeted supports | The school does not use schoolwide screening for children/students to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | The school screens some groups of children/ students each year with valid and reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | The school screens all children/students at least once a year with valid and reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | The school screens all children/students at multiple points during the school year using valid and reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | |
| 4b. Progress monitoring is planned and implemented by the school to support the developmental, academic or behavioral progress of each child/student. | There is no schoolwide plan for teachers to review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student progress. | The school has a plan so that all teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student academic or behavioral progress. Some teachers are implementing this plan. | The school has a plan so that all teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student academic or behavioral progress. Most teachers are implementing this plan. | All teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student developmental, academic, or behavioral progress. | |
| 4c. Families are Informed about screening and progress monitoring results. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are rarely informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are sometimes informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are usually informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | All families are always informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | |

5. Interventions and Supports

Probing Questions:

Are children/students with academic challenges identified?

Are they provided with instructional interventions?

Are these interventions evidence-based?

Are the interventions culturally appropriate for our children/students?

Are they implemented with fidelity?

Does the school implement a system of positive behavioral interventions and supports?

Does the school implement a multi-tiered system of supports (MTSS)?

Is the system implemented with fidelity?

Is the system culturally appropriate for the diversity of our child/student population?

Have we used data to determine its effectiveness?

Are teachers effective in its use with diverse groups of children/students?

Are families informed about the interventions and supports provided to their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|--|----------|
| 5a. Evidence-based behavioral interventions and supports, in addition to core instruction, are embedded within a multi-tiered framework and implemented with fidelity. | The school does not have a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. | The school has a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. Some teachers are already implementing this plan. | The school has a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. Most teachers are already implementing interventions with fidelity according to the plan. | The school has a plan so to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. All teachers identify children/students with behavioral or academic challenges and provide supplemental evidence- based interventions with fidelity. | |
| 5b. School-level practices use tiered response methods (MTSS) that include academic and behavioral interventions and supports. | The school has no schoolwide multi-tiered system of academic and behavioral supports or, if it has one, it is ineffective, disjointed, or inconsistently implemented. | The school has a plan to implement a schoolwide multi-tiered system of academic and behavioral supports and interventions in all classrooms. Some teachers and staff are already implementing elements of the support system in some classrooms. | A schoolwide multi- tiered academic and behavioral support system is implemented across all school environments and in all classrooms with high fidelity. | A schoolwide multi- tiered academic and behavioral support system that is culturally responsive to the school population is implemented across all school environments and in all classrooms with high fidelity. | |

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|--|--|---|----------|
| 5c. A comprehensive district-level school discipline policy is in place and implemented. | The district currently has a zero tolerance policy or lacks a cohesive discipline policy altogether. | District leaders are drafting a formal school discipline policy informed by best practice. | The district has a formal school discipline policy in place. The policy is culturally sensitive to the diversity of this school and favors tiered responses to child/student misconduct based on the nature and severity of the infraction. The policy requires positive, proactive, and restorative strategies focused on keeping children/students engaged and in school. Our school understands and implements the district policy with some degree of fidelity. | The district has a formal school discipline policy in place. The policy is culturally sensitive to the diversity of this school and favors tiered responses to child/student misconduct based on the nature and severity of the infraction. The policy requires positive, proactive, and restorative strategies focused on keeping children/students engaged and in school. All schools in the district understand and implement the district policy with high fidelity. | |
| 5d. Families are regularly informed, in their native or home language, of interventions provided to their children and their children's responses to those interventions for academic and behavioral skills. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are rarely informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are sometimes informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are regularly informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are always informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | |



Implementation Tracking and Plan Form

| AZ SSIP Action Plan LEA: | ESS Director: | |
|---|---------------|--|
| Team Members: | | |
| Date: | | |
| Focus Area Supported by Needs Assessment: | | |
| Change to be Sought: | | |

Collaborating Offices/Departments:

| Action Steps What needs to be done? | By Whom Who will take actions? | By When By what date will the action be done? | Resources and Support Available (financial, personnel, governance, and others) | Resources and Support Needed (financial, personnel, governance, and others) | Potential Barriers or Resistance What offices or departments might resist? Why? | Communication Plan for Implementation What offices, departments, and stakeholders should be informed about/involved with these actions? |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |

| SSID No: | | | DOB: | Student: _ | | | Eligibility: | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|------------|---|-------|--|--|--|
| Ethnicity | nicity: School: | | | Teacher: _ | Teacher: Monitor: | | | | |
| Primary h | Primary home language indicated by the parent: | | | | Language in which the student is most proficient: | | | | |
| | | Eva | aluation/Reevaluation | PEA ✓ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | |
| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | | | Team determined the student has a specific category of disability 60-Day | | |
| | II.A.1 | | Current evaluation 60-Day | | | | Team determined the student needs special education and related services 60-Day | | |
| | II.A.4 | | Eligibility considerations Student assessed in all areas related to the suspec disability (including academic, behavior, current v | | | | Assessments and other evaluation materials are administered in a language and form most likely to yield accurate information 60-Day | | |
| | | | and hearing status) and for preschool, a CDA (indi areas that have not been assessed) 60-Day | icate | | | Sped 72 matches eligibility | | |
| | | | VisionSocial/behavioralHearingCommunicationsAcademicsAssistive tech. | | | | A—documents a developmental disability that significantly affects verbal and nonverbal communication and social interaction | | |
| | | | □ Cognitive □ Motor skills □ Adaptive □ Other | _ | | | DD—documents at least 1.5 SD and no more than 3.0 SD below the mean in two or more areas for a child | | |
| | | | Performance in educational setting and progress i general curriculum | in | | | who is at least 3 years of age, but under 10 years of age | | |
| | | | Educational needs to access the general curricului including assistive technology | m, 🗖 | | | ED—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | |
| | | | For reevaluations, additions or modifications to th | | | | HI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | |
| _ | | _ | special education services are needed for the stud to progress in the general curriculum | | | | HI—documents the language proficiency of the student | | |
| | | The impact of any educational disadvantage | | | | | MIID—documents performance on standard measures | | |
| | | | The impact of English language learning on progre general curriculum | ess in | | | between 2 and 3 SD below the mean | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

COMMENTS:_____

July 2019

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|--|-------|-----------|----------|--|
| | | | MOID—documents performance on standard measures between 3 and 4 SD below the mean | | II.A.5 | | For initial evaluation, the student was evaluated within 60 calendar days |
| | | | MD—documents a learning and developmental problem resulting from multiple disabilities 60-Day | | | | # of days over: Reason: 60-Day |
| | | | MDSSI—documents multiple disabilities that include at least one of the following: VI or HI 60-Day | | | Individu | ualized Education Program |
| | | | OHI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | III.A.1 | | Current IEP (date:) 60-Day |
| | | | OI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | III.A.2 | | IEP review/revision and participants |
| | | | PSD—documents more than 3.0 SD below the mean in one or more areas | | | | IEP reviewed/revised annually (previous date:) |
| | | | SLI—documents a communication disorder | | | | IEP team meeting included required participants (if |
| | | | SLD—documents a significant discrepancy between achievement and ability in one of the identified areas or failure to respond to intervention (RTI) | | | | "no", indicate missing members) Parent PEA Representative Gen Ed Teacher Test Results Special Ed Teacher Interpreter |
| | | | SLD—certifies that each team member agrees or disagrees | | III.A.3 | | General required components of IEP are included |
| | | | SLD—documents determination of effects of | | | | IEP has PLAAFP (refer to guide steps) |
| | | | environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage | | | | Measurable annual goals related to PLAAFP |
| | | | SID—documents performance at least 4 SD below the mean | | | | Documentation of eligibility for alternate assessment, if appropriate 60-Day |
| | | | TBI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | For students eligible for alternate assessments only, |
| | | | VI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | short-term instructional objectives or benchmarks |
| | | | VI—documents the results of an individualized Braille assessment for a student who is considered blind | | | | |

COMMENTS:_____

B11

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|--------|-----------|--------------------|--|-------|-----------|-----------|---|
| | | | Current progress report includes progress toward goals | | | | Extent to which student will not participate with nondisabled peers |
| | | | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) □ No description of timeline | | | | Sped 72 matches LRE |
| | | | ☐ Goals not measurable ☐ Not done in accordance with timeline | | III.A.5 | | Other considerations |
| | III.A.4 | | □ Not reflective of measurement criteria in goal | | | | Consideration of strategies/supports to address behavior that impedes student's learning or that of |
| | 111.A.4 | | · | | | | others |
| | | | Special education services to be provided (If "out", indicate missing requirement) | | | | Consideration of individual accommodations in testing, if appropriate |
| | | | Not specially designed instruction (SDI) No documentation of why SDI is provided by other | | | | Consideration of communication needs of the student |
| | | | personnel ☐ No documentation of certified special education personnel in planning, progress monitoring, or delivery of SDI ☐ Special education teacher not certified | | | | Consideration of assistive technology devices and service needs |
| | | or delivery of SDI | | | | | For ELL students, consideration of language needs related to the IEP |
| | | | Other provider not certified (District Only) | | | | For HI students, consideration of the child's language |
| | | | Consideration of related services | | | | and communication needs |
| | | | Consideration of supplementary aids, services, program modifications | | | Secondary | Transition Line Items (III.A.6) |
| | | | Consideration of supports for school personnel | | III.A.6 | | For students 16 years of age or older, documentation of required postsecondary components 60-Day |
| | | | Location, frequency, and duration of services and modifications (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) Location Frequency Duration | | | | Measurable postsecondary goals D No evidence of goals Goal content not postsecondary Not measurable Required goal areas not addressed |
| | | | Consideration of the need for extended school year | | | | Measurable postsecondary goals updated annually |
| COMMEN | ITS: | | | | | | |

| PEA ✔ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|--|
| | | | Documentation that the postsecondary goals were derived from age-appropriate assessment(s) |
| | | | Documentation of one or more transition services/activities that support the postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | The student's course of study supports the identified postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | Documentation of annual IEP goal(s) that will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | Documentation that the student was invited to meeting |
| | | | Evidence that a representative of another agency that is likely to provide and/or pay for transition services has been invited to the meeting when parent consent is obtained |
| | III.A.7 | | Documentation of additional postsecondary transition components |
| | | | Progress reporting for services/activities |
| | | | By age 17, a statement of rights to transfer at age 18 |
| | III.A.8 | | IEP reflects student educational needs 60-Day |

COMMENTS:_____

The content of this document has been transcribed from the IDEA Data Centers' <u>Equity, Inclusion, and Opportunity: Addressing Success Gaps – Indicators</u> of Success Rubric Version 3.0

Directions for completing the Success Gaps rubric:

This rubric is designed to help any school or school district identify gaps in performance between groups or subgroups of children or students. We use the term children/students because the review is inclusive of any preschool children enrolled in a school or a district. Detailed instructions and resource materials are included in the Success Gaps Toolkit located on the resource pages of the <u>IDEA Data Center</u>.

Ideally, this rubric should be completed by a team. Possible team members may be representatives from general education, special education, district leadership, and school-based leadership. The suggested practice for completion of the rubric is to have team members complete the rubric individually, meet to discuss similarities and differences in scoring, then come to consensus on a final score as a team.

Insights gained from completing the rubric will be used to complete the Action Plan template on the final page of this document. As activities in the Action Plan(s) are implemented and successfully sustained, review and update the rubric section(s) to demonstrate progress. To complete this portion of the monitoring activities, submit a copy of the original rubric, the completed Action Plan, and an updated rubric to your Program Support and Monitoring specialist.

1. Data-Based Decision Making

Probing Questions:

Does our school or district identify data elements or quality indicators that are tracked over time to measure school effectiveness?

What are those data elements? Are the data valid and reliable?

Are data disaggregated by child/student demographics such as race, ethnicity, gender, disability, etc. to identify gaps in achievement and performance and trends with over- or underrepresentation in identification, placement, and discipline?

Are data reviewed at regular intervals to determine progress or change?

Are data used to make policy, procedure, and practice decisions in our school?

How regularly do we use these data to inform our decisions?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 1a. Decisions about the school curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports, and school improvement initiatives are based on data. | Decisions about the school curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports and school improvement initiatives are rarely systematically based on data. | Some teachers and programs consistently use valid and reliable data systematically to inform decisions about curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports, and school improvement initiatives. | ☐ The data used are valid and reliable. A schoolwide formalized and systematic process is in place to monitor and reinforce the continuous improvement of individual learners, subgroups of learners, initiatives, and programs within the school. It is implemented by some but not all staff. | The data used are valid and reliable. The schoolwide process for data-based decision making is implemented and evident for all children/students and subgroups of children/students, in all classrooms, and is used in decisions about school initiatives or programs, as well. | |

2. Cultural Responsiveness

Probing Questions:

Are school staff prepared to work with children/students from diverse cultural and linguistic backgrounds?

Is our school culture responsive and welcoming to children/students and families from culturally/linguistically diverse groups?

To what degree does our teaching staff reflect the cultural/linguistic makeup of our school's population?

Do school staff understand and value each individual child's and each group's unique cultural values and needs?

Are teachers familiar with the beliefs, values, cultural practices, discourse styles, and other features of children's/students' lives that may have an impact on classroom

participation and success, and are they prepared to use this information in designing instruction?

Do research-based interventions account for the schools' cultural context as a part of implementation?

Are screening, referral, and assessment practices, procedures, and tools unbiased and nondiscriminatory?

Does the staff at our school understand that it is our job to be culturally responsive to all their children/students?

Are we linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families?

Do culturally responsive practices inform our outreach to the community including families and community partners?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|---|---|--|----------|
| 2a. Culturally responsive instructional interventions and teaching strategies are used throughout the school or district. | Staff practices and attitudes about culture, race, and linguistic background prevent success gaps from being addressed. Many teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/students in the school. | Some staff practices and attitudes about culture, race, and linguistic background are barriers to addressing success gaps. Many teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/students in the school. Staff have received training in culturally responsive practices. | Staff receive ongoing training in culturally responsive practices. The practices and attitudes of most staff are responsive to cultural, racial, and linguistic diversity. Few teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/ students in the school. | Staff receive ongoing training in culturally responsive practices. The practices and attitudes of all staff are responsive to cultural, racial, and linguistic diversity. The school recognizes and celebrates the diversity and richness of students' and families' backgrounds. All teachers can effectively teach all groups of children/students in the school. | |
| 2b. Faculty and staff are prepared for linguistic diversity among students and families. | Most teachers are unprepared to meet the linguistic needs of many students in the school. | Some teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. Few staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. Other supports are almost always provided when this is not the case. | Most teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. Other supports are always provided when this is not the case. Most staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. | All teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/ students. All staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. | |

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 2c. The school or district facilitates the participation of all the families that make up the diversity of the school. | Parents and family members typically attending school activities, functions, or parent/teacher meetings do not represent the full diversity of the school, including the group(s) that experience success gaps. | Parents and family members typically attending school activities, functions, or parent/teacher meetings represent some of the diversity of the school but not all the groups that are experiencing success gaps. | Parents and family members of the groups that experience success gaps in the school feel welcomed and are engaged in school activities, meetings, or other functions. Some of the diversity of the school, but not all the groups that are experiencing success gaps, are represented on stakeholder planning groups to reduce success gaps. School staff members are taking intentional measures to learn about the culture of these diverse groups. | Parents and family members of the groups that experience success gaps feel welcomed in the school and are frequently engaged in school activities, meetings, or other functions. All the groups that are experiencing success gaps are represented on stakeholder planning groups to reduce success gaps. School staff members on an ongoing basis take intentional measures to learn about the culture of these diverse groups. | |

3. Core Instructional Program

Probing Questions:

Do all groups of children in our school receive high-quality instruction based on the principles of Universal Design for Learning? Are all of our teachers skilled in teaching a classroom filled with learners who are diverse culturally, linguistically, and in learning style? Are all families aware of the core curriculum and of the differentiations/accommodations/ modifications provided for their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 3a. A consistent, well- articulated curriculum is in place and implemented with fidelity. | Some children/students do not have access to a rigorous core curriculum taught by effective content teachers. | ☐ Inconsistent curriculum planning prevents most children/students from experiencing a rigorous curriculum that is horizontally and vertically aligned and that demands depth of understanding. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | Most children/students participate in a curriculum that is rigorous, demands depth of understanding, and is also beginning to be horizontally and vertically aligned and implemented with fidelity. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | All children/students participate in a curriculum that is rigorous and demands depth of understanding that has been horizontally and vertically aligned and implemented with fidelity. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | |
| 3b. The instructional program and strategies used in the school are research- based practices. | Few children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | Some children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | Many children/students experience high- quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | All children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | |
| 3c. Differentiated instruction is used to address the need of all learners in the school. | Very few teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/ students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | eachers Some teachers Most teachers te the core differentiate the core differentiate the core to address curriculum to address curriculum to address yles, the needs of a few the needs of all learners addressing learners and learning and learning styles, ren's/ styles, effectively effectively addressing ultural and addressing their their children's/students' | | All teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of all learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | |
| 3d. Families are informed about the core instructional program and how the needs of their child are being met. | Families are rarely informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program or the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are sometimes informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are usually welcomed in the school and informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are always welcomed in the school and informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | |

4. Assessment – Universal Screening and Progress Monitoring

Probing Questions:

Does our school have a system that routinely and regularly screens all children/students for risk factors that might require early intervention? Does every classroom teacher regularly screen or monitor child/student performance/progress and adjust instruction for individual children/students based upon the results?

Are teachers supported to implement developmental, academic, and/or behavior interventions in the general education setting?

Are families informed about the results of universal screening and/or progress monitoring for their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|--|--|--|----------|
| 4a. Universal screening is used to identify needs for early intervention or targeted supports | The school does not use schoolwide screening for children/students to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | The school screens some groups of children/ students each year with valid and reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | The school screens all children/students at least once a year with valid and reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | The school screens all children/students at multiple points during the school year using valid and reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | |
| 4b. Progress monitoring is planned and implemented by the school to support the developmental, academic or behavioral progress of each child/student. | There is no schoolwide plan for teachers to review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student progress. | The school has a plan so that all teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student academic or behavioral progress. Some teachers are implementing this plan. | The school has a plan so that all teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student academic or behavioral progress. Most teachers are implementing this plan. | All teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student developmental, academic, or behavioral progress. | |
| 4c. Families are Informed about screening and progress monitoring results. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are rarely informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are sometimes informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are usually informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | All families are always informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | |

5. Interventions and Supports

Probing Questions:

Are children/students with academic challenges identified?

Are they provided with instructional interventions?

Are these interventions evidence-based?

Are the interventions culturally appropriate for our children/students?

Are they implemented with fidelity?

Does the school implement a system of positive behavioral interventions and supports?

Does the school implement a multi-tiered system of supports (MTSS)?

Is the system implemented with fidelity?

Is the system culturally appropriate for the diversity of our child/student population?

Have we used data to determine its effectiveness?

Are teachers effective in its use with diverse groups of children/students?

Are families informed about the interventions and supports provided to their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|--|----------|
| 5a. Evidence-based behavioral interventions and supports, in addition to core instruction, are embedded within a multi-tiered framework and implemented with fidelity. | The school does not have a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. | The school has a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. Some teachers are already implementing this plan. | The school has a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. Most teachers are already implementing interventions with fidelity according to the plan. | The school has a plan so to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. All teachers identify children/students with behavioral or academic challenges and provide supplemental evidence- based interventions with fidelity. | |
| 5b. School-level practices use tiered response methods (MTSS) that include academic and behavioral interventions and supports. | The school has no schoolwide multi-tiered system of academic and behavioral supports or, if it has one, it is ineffective, disjointed, or inconsistently implemented. | The school has a plan to implement a schoolwide multi-tiered system of academic and behavioral supports and interventions in all classrooms. Some teachers and staff are already implementing elements of the support system in some classrooms. | A schoolwide multi- tiered academic and behavioral support system is implemented across all school environments and in all classrooms with high fidelity. | A schoolwide multi- tiered academic and behavioral support system that is culturally responsive to the school population is implemented across all school environments and in all classrooms with high fidelity. | |

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|--|--|---|----------|
| 5c. A comprehensive district-level school discipline policy is in place and implemented. | The district currently has a zero tolerance policy or lacks a cohesive discipline policy altogether. | District leaders are drafting a formal school discipline policy informed by best practice. | The district has a formal school discipline policy in place. The policy is culturally sensitive to the diversity of this school and favors tiered responses to child/student misconduct based on the nature and severity of the infraction. The policy requires positive, proactive, and restorative strategies focused on keeping children/students engaged and in school. Our school understands and implements the district policy with some degree of fidelity. | The district has a formal school discipline policy in place. The policy is culturally sensitive to the diversity of this school and favors tiered responses to child/student misconduct based on the nature and severity of the infraction. The policy requires positive, proactive, and restorative strategies focused on keeping children/students engaged and in school. All schools in the district understand and implement the district policy with high fidelity. | |
| 5d. Families are regularly informed, in their native or home language, of interventions provided to their children and their children's responses to those interventions for academic and behavioral skills. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are rarely informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are sometimes informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are regularly informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are always informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | |



Implementation Tracking and Plan Form

| AZ SSIP Action Plan LEA: | ESS Director: | |
|---|---------------|--|
| Team Members: | | |
| Date: | | |
| Focus Area Supported by Needs Assessment: | | |
| Change to be Sought: | | |

Collaborating Offices/Departments:

| Action Steps What needs to be done? | By Whom Who will take actions? | By When By what date will the action be done? | Resources and Support Available (financial, personnel, governance, and others) | Resources and Support Needed (financial, personnel, governance, and others) | Potential Barriers or Resistance What offices or departments might resist? Why? | Communication Plan for Implementation What offices, departments, and stakeholders should be informed about/involved with these actions? |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |

| SSID No: _ | | | DOB: | Student: _ | | | Eligibility: | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|------------|---|---|--|
| Ethnicity: | | | School: | Teacher: _ | | | Monitor: | | |
| Primary hor | ne language | indicated b | by the parent: | Language ir | n which the stu | udent is m | ost proficient: | | |
| | | Eval | luation/Reevaluation | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Descri | ption | |
| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | II.A.4 | | Eligibility considerations | | |
| | II.A.1 | | Current evaluation 60-Day | | | | Student assessed in all areas | | |
| | II.A.2 | | Review of existing data | | | | disability (including academ and hearing status) and for | | |
| | | | Parent request timeline | | | | areas that have not been as | | |
| | | | Current information provided by the parents | | | | □ Hearing | | |
| | | | Current classroom-based assessments | | | | Academics Cognitive | Assistive tech. Motor skills | |
| | | | Teachers' and related service providers' | | | | □ Adaptive | Other | |
| _ | | _ | observation(s), including pre-referral interventions | | | | Performance in educational | setting and progress in | |
| | | | Formal assessments | | | | general curriculum | | |
| | II.A.3 | | Team determination of need for additional data | | | | Educational needs to access including assistive technolog | - | |
| | | | Team determined that existing data were sufficient or determined that additional data were needed | | | | For reevaluations, additions special education services and | or modifications to the | |
| | | | For reevaluation only, parents were informed of | | | | to progress in the general cu | | |
| _ | | _ | reason and right to request data | | | | The impact of any education | al disadvantage | |
| | | | Obtained informed parental consent or for reevaluation only, documented efforts to obtain consent | | | | The impact of English language learning on prog the general curriculum | | |
| | | | | | | | Team determined the stude of disability 60-Day | nt has a specific category | |

COMMENTS:_____

B12

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | |
|-------|-----------|---|--|-------|-----------|---|---|--|--|
| | | | Team determined the student needs special education and related services 60-Day | | | | PSD—documents more than 3.0 SD below the mean in one or more areas | | |
| | | | Assessments and other evaluation materials are | | | | SLI—documents a communication disorder | | |
| | | administered in a language and form most likely to yield accurate information 60-Day | | | | SLD—documents a significant discrepancy between achievement and ability in one of the identified areas | | | |
| | | | Sped 72 matches eligibility | | | | or failure to respond to intervention (RTI) | | |
| | | | A—documents a developmental disability that significantly affects verbal and nonverbal | | | | SLD—certifies that each team member agrees or disagrees | | |
| | | | communication and social interaction DD—documents at least 1.5 SD and no more than 3.0 | | | | SLD—documents determination of effects of environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage | | |
| | | SD below the mean in two or more areas for a child who is at least 3 years of age but under 10 years of age | | | | SID—documents performance at least 4 SD below the mean | | | |
| | | | ED—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | TBI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | |
| | | | HI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | VI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | |
| | | | HI—documents the language proficiency of the student | | | | VI—documents the results of an individualized Braille assessment for a student who is considered blind | | |
| | | | MIID—documents performance on standard measures between 2 and 3 SD below the mean | | II.A.5 | | For initial evaluation, the student was evaluated within 60 calendar days # of days over: | | |
| | | | MOID—documents performance on standard measures between 3 and 4 SD below the mean | | | | Reason: 60-Day | | |
| | | | MD—documents a learning and developmental problem resulting from multiple disabilities 60-Day | | | | | | |
| | | | MDSSI—documents multiple disabilities that include at least one of the following: VI or HI 60-Day | | | | | | |
| | | | OHI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | | | |
| | | | OI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | | | |

COMMENTS:

| | Individualized Education Program | | | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|----------------------------------|-------|--|-------|-----------|-------|---|
| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | III.A.4 | | Individualized services to be provided |
| | III.A.1 | | Current IEP (date:) 60-Day | | | | Special education services to be provided |
| | III.A.2 | | IEP review/revision and participants | | | | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) |
| | | | IEP reviewed/revised annually (previous date:) | | | | Not specially designed instruction (SDI) No documentation of why SDI is provided by other personnel |
| | | | IEP team meeting included required participants (if "no", indicate missing members) Parent PEA Representative Gen Ed Teacher Test Results Special Ed Teacher Interpreter | | | | No documentation of certified special education personnel in planning, progress monitoring, or delivery of SDI Special education teacher not certified Other provider not certified (district only) |
| | III.A.3 | | General required components of IEP are included | | | | Consideration of related services |
| | | | IEP has PLAAFP (refer to Guide Steps) | | | | Consideration of supplementary aids, services, program modifications |
| | | | Measurable annual goals related to PLAAFP | | | | Consideration of supports for school personnel |
| | | | Documentation of eligibility for alternate assessment, if appropriate 60-Day | | | | Location, frequency, and duration of services and modifications |
| | | | For students eligible for alternate assessments only, short-term instructional objectives or benchmarks | | | | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) □ Location |
| | | | Current progress report includes progress toward goals | | | | □ Frequency □ Duration |
| | | | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) | | | | Consideration of the need for extended school year |
| | | | No description of timeline Goals not measurable Not done in accordance with timeline | | | | Extent to which student will not participate with nondisabled peers |
| | | | □ Not reflective of measurement criteria in goal | | | | Sped 72 matches LRE |

COMMENTS:

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | |
|-------|---|-------|--|-------|-----------|------------|---|--|--|
| | III.A.5 | | Other considerations | | | | The student's course of study supports the identified postsecondary goal(s) | | |
| | | | Consideration of strategies/supports to address behavior that impedes student's learning or that of others | | | | Documentation of annual IEP goal(s) that will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goal(s) | | |
| | | | Consideration of individual accommodations in testing, if appropriate | | | | Documentation that the student was invited to the meeting | | |
| | | | Consideration of communication needs of the student | | | | Evidence that a representative of another agency that | | |
| | | | Consideration of assistive technology devices and service needs | | | | is likely to provide and/or pay for transition services has been invited to the meeting when parent consent has been obtained | | |
| | | | For students who are ELL, consideration of language needs related to the IEP | - | III.A.7 | | | | |
| | | | For students with HI, consideration of the child's | | III.A.7 | | Documentation of additional postsecondary transition components | | |
| _ | | _ | language and communication needs | | | | Progress reporting for services/activities | | |
| | Secondary Transition Line Items (III.A.6 & III.A.7) | | | | | | By age 17, a statement of rights to transfer at age 18 | | |
| | III.A.6 | | For students 16 years of age or older, documentation of required postsecondary components 60-Day | | III.A.8 | | IEP reflects student educational needs 60-Day | | |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals | | | | | | |
| | | | No evidence of goals Goal content not postsecondary | | Pro | cedural Sa | feguards/Parental Participation | | |
| | | | □ Not measurable | | IV.A.1 | | Notices provided at required times and in a language | | |
| | | | Required goal areas not addressed | | | | and form that is understandable to the parent | | |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals updated annually | | | | Procedural safeguards notice provided to parents within the last 12 months 60-Day | | |
| | | | Documentation that the postsecondary goals were derived from age-appropriate assessment(s) | | | | All required notices provided in a language that is: | | |
| | | | Documentation of one or more transition services/activities that support the postsecondary goal(s) | | | | the native language of the parent understandable to public 60-Day | | |

COMMENTS:_____

B12

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | Referral | Additional | Eligibility | Initial | IEP/FAPE | Suspension/ |
|-------|-----------|-------|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | IV.A.2 | | PWN provided at required times and contains | Kererrai | Data | Lingionity | Placement | | Expulsion |
| | | | required components | Implementation Date: |
| | | | | PWN Provision Date: |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | PWN provided to parents at required times in the last 12 months | | | | | | |
| | | | For PWN, a description of the action proposed or refused by the PEA | | | | | | |
| | | | For PWN, explanation of why the agency proposed or refused to take the action | | | | | | |
| | | | For PWN, description of any options considered and why these options were rejected | | | | | | |
| | | | For PWN, description of evaluation procedures, tests, records used as a basis for the decision | | | | | | |
| | | | For PWN, description of any other relevant factors | | | | | | |
| | | | For PWN, if the notice is not an initial referral for evaluation, a statement of how a copy of the procedural safeguards can be obtained | | | | | | |
| | | | For PWN, sources to obtain assistance in understanding the notice | | | | | | |

COMMENTS:_____

Suspension/Expulsion Self-Assessment Student Form

| PEA ✔ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|---|
| | IV.A.3 | | Discipline procedures and requirements followed |
| | | | Notified parent on the same date the disciplinary decision was made |
| | | | If a change in placement occurred, the IEP team conducted a review within 10 school days to determine the relationship between the student's disability and behavior |
| | | | If the IEP team determined that behavior was a manifestation of the student's disability, an FBA was conducted and a BIP implemented, or if already in place, a BIP reviewed and modified, as necessary 60-Day |
| | | | If the IEP team determined that behavior was a manifestation of the student's disability, the student was returned to placement from which the student was removed, unless the parent and PEA agreed to a change of placement 60-Day |
| | | | For suspension or IAES placement, student continued to be provided FAPE, including services and adaptations described in the IEP 60-Day |

COMMENTS:

The content of this document has been transcribed from the IDEA Data Centers' Equity, Inclusion, and Opportunity: Addressing Success Gaps – Indicators of Success Rubric Version 3.0

Directions for completing the Success Gaps rubric:

This rubric is designed to help any school or school district identify gaps in performance between groups or subgroups of children or students. We use the term children/students because the review is inclusive of any preschool children enrolled in a school or a district. Detailed instructions and resource materials are included in the Success Gaps tool box located on the resource pages of the <u>IDEA Data Center</u>.

Ideally, this rubric should be completed by a team. Possible team members may be representatives from general education, special education, district leadership, and school-based leadership. The suggested practice for completion of the rubric is to have team members complete the rubric individually, meet to discuss similarities and differences in scoring, then come to consensus on a final score as a team.

Insights gained from completing the rubric will be used to complete the Action Plan template on the final page of this document. As activities in the Action Plan(s) are implemented and successfully sustained, review and update the rubric section(s) to demonstrate progress. To complete this portion of the monitoring activities, submit a copy of the original rubric, the completed Action Plan, and an updated rubric to your Program Support and Monitoring specialist.

1. Data-Based Decision Making

Probing Questions:

Does our school or district identify data elements or quality indicators that are tracked over time to measure school effectiveness?

What are those data elements? Are the data valid and reliable?

Are data disaggregated by child/student demographics such as race, ethnicity, gender, disability, etc. to identify gaps in achievement and performance and trends with over- or underrepresentation in identification, placement, and discipline?

Are data reviewed at regular intervals to determine progress or change?

Are data used to make policy, procedure, and practice decisions in our school?

How regularly do we use these data to inform our decisions?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 1a. Decisions about the school curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports, and school improvement initiatives are based on data. | Decisions about the school curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports and school improvement initiatives are rarely systematically based on data. | Some teachers and programs consistently use valid and reliable data systematically to inform decisions about curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports, and school improvement initiatives. | ☐ The data used are valid and reliable. A schoolwide formalized and systematic process is in place to monitor and reinforce the continuous improvement of individual learners, subgroups of learners, initiatives, and programs within the school. It is implemented by some but not all staff. | The data used are valid and reliable. The schoolwide process for data-based decision making is implemented and evident for all children/students and subgroups of children/students, in all classrooms, and is used in decisions about school initiatives or programs, as well. | |

2. Cultural Responsiveness

Probing Questions:

Are school staff prepared to work with children/students from diverse cultural and linguistic backgrounds?

Is our school culture responsive and welcoming to children/students and families from culturally/linguistically diverse groups?

To what degree does our teaching staff reflect the cultural/linguistic makeup of our school's population?

Do school staff understand and value each individual child's and each group's unique cultural values and needs?

Are teachers familiar with the beliefs, values, cultural practices, discourse styles, and other features of children's/students' lives that may have an impact on classroom

participation and success, and are they prepared to use this information in designing instruction?

Do research-based interventions account for the schools' cultural context as a part of implementation?

Are screening, referral, and assessment practices, procedures, and tools unbiased and nondiscriminatory?

Does the staff at our school understand that it is our job to be culturally responsive to all their children/students?

Are we linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families?

Do culturally responsive practices inform our outreach to the community including families and community partners?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|---|---|--|----------|
| 2a. Culturally responsive instructional interventions and teaching strategies are used throughout the school or district. | Staff practices and attitudes about culture, race, and linguistic background prevent success gaps from being addressed. Many teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/students in the school. | Some staff practices and attitudes about culture, race, and linguistic background are barriers to addressing success gaps. Many teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/students in the school. Staff have received training in culturally responsive practices. | Staff receive ongoing training in culturally responsive practices. The practices and attitudes of most staff are responsive to cultural, racial, and linguistic diversity. Few teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/ students in the school. | Staff receive ongoing training in culturally responsive practices. The practices and attitudes of all staff are responsive to cultural, racial, and linguistic diversity. The school recognizes and celebrates the diversity and richness of students' and families' backgrounds. All teachers can effectively teach all groups of children/students in the school. | |
| 2b. Faculty and staff are prepared for linguistic diversity among students and families. | Most teachers are unprepared to meet the linguistic needs of many students in the school. | Some teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. Few staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. Other supports are almost always provided when this is not the case. | Most teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. Other supports are always provided when this is not the case. Most staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. | All teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/ students. All staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. | |

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 2c. The school or district facilitates the participation of all the families that make up the diversity of the school. | Parents and family members typically attending school activities, functions, or parent/teacher meetings do not represent the full diversity of the school, including the group(s) that experience success gaps. | Parents and family members typically attending school activities, functions, or parent/teacher meetings represent some of the diversity of the school but not all the groups that are experiencing success gaps. | Parents and family members of the groups that experience success gaps in the school feel welcomed and are engaged in school activities, meetings, or other functions. Some of the diversity of the school, but not all the groups that are experiencing success gaps, are represented on stakeholder planning groups to reduce success gaps. School staff members are taking intentional measures to learn about the culture of these diverse groups. | Parents and family members of the groups that experience success gaps feel welcomed in the school and are frequently engaged in school activities, meetings, or other functions. All the groups that are experiencing success gaps are represented on stakeholder planning groups to reduce success gaps. School staff members on an ongoing basis take intentional measures to learn about the culture of these diverse groups. | |

3. Core Instructional Program

Probing Questions:

Do all groups of children in our school receive high-quality instruction based on the principles of Universal Design for Learning? Are all of our teachers skilled in teaching a classroom filled with learners who are diverse culturally, linguistically, and in learning style? Are all families aware of the core curriculum and of the differentiations/accommodations/ modifications provided for their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 3a. A consistent, well- articulated curriculum is in place and implemented with fidelity. | Some children/students do not have access to a rigorous core curriculum taught by effective content teachers. | ☐ Inconsistent curriculum planning prevents most children/students from experiencing a rigorous curriculum that is horizontally and vertically aligned and that demands depth of understanding. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | Most children/students participate in a curriculum that is rigorous, demands depth of understanding, and is also beginning to be horizontally and vertically aligned and implemented with fidelity. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | All children/students participate in a curriculum that is rigorous and demands depth of understanding that has been horizontally and vertically aligned and implemented with fidelity. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | |
| 3b. The instructional program and strategies used in the school are research- based practices. | Few children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | Some children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | Many children/students experience high- quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | All children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | |
| 3c. Differentiated instruction is used to address the need of all learners in the school. | ifferentiated Very few teachers Some teachers Most teachers struction is used to differentiate the core differentiate the core differentiate the core curriculum to address curriculum to address the needs of a few the needs of all learners l learners in the effectively addressing learners and learning and learning styles, their children's/ styles, effectively effectively addressing effectively addressing | | differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of all learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic | All teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of all learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | |
| 3d. Families are informed about the core instructional program and how the needs of their child are being met. | Families are rarely informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program or the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are sometimes informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are usually welcomed in the school and informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are always welcomed in the school and informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | |

4. Assessment – Universal Screening and Progress Monitoring

Probing Questions:

Does our school have a system that routinely and regularly screens all children/students for risk factors that might require early intervention? Does every classroom teacher regularly screen or monitor child/student performance/progress and adjust instruction for individual children/students based upon the results?

Are teachers supported to implement developmental, academic, and/or behavior interventions in the general education setting?

Are families informed about the results of universal screening and/or progress monitoring for their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|--|--|--|----------|
| 4a. Universal screening is used to identify needs for early intervention or targeted supports | The school does not use schoolwide screening for children/students to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | The school screens some groups of children/ students each year with valid and reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | The school screens all children/students at least once a year with valid and reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | The school screens all children/students at multiple points during the school year using valid and reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | |
| 4b. Progress monitoring is planned and implemented by the school to support the developmental, academic or behavioral progress of each child/student. | There is no schoolwide plan for teachers to review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student progress. | ☐ The school has a plan so that all teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student academic or behavioral progress. Some teachers are implementing this plan. | The school has a plan so that all teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student academic or behavioral progress. Most teachers are implementing this plan. | All teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student developmental, academic, or behavioral progress. | |
| 4c. Families are Informed about screening and progress monitoring results. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are rarely informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are sometimes informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are usually informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | All families are always informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | |

5. Interventions and Supports

Probing Questions:

Are children/students with academic challenges identified?

Are they provided with instructional interventions?

Are these interventions evidence-based?

Are the interventions culturally appropriate for our children/students?

Are they implemented with fidelity?

Does the school implement a system of positive behavioral interventions and supports?

Does the school implement a multi-tiered system of supports (MTSS)?

Is the system implemented with fidelity?

Is the system culturally appropriate for the diversity of our child/student population?

Have we used data to determine its effectiveness?

Are teachers effective in its use with diverse groups of children/students?

Are families informed about the interventions and supports provided to their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|--|----------|
| 5a. Evidence-based behavioral interventions and supports, in addition to core instruction, are embedded within a multi-tiered framework and implemented with fidelity. | The school does not have a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. | The school has a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. Some teachers are already implementing this plan. | The school has a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. Most teachers are already implementing interventions with fidelity according to the plan. | The school has a plan so to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. All teachers identify children/students with behavioral or academic challenges and provide supplemental evidence- based interventions with fidelity. | |
| 5b. School-level practices use tiered response methods (MTSS) that include academic and behavioral interventions and supports. | The school has no schoolwide multi-tiered system of academic and behavioral supports or, if it has one, it is ineffective, disjointed, or inconsistently implemented. | The school has a plan to implement a schoolwide multi-tiered system of academic and behavioral supports and interventions in all classrooms. Some teachers and staff are already implementing elements of the support system in some classrooms. | A schoolwide multi- tiered academic and behavioral support system is implemented across all school environments and in all classrooms with high fidelity. | A schoolwide multi- tiered academic and behavioral support system that is culturally responsive to the school population is implemented across all school environments and in all classrooms with high fidelity. | |

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|--|--|---|----------|
| 5c. A comprehensive district-level school discipline policy is in place and implemented. | The district currently has a zero tolerance policy or lacks a cohesive discipline policy altogether. | District leaders are drafting a formal school discipline policy informed by best practice. | The district has a formal school discipline policy in place. The policy is culturally sensitive to the diversity of this school and favors tiered responses to child/student misconduct based on the nature and severity of the infraction. The policy requires positive, proactive, and restorative strategies focused on keeping children/students engaged and in school. Our school understands and implements the district policy with some degree of fidelity. | The district has a formal school discipline policy in place. The policy is culturally sensitive to the diversity of this school and favors tiered responses to child/student misconduct based on the nature and severity of the infraction. The policy requires positive, proactive, and restorative strategies focused on keeping children/students engaged and in school. All schools in the district understand and implement the district policy with high fidelity. | |
| 5d. Families are regularly informed, in their native or home language, of interventions provided to their children and their children's responses to those interventions for academic and behavioral skills. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are rarely informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are sometimes informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are regularly informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are always informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | |



Implementation Tracking and Plan Form

| AZ SSIP Action Plan LEA: | ESS Director: | |
|---|---------------|--|
| Team Members: | | |
| Date: | | |
| Focus Area Supported by Needs Assessment: | | |
| Change to be Sought: | | |

Collaborating Offices/Departments:

| Action Steps What needs to be done? | By Whom Who will take actions? | By When By what date will the action be done? | Resources and Support Available (financial, personnel, governance, and others) | Resources and Support Needed (financial, personnel, governance, and others) | Potential Barriers or Resistance What offices or departments might resist? Why? | Communication Plan for Implementation What offices, departments, and stakeholders should be informed about/involved with these actions? |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |

LRE Self-Assessment Student Form

| SSID No: _ | | DOB: School: | | | DOB: Student: | | | | Eligibility: | | |
|------------|---|-----------------|--|---|-------------------|--|---|--|--------------|--|--|
| Ethnicity: | | | | | Teacher: Monitor: | | | | | | |
| Primary ho | rimary home language indicated by the parent: | | | Language in which the student is most proficient: | | | | | | | |
| | | Eva | aluation/Reevaluation | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | | | |
| PEA ✓ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | | | Documentation of eligibility for alternate assessment, if appropriate 60-Day | | | | |
| | II.A.1 II.A.5 | | Current evaluation 60-Day For initial evaluation, the student was evaluated within 60 calendar days | | | | For students eligible for alternate assessments only, short-term instructional objectives or benchmarks | | | | |
| | | | # of days over: Reason: 60-Day | | | | Current progress report includes progress toward goals (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) No description of timeline Goals not measurable | | | | |
| | Individualized Education Program | | | | | Not done in accordance with timeline Not reflective of measurement criteria in goal | | | | | |
| | III.A.1 | | Current IEP (date:) 60-Day | | III.A.4 | | Individualized services to be provided | | | | |
| | III.A.2 | | IEP review/revision and participants | | | | Special education services to be provided | | | | |
| | | | IEP reviewed/revised annually (previous date:) | | | | (If "Out", indicate missing requirement) □ Not specially designed instruction (SDI) □ Not desure station of the SDI insure ideal here then | | | | |
| | | | IEP team meeting included required participants (if "no", indicate missing members) Parent PEA Representative Gen Ed Teacher Test Results Special Ed Teacher Interpreter | | | | No documentation of why SDI is provided by other personnel No documentation of certified special education personnel in planning, progress monitoring, or delivery of SDI Special education teacher not certified Other provider not certified (District Only) | | | | |
| | III.A.3 | | General required components of IEP are included | _ | | _ | | | | | |
| | | | IEP has PLAAFP (refer to guide steps) | | | | Consideration of related services | | | | |
| | | | Measurable annual goals related to PLAAFP | | | | | | | | |

COMMENTS:_____

LRE Self-Assessment Student Form

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|---|---|-----------|-------|--|
| | | | Consideration of supplementary aids, services, program modifications | Secondary Transition Line Items (III.A.6 & III.A.7) | | | |
| | | | Consideration of supports for school personnel | | III.A.6 | | For students 16 years of age or older, documentation of required postsecondary components. 60-Day |
| | | | Location, frequency, and duration of services and modifications (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) Location Frequency | | | | Measurable postsecondary goals No evidence of goals Goal content not postsecondary Not measurable Required goal areas not addressed |
| - | | _ | Duration | | | | Measurable postsecondary goals updated annually |
| | | | Consideration of the need for extended school year Extent to which student will not participate with | | | | Documentation that the postsecondary goals were derived from age-appropriate assessment(s) |
| | | | nondisabled peers | | | | Documentation of one or more transition |
| | | | Sped 72 matches LRE | | | - | services/activities that support the postsecondary |
| | III.A.5 | | Other considerations | | | | goal(s) |
| | | | Consideration of strategies/supports to address behavior that impedes student's learning or that of | | | | The student's course of study supports the identified postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | others | | | | Documentation of annual IEP goal(s) that will reasonably enable the student to meet the |
| | | | Consideration of individual accommodations in testing, if appropriate | | | | postsecondary goal(s) |
| п | | | Consideration of communication needs of the student | | | | Documentation that the student was invited to meeting |
| | | | Consideration of assistive technology devices and service needs | | | | Evidence that a representative of another agency that is likely to provide and/or pay for transition services has been invited to the meeting when parent consent is |
| | | | For students who are ELL, consideration of language needs related to the IEP | | | | obtained |
| | | | For students with HI, consideration of the child's language and communication needs | | | | |

COMMENTS:

LRE Self-Assessment Student Form

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|---|
| | III.A.7 | | Documentation of additional postsecondary transition components |
| | | | Progress reporting for services/activities |
| | | | By age 17, a statement of rights to transfer at age 18 |
| | III.A.8 | | IEP reflects student educational needs 60-Day |

COMMENTS:_____

The content of this document has been transcribed from the IDEA Data Centers' <u>Equity, Inclusion, and Opportunity: Addressing Success Gaps – Indicators</u> of Success Rubric Version 3.0

Directions for completing the Success Gaps rubric:

This rubric is designed to help any school or school district identify gaps in performance between groups or subgroups of children or students. We use the term children/students because the review is inclusive of any preschool children enrolled in a school or a district. Detailed instructions and resource materials are included in the Success Gaps Toolkit located on the resource pages of the <u>IDEA Data Center</u>.

Ideally, this rubric should be completed by a team. Possible team members may be representatives from general education, special education, district leadership, and school-based leadership. The suggested practice for completion of the rubric is to have team members complete the rubric individually, meet to discuss similarities and differences in scoring, then come to consensus on a final score as a team.

Insights gained from completing the rubric will be used to complete the Action Plan template on the final page of this document. As activities in the Action Plan(s) are implemented and successfully sustained, review and update the rubric section(s) to demonstrate progress. To complete this portion of the monitoring activities, submit a copy of the original rubric, the completed Action Plan, and an updated rubric to your Program Support and Monitoring specialist.

1. Data-Based Decision Making

Probing Questions:

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What are those data elements? Are the data valid and reliable?

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Are data reviewed at regular intervals to determine progress or change?

Are data used to make policy, procedure, and practice decisions in our school?

How regularly do we use these data to inform our decisions?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|--|---|--|---|----------|
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2. Cultural Responsiveness

Probing Questions:

Are school staff prepared to work with children/students from diverse cultural and linguistic backgrounds?

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To what degree does our teaching staff reflect the cultural/linguistic makeup of our school's population?

Do school staff understand and value each individual child's and each group's unique cultural values and needs?

Are teachers familiar with the beliefs, values, cultural practices, discourse styles, and other features of children's/students' lives that may have an impact on classroom

participation and success, and are they prepared to use this information in designing instruction?

Do research-based interventions account for the schools' cultural context as a part of implementation?

Are screening, referral, and assessment practices, procedures, and tools unbiased and nondiscriminatory?

Does the staff at our school understand that it is our job to be culturally responsive to all their children/students?

Are we linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families?

Do culturally responsive practices inform our outreach to the community including families and community partners?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|---|--|--|----------|
| 2a. Culturally responsive instructional interventions and teaching strategies are used throughout the school or district. | Staff practices and attitudes about culture, race, and linguistic background prevent success gaps from being addressed. Many teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/ students in the school. | Some staff practices and attitudes about culture, race, and linguistic background are barriers to addressing success gaps. Many teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/students in the school. Staff have received training in culturally responsive practices. | Staff receive ongoing training in culturally responsive practices. The practices and attitudes of most staff are responsive to cultural, racial, and linguistic diversity. Few teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/students in the school. | Staff receive ongoing training in culturally responsive practices. The practices and attitudes of all staff are responsive to cultural, racial, and linguistic diversity. The school recognizes and celebrates the diversity and richness of students' and families' backgrounds. All teachers can effectively teach all groups of children/students in the school. | |
| 2b. Faculty and staff are prepared for linguistic diversity among students and families. | Most teachers are unprepared to meet the linguistic needs of many students in the school. | Some teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. Few staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. Other supports are almost always provided when this is not the case. | Most teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. Other supports are always provided when this is not the case. Most staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. | All teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. All staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. | |

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 2c. The school or district facilitates the participation of all the families that make up the diversity of the school. | Parents and family members typically attending school activities, functions, or parent/teacher meetings do not represent the full diversity of the school, including the group(s) that experience success gaps. | Parents and family members typically attending school activities, functions, or parent/teacher meetings represent some of the diversity of the school but not all the groups that are experiencing success gaps. | Parents and family members of the groups that experience success gaps in the school feel welcomed and are engaged in school activities, meetings, or other functions. Some of the diversity of the school, but not all the groups that are experiencing success gaps, are represented on stakeholder planning groups to reduce success gaps. School staff members are taking intentional measures to learn about the culture of these diverse groups. | Parents and family members of the groups that experience success gaps feel welcomed in the school and are frequently engaged in school activities, meetings, or other functions. All the groups that are experiencing success gaps are represented on stakeholder planning groups to reduce success gaps. School staff members, on an ongoing basis, take intentional measures to learn about the culture of these diverse groups. | |

3. Core Instructional Program

Probing Questions:

Do all groups of children in our school receive high-quality instruction based on the principles of Universal Design for Learning? Are all of our teachers skilled in teaching a classroom filled with learners who are diverse culturally, linguistically, and in learning style? Are all families aware of the core curriculum and of the differentiations/accommodations/modifications provided for their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 3a. A consistent, well- articulated curriculum is in place and implemented with fidelity. | Some children/students do not have access to a rigorous core curriculum taught by effective content teachers. | Inconsistent curriculum planning prevents most children/students from experiencing a rigorous curriculum that is horizontally and vertically aligned and that demands depth of understanding. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | Most children/students participate in a curriculum that is rigorous, demands depth of understanding, and is also beginning to be horizontally and vertically aligned and implemented with fidelity. All children/ students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | All children/students participate in a curriculum that is rigorous and demands depth of understanding that has been horizontally and vertically aligned and implemented with fidelity. All children/ students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | |
| 3b. The instructional program and strategies used in the school are research- based practices. | Few children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | Some children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | Many children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | All children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | |
| 3c. Differentiated instruction is used to address the needs of all learners in the school. | Very few teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/ students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | Some teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of a few learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | Most teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of all learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | All teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of all learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | |
| 3d. Families are informed about the core instructional program and how the needs of their child are being met. | Families are rarely informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program or the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are sometimes informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are usually welcomed in the school and informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are always welcomed in the school and informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | |

4. Assessment – Universal Screening and Progress Monitoring

Probing Questions:

Does our school have a system that routinely and regularly screens all children/students for risk factors that might require early intervention? Does every classroom teacher regularly screen or monitor child/student performance/progress and adjust instruction for individual children/students based upon the results?

Are teachers supported to implement developmental, academic, and/or behavior interventions in the general education setting?

Are families informed about the results of universal screening and/or progress monitoring for their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|---|---|--|--|----------|
| 4a. Universal screening is used to identify needs for early intervention or targeted supports | The school does not use schoolwide screening for children/students to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | bolwide screening for dren/students to tify academic or may require early eted supports.groups of children/students each year with valid and academic or behavioral reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral intervention or other targeted supports.children/students a least once a year w valid and reliable to identify academic or behavioral intervention or other targeted supports. | | The school screens all children/students at multiple points during the school year using valid and reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | |
| 4b. Progress monitoring is planned and implemented by the school to support the developmental, academic, or behavioral progress of each child/student. | There is no schoolwide plan for teachers to review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student progress. | The school has a plan so that all teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student academic or behavioral progress. Some teachers are implementing this plan. | The school has a plan so that all teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student academic or behavioral progress. Most teachers are implementing this plan. | All teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student developmental, academic, or behavioral progress. | |
| 4c. Families are informed about screening and progress monitoring results. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are rarely informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are sometimes informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are usually informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | All families are always informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | |

5. Interventions and Supports

Probing Questions:

Are children/students with academic challenges identified?

Are they provided with instructional interventions?

Are these interventions evidence-based?

Are the interventions culturally appropriate for our children/students?

Are they implemented with fidelity?

Does the school implement a system of positive behavioral interventions and supports?

Does the school implement a multi-tiered system of supports (MTSS)?

Is the system implemented with fidelity?

Is the system culturally appropriate for the diversity of our child/student population?

Have we used data to determine its effectiveness?

Are teachers effective in its use with diverse groups of children/students?

Are families informed about the interventions and supports provided to their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|---|---|----------|
| 5a. Evidence-based behavioral interventions and supports, in addition to core instruction, are embedded within a multi-tiered framework and implemented with fidelity. | The school does not have a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental, evidence-based interventions. | The school has a plan to provide all children/ students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence- based interventions. Some teachers are already implementing this plan. | The school has a plan to provide all children/ students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence- based interventions. Most teachers are already implementing interventions with fidelity according to the plan. | The school has a plan so to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental, evidence-based interventions. All teachers identify children/students with behavioral or academic challenges and provide supplemental evidence- based interventions with fidelity. | |
| 5b. School-level practices use tiered response methods (MTSS) that include academic and behavioral interventions and supports. | The school has no schoolwide multi-tiered system of academic and behavioral supports or, if it has one, it is ineffective, disjointed, or inconsistently implemented. | The school has a plan to implement a schoolwide multi-tiered system of academic and behavioral supports and interventions in all classrooms. Some teachers and staff are already implementing elements of the support system in some classrooms. | A schoolwide multi- tiered academic and behavioral support system is implemented across all school environments and in all classrooms with high fidelity. | A schoolwide multi- tiered academic and behavioral support system that is culturally responsive to the school population is implemented across all school environments and in all classrooms with high fidelity. | |

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|--|--|---|----------|
| 5c. A comprehensive, district-level school discipline policy is in place and implemented. | The district currently has a zero-tolerance policy or lacks a cohesive discipline policy altogether. | District leaders are drafting a formal school discipline policy informed by best practice. | The district has a formal school discipline policy in place. The policy is culturally sensitive to the diversity of this school and favors tiered responses to child/ student misconduct, based on the nature and severity of the infraction. The policy requires positive, proactive, and restorative strategies focused on keeping children/students engaged and in school. Our school understands and implements the district policy with some degree of fidelity. | The district has a formal school discipline policy in place. The policy is culturally sensitive to the diversity of this school and favors tiered responses to child/ student misconduct, based on the nature and severity of the infraction. The policy requires positive, proactive, and restorative strategies focused on keeping children/students engaged and in school. All schools in the district understand and implement the district policy with high fidelity. | |
| 5d. Families are regularly informed, in their native or home language, of interventions provided to their children and their children's responses to those interventions for academic and behavioral skills. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are rarely informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are sometimes informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are regularly informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are always informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | |



Implementation Tracking and Plan Form

| AZ SSIP Action Plan LEA: | ESS Director: | |
|---|---------------|--|
| Team Members: | | |
| Date: | | |
| Focus Area Supported by Needs Assessment: | | |
| Change to be Sought: | | |

Collaborating Offices/Departments:

| Action Steps What needs to be done? | By Whom Who will take actions? | By When By what date will the action be done? | Resources and Support Available (financial, personnel, governance, and others) | Resources and Support Needed (financial, personnel, governance, and others) | Potential Barriers or Resistance What offices or departments might resist? Why? | Communication Plan for Implementation What offices, departments, and stakeholders should be informed about/involved with these actions? |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |

Child Find Evaluation Timeline Self-Assessment Student Form

| SSID No: DOB: | | | DOB: | Student: | | | Eligibility: | | |
|---------------|------------------|-----------|---|----------------|----------------|-------------|--|---|--|
| Ethnicity | nnicity: School: | | | Teacher: | | | Monitor: | Monitor: | |
| Primary h | nome language | indicated | by the parent Languag | ge in which th | e student is m | ost profici | ent | | |
| | | Eva | aluation/Reevaluation | | | | | | |
| PEA ✓ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA ✓ | Line Item | I-O-U | ſ | Description | |
| | II.A.1 | | Current evaluation 60-Day | | II.A.4 | | Eligibility consideration | IS | |
| | II.A.2 | | Review of existing data | | | | | areas related to the suspected | |
| | | | Parent request timeline | | | | | idemic, behavior, current vision d, for preschool, a CDA. (Indicate | |
| | | | Current information provided by the parents | | | | areas that have not been assessed.) 60-Day | | |
| | | | Current classroom-based assessments | | | | □ Vision □ Hearing | , | |
| | | | Teachers and related service provider observation(s), including pre-referral interventions | | | | Academics Cognitive Adaptive | □ Assistive tech. □ Motor skills □ Other | |
| | | | Formal assessments | | | | · | ional setting and progress in | |
| | II.A.3 | | Team determination of need for additional data | | | | general curriculum | | |
| | | | Team determined that existing data were sufficient or determined that additional data were needed | | | | Educational needs to a including assistive tech | ccess the general curriculum, nology | |
| | | | For reevaluation only, parents were informed of reason and right to request data | | | | | y additions or modifications to ervices are needed for the the general curriculum | |
| | | | Obtain informed parental consent or for re-evaluation only, documented efforts to obtain consent | | | | The impact of any educ | | |
| | | | | | | | The impact of ELL on p | rogress in general curriculum | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

COMMENTS:

Child Find Evaluation Timeline Self-Assessment Student Form

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | | | |
|-------|-----------|-------|--|-------|-----------|-------|--|
| | | | Team determined the student has a specific category of | PEA ✓ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
| | | | disability 60-Day | | | | OHI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| | | | Team determined the student needs special education and related services 60-Day | | | | OI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| | | | Assessments and other evaluation materials are administered in a language and form most likely to | | | | PSD—documents more than 3.0 SD below the mean in one or more areas |
| | | | yield accurate information 60-Day | | | | SLI—documents a communication disorder |
| | | | Sped 72 matches eligibility | | | | SLD—documents a significant discrepancy between |
| | | | A —documents a developmental disability that significantly affects verbal and nonverbal | | | | achievement and ability in one of the identified areas or failure to respond to intervention (RTI) |
| | | | communication and social interaction | | | | SLD—certifies that each team member agrees or |
| | | | DD—documents at least 1.5 SD and no more than 3.0 SD below the mean in two or more areas for a child | | | | disagrees |
| | | | who is at least 3 years of age but under 10 years of age | | | | SLD—documents determination of effects of environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage |
| | | | ED—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | SID—documents performance at least 4 SD below the |
| | | | HI —verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | mean |
| | | | HI—documents the language proficiency of the student | | | | TBI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| | | | MIID—documents performance on standard measures | | | | VI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| | | | between 2 and 3 SD below the mean | | | | VI—documents the results of an individualized Braille |
| | | | MOID—documents performance on standard measures | | | | assessment for a student who is considered blind |
| | | | between 3 and 4 SD below the mean | | II.A.5 | | For initial evaluation, the student was evaluated |
| | | | MD—documents a learning and developmental problem resulting from multiple disabilities 60-Day | | | | within 60 calendar days. # of days over: Reason: |
| | | | MDSSI—documents multiple disabilities that include at least one of the following: VI or HI 60-Day | | | | 60-Day |
| | | | | | | | |

COMMENTS:

Child Find Evaluation Timeline Self-Assessment Student Form

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|----------|---|-----------------|-------|-----------|-------|--|
| | | Individu | alized Education Program | | | III.A.7 | | Documentation of additional postsecondary transition components |
| | III.A.1 | | Current IEP (date:) 60- | -Day | | | | Progress reporting for services/activities |
| | III.A.6 | | For students 16 years of age or older, do of required postsecondary components. | | | | | By age 17, a statement of rights to transfer at age 18 |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals. Reason for " O " call: No evidence of goals Goal content not postsecondary Not measurable Required goal areas not addressed | | | | | |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals updated | d annually | | | | |
| | | | Documentation of annual IEP goal(s) that reasonably enable the student to meet th postsecondary goal(s) | | | | | |
| | | | Documentation of one or more transition services/activities that support postsecon | | | | | |
| | | | Evidence that a representative of another is likely to provide and/or pay for transition been invited to the meeting when parent obtained | on services has | | | | |
| | | | Documentation that the postsecondary g derived from age appropriate assessment | | | | | |
| | | | The student's course of study supports th postsecondary goal(s) | ne identified | | | | |
| | | | Documentation that student was invited | to meeting | | | | |

COMMENTS:_____

Child Find (Evaluation Timeline–Indicator 11) Analysis and Action Plan

| Paperwork and Process Review | Does the PEA have a tracking system that provides special education staff with the ability to follow the progress of a student through the evaluation process in order to ensure that timelines are not missed because of inattention to deadlines? If so, describe the tracking process. | Analyzing the evaluation process, including the tracking system once a student has been referred for an evaluation, what are the roles and responsibilities of each member of the MET? How do these roles and responsibilities impact the process? | Examine how the team determines what, if any, additional data are needed. At what point in the process is parental consent acquired? How does this impact the process? | Examine the impact of caseloads on the process. Are additional staff or more explicit agreements with contractors needed? | Examine the process for when the evaluation needs of a student exceed the staff's areas of expertise or experience. Do you have ready resources to follow up on vision, hearing, or behavioral concerns? Has the need for medical certification contributed to any delays? |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|
| Findings | | | | | |
| Evidence | | | | | |
| Staffing and Personnel Review | Review the quantity and qualifications of staff within the PEA to determine their ability to complete the evaluation timelines, including the ability to evaluate low-incidence disabilities. | Determine if there has been an increase or decrease in the percentage of qualified and fully certified staff over the last three years. What factors may have contributed to any changes? | Identify activities in the areas of hiring, retention, personnel development, and salary analysis that the PEA has undertaken to improve staff percentages. | Identify the number of unfilled evaluator positions in the PEA during the current school year. | Examine the number of contracted evaluators, including bilingual evaluators. How do the numbers impact the process? |
| Findings | | | | | |
| Evidence | | | | | |
| Problem Statement(s) | : | · | | | · |
| Actionable Cause(s): | | | | | |
| Goal: | | | | | |

Secondary Transition Self-Assessment Student Form

| SSID No: _ | lo: DOB: | | DOB: | Student: | | | Eligibility: |
|------------|------------|----------|---|-------------|---------------|-------------|---|
| Ethnicity: | | | School: | Teacher: _ | | | Monitor: |
| Primary ho | ome langua | - | ated by the parent:aluation/Reevaluation | Language in | which the stu | ident is mo | ost proficient: |
| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA ✓ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
| | II.A.1 | | Current evaluation 60-Day | | | | Documentation of eligibility for alternate assessment, if appropriate 60-Day |
| | II.A.5 | | For initial evaluation, the student was evaluated within 60 calendar days # of days over: | | | | For students eligible for alternate assessments only, short-term instructional objectives or benchmarks |
| | | | Reason: 60-Day | | | | Current progress report includes progress toward goals (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) |
| | | Individu | ualized Education Program | | | | No description of timeline Goals not measurable |
| | III.A.1 | | Current IEP (date:) 60-Day | | | | Not done in accordance with timeline Not reflective of measurement criteria in goal |
| | III.A.2 | <u> </u> | IEP review/revision and participants | | III.A.4 | | Individualized services to be provided |
| | | | IEP reviewed/revised annually (previous date:) | | | | Special education services to be provided (If "Out", indicate missing requirement) |
| | | | IEP team meeting included required participants (if "no" indicate missing members) Parent PEA Representative Gen Ed Teacher Test Results Special Ed Teacher Interpreter | | | | Not specially designed instruction (SDI) No documentation of why SDI is provided by other personnel No documentation of certified special education personnel in planning, progress monitoring, |
| | III.A.3 | | General required components of IEP are included | | | | or delivery of SDI |
| | | | IEP has PLAAFP (refer to guide steps) | | | | □ Other provider not certified (District Only) |
| | | | Measurable annual goals related to PLAAFP | | | | Consideration of related services |

COMMENTS:_____

Secondary Transition Self-Assessment Student Form

| PEA ✔ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|------------|--|-------|-----------|-------|--|
| | | | Consideration of supplementary aids, services, program modifications | | | | The student's course of study supports the identified postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | Consideration of supports for school personnel | | | | Documentation of annual IEP goal(s) that will reasonably enable the student to meet the |
| | | | Location, frequency and duration of services and modifications | | | | postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) | | | | Documentation that the student was invited to meeting |
| | | | □ Location □ Frequency □ Duration | | | | Evidence that a representative of another agency that is likely to provide and/or pay for transition services has been invited to the meeting when parent consent is |
| | | | Consideration of the need for extended school year | | | | obtained |
| | | | Extent to which student will not participate with nondisabled peers | | III.A.7 | | Documentation of additional postsecondary transition components |
| | | | Sped 72 matches LRE | | | | Progress reporting for services/activities |
| | Seco | ndary Trar | nsition Line Items (III.A.6 & III.A.7) | | | | By age 17, a statement of rights to transfer at age 18 |
| | III.A.6 | | For students 16 years of age or older, documentation of required postsecondary components. 60-Day | | III.A.8 | | IEP reflects student educational needs 60-Day |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals No evidence of goals Goal content not postsecondary Not measurable Required goal areas not addressed | | | | |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals updated annually | | | | |
| | | | Documentation that the postsecondary goals were derived from age-appropriate assessment(s) | | | | |
| | | | Documentation of one or more transition services/activities that support the postsecondary goal(s) | | | | |

COMMENTS:_____

Summary of Performance Worksheet

All unified districts and high schools use this section

| | PEA/District | | | | | | | |
|----|--------------|-----|------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Campus | | | | | | | |
| | Name | DOB | SSID | III.A.7 Documentation of a summary of performance (I O) | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | |

| | PEA/District Campus | | | | | | | | |
|----|---------------------------|-----|------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Name | DOB | SSID | III.A.7 Documentation of a summary of performance (I O) | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | | |

Secondary Transition (Indicator 13) Analysis and Action Plan

| Review current IEPs to determine if they facilitate and document compliance of all the required components that support the articulated goals and if the planning will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goals. | Determine if there is any inconsistency in the levels of compliance among school sites. If so, identify specific factors that may have contributed to the number of compliant or noncompliant student files at each site. Is this a site- specific compliance issue or a district-wide compliance issue? | Identify the number and types of trainings, conferences, and course work in which staff have participated outside of the PEA. List the professional development opportunities related to transition offered within the PEA. | Determine if the PEA has identified transition resources, including age- appropriate assessments. List those resources currently being utilized and develop a list of other possible resources that could facilitate transition planning. | Review professional development opportunities attended by staff responsible for the required transition components. |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Determine if the PEA staff is knowledgeable about the procedures necessary for completing all of the required transition components. | Identify the years of experience for each special education staff working with students 16 years of age and older. | Examine the involvement of personnel in transition and development. Has the PEA designated one or more individuals to assume this responsibility? | Describe the manner in which the PEA staff communicates with each other across departments in relation to transition planning. | Describe the manner in which the PEA has interacted with their ADE/ESS specialist and/or Secondary Transition specialist. If no working relationships have been established, describe steps that will be taken to ensure such partnerships. |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | determine if they facilitate and document compliance of all the required components that support the articulated goals and if the planning will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goals. | determine if they facilitate and document compliance of all the required components that support the articulated goals and if the planning will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goals.inconsistency in the levels of compliance among school sites. If so, identify specific factors that may have contributed to the number of compliant or noncompliant student files at each site. Is this a site- specific compliance issue or a district-wide compliance issue?Determine if the PEA staff is knowledgeable about the procedures necessary for completing all of the requiredIdentify the years of experience for each special education staff working with students 16 years of | determine if they facilitate and document compliance of all the required components that support the articulated goals and if the planning will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goals.inconsistency in the levels of compliance among school sites. If so, identify specific factors that may have contributed to the number of compliant or noncompliant student files at each site. Is this a site- specific compliance issue or a district-wide compliance issue?types of trainings, conferences, and course work in which staff have participated outside of the PEA. List the professional developmentDetermine if the PEA staff is knowledgeable about the procedures necessary for completing all of the required transition components.Identify the years of experience for each special education staff working with students 16 years of age and older.Examine the involvement of personnel in transition and development. Has the PEA designated one or more individuals to assume | determine if they facilitate and document compliance of all the required components that support the articulated goals and if the planning will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goals.inconsistency in the levels of compliance among school sites. If so, identify specific factors that may have contributed to the number of compliant or noncompliant student files at each site. Is this a site- specific compliance issue or a district-wide compliance issue?types of trainings, conferences, and course work in which staff have participated outside of the PEA. List the professional development opportunities related to transition offered within the PEA.identified transition resources, including age- appropriate assessments. List those resources currently being utilized and develop a list of other possible resources that could facilitate transition planning.Determine if the PEA staff is knowledgeable about the procedures necessary for completing all of the required transition components.Identify the years of experience for each special education staff working with students 16 years of age and older.Examine the involvement of personnel in transition and development. Has the PEA designated one or more individuals to assumeDescribe the manner in which the PEA staff communicates with each other across departments in relation to transition |

Disproportionality Self-Assessment Student Form

| SSID No: | SSID No: DOB: | | DOB: | Student: | | | Eligibility: | Eligibility: | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|---|----------------|----------------|--------------|--|---|--|
| Ethnicity | thnicity: School: Teacher: Monitor: | | | | | | | | |
| Primary h | ome language | indicated | by the parent Languag | ge in which th | e student is m | ost proficie | ent | | |
| Evaluation/Reevaluation | | | | | | | | | |
| PEA ✓ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA ✔ | Line Item | I-O-U | D | escription | |
| | II.A.1 | | Current evaluation 60-Day | | II.A.4 | | Eligibility considerations | 5 | |
| | II.A.2 | | Review of existing data | | | | | reas related to the suspected | |
| | | | Parent request timeline | | | | , | demic, behavior, current vision, for preschool, a CDA. (Indicate | |
| | | | Current information provided by the parents | | | | areas that have not bee | en assessed.) 60-Day | |
| | | | Current classroom-based assessments | | | | □ Vision □ Hearing | | |
| | | | Teachers and related service provider observation(s), including pre-referral interventions | | | | Academics Cognitive Adaptive | ☐ Assistive tech. ☐ Motor skills ☐ Other | |
| | | | Formal assessments | | | | · | onal setting and progress in | |
| | II.A.3 | | Team determination of need for additional data | | | | general curriculum | | |
| | | | Team determined that existing data were sufficient or determined that additional data were needed | | | | Educational needs to ac including assistive techr | cess the general curriculum, lology | |
| | | | For reevaluation only, parents were informed of reason and right to request data | | | | | additions or modifications to rvices are needed for the ne general curriculum | |
| | | | Obtain informed parental consent or for re-evaluation only; documented efforts to obtain consent | | | | The impact of any education | C | |
| | | | only, accumented enorts to obtain consent | | | | The impact of ELL on pr | ogress in general curriculum | |

COMMENTS:_____

Disproportionality Self-Assessment Student Form

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|--|-------|-----------|-------|--|
| | | | Team determined the student has a specific category of | | | | OHI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| _ | | _ | disability 60-Day | | | | OI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| | | | Team determined the student needs special education and related services 60-Day | | | | PSD—documents more than 3.0 SD below the mean in one or more areas |
| | | | Assessments and other evaluation materials are administered in a language and form most likely to yield accurate information 60-Day | | | | SLI—documents a communication disorder |
| | | | Sped 72 matches eligibility | | | | SLD—documents a significant discrepancy between achievement and ability in one of the identified areas or failure to respond to intervention (RTI) |
| | | | A —documents a developmental disability that significantly affects verbal and nonverbal communication and social interaction | | | | SLD—certifies that each team member agrees or disagrees |
| | | | DD—documents at least 1.5 SD and no more than 3.0 SD below the mean in two or more areas for a child | | | | SLD—documents determination of effects of environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage |
| _ | | _ | who is at least 3 years of age but under 10 years of age | | | | SID—documents performance at least 4 SD below the |
| | | | ED—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | mean |
| | | | HI —verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | TBI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| | | | HI—documents the language proficiency of the student | | | | VI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| | | | MIID—documents performance on standard measures between 2 and 3 SD below the mean | | | | VI—documents the results of an individualized Braille assessment for a student who is considered blind |
| | | | MOID—documents performance on standard measures between 3 and 4 SD below the mean | п | II.A.5 | | For initial evaluation, the student was evaluated |
| | | | MD—documents a learning and developmental problem resulting from multiple disabilities 60-Day | _ | - | | within 60 calendar days. # of days over: |
| | | | MDSSI—documents multiple disabilities that include at least one of the following: VI or HI 60-Day | | | | Reason: 60-Day |
| | | | | | | | |

COMMENTS:

Disproportionality Self-Assessment Student Form

| PEA ✓ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|----------|--|-------|-----------|-------|--|
| | | Individu | ualized Education Program | | III.A.7 | | Documentation of additional postsecondary transition components |
| | III.A.1 | | Current IEP. (date:) 60-Day | | | | Progress reporting for services/activities |
| | III.A.6 | | For students 16 years of age or older, documentation of required postsecondary components. | | | | By age 17, a statement of rights to transfer at age 18 |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals. Reason for "o" call: No evidence of goals Goal content not postsecondary Not measurable Required goal areas not addressed | | | | |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals updated annually | | | | |
| | | | Documentation of annual IEP goal(s) that will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goal(s) | | | | |
| | | | Documentation of one or more transition services/activities that support postsecondary goal(s) | | | | |
| | | | Evidence that a representative of another agency that is likely to provide and/or pay for transition services has been invited to the meeting when parent consent is obtained | | | | |
| | | | Documentation that the postsecondary goals were derived from age appropriate assessment(s) | | | | |
| | | | The student's course of study supports the identified postsecondary goal(s) | | | | |
| | | | Documentation that student was invited to meeting | | | | |

COMMENTS:_____

The content of this document has been transcribed from the IDEA Data Centers' <u>Equity, Inclusion, and Opportunity: Addressing Success Gaps – Indicators</u> of Success Rubric Version 3.0

Directions for completing the Success Gaps rubric:

This rubric is designed to help any school or school district identify gaps in performance between groups or subgroups of children or students. We use the term children/students because the review is inclusive of any preschool children enrolled in a school or a district. Detailed instructions and resource materials are included in the Success Gaps Toolkit located on the resource pages of the <u>IDEA Data Center</u>.

Ideally, this rubric should be completed by a team. Possible team members may be representatives from general education, special education, district leadership, and school-based leadership. The suggested practice for completion of the rubric is to have team members complete the rubric individually, meet to discuss similarities and differences in scoring, then come to consensus on a final score as a team.

Insights gained from completing the rubric will be used to complete the Action Plan template on the final page of this document. As activities in the Action Plan(s) are implemented and successfully sustained, review and update the rubric section(s) to demonstrate progress. To complete this portion of the monitoring activities, submit a copy of the original rubric, the completed Action Plan, and an updated rubric to your Program Support and Monitoring specialist.

1. Data-Based Decision Making

Probing Questions:

Does our school or district identify data elements or quality indicators that are tracked over time to measure school effectiveness?

What are those data elements? Are the data valid and reliable?

Are data disaggregated by child/student demographics such as race, ethnicity, gender, disability, etc. to identify gaps in achievement and performance and trends with over- or underrepresentation in identification, placement, and discipline?

Are data reviewed at regular intervals to determine progress or change?

Are data used to make policy, procedure, and practice decisions in our school?

How regularly do we use these data to inform our decisions?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 1a. Decisions about the school curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports, and school improvement initiatives are based on data. | Decisions about the school curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports and school improvement initiatives are rarely systematically based on data. | Some teachers and programs consistently use valid and reliable data systematically to inform decisions about curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports, and school improvement initiatives. | ☐ The data used are valid and reliable. A schoolwide formalized and systematic process is in place to monitor and reinforce the continuous improvement of individual learners, subgroups of learners, initiatives, and programs within the school. It is implemented by some, but not all, staff. | The data used are valid and reliable. The schoolwide process for data-based decision making is implemented and evident for all children/students and subgroups of children/students, in all classrooms, and is used in decisions about school initiatives or programs, as well. | |

2. Cultural Responsiveness

Probing Questions:

Are school staff prepared to work with children/students from diverse cultural and linguistic backgrounds?

Is our school culture responsive and welcoming to children/students and families from culturally/linguistically diverse groups?

To what degree does our teaching staff reflect the cultural/linguistic makeup of our school's population?

Do school staff understand and value each individual child's and each group's unique cultural values and needs?

Are teachers familiar with the beliefs, values, cultural practices, discourse styles, and other features of children's/students' lives that may have an impact on classroom

participation and success, and are they prepared to use this information in designing instruction?

Do research-based interventions account for the schools' cultural context as a part of implementation?

Are screening, referral, and assessment practices, procedures, and tools unbiased and nondiscriminatory?

Does the staff at our school understand that it is our job to be culturally responsive to all their children/students?

Are we linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families?

Do culturally responsive practices inform our outreach to the community including families and community partners?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|---|--|--|----------|
| 2a. Culturally responsive instructional interventions and teaching strategies are used throughout the school or district. | Staff practices and attitudes about culture, race, and linguistic background prevent success gaps from being addressed. Many teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/ students in the school. | Some staff practices and attitudes about culture, race, and linguistic background are barriers to addressing success gaps. Many teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/students in the school. Staff have received training in culturally responsive practices. | Staff receive ongoing training in culturally responsive practices. The practices and attitudes of most staff are responsive to cultural, racial, and linguistic diversity. Few teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/students in the school. | Staff receive ongoing training in culturally responsive practices. The practices and attitudes of all staff are responsive to cultural, racial, and linguistic diversity. The school recognizes and celebrates the diversity and richness of students' and families' backgrounds. All teachers can effectively teach all groups of children/students in the school. | |
| 2b. Faculty and staff are prepared for linguistic diversity among students and families. | Most teachers are unprepared to meet the linguistic needs of many students in the school. | Some teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. Few staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. Other supports are almost always provided when this is not the case. | Most teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. Other supports are always provided when this is not the case. Most staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. | All teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. All staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. | |

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 2c. The school or district facilitates the participation of all the families that make up the diversity of the school. | Parents and family members typically attending school activities, functions, or parent/teacher meetings do not represent the full diversity of the school, including the group(s) that experience success gaps. | Parents and family members typically attending school activities, functions, or parent/teacher meetings represent some of the diversity of the school but not all the groups that are experiencing success gaps. | Parents and family members of the groups that experience success gaps in the school feel welcomed and are engaged in school activities, meetings, or other functions. Some of the diversity of the school, but not all the groups that are experiencing success gaps, are represented on stakeholder planning groups to reduce success gaps. School staff members are taking intentional measures to learn about the culture of these diverse groups. | Parents and family members of the groups that experience success gaps feel welcomed in the school and are frequently engaged in school activities, meetings, or other functions. All the groups that are experiencing success gaps are represented on stakeholder planning groups to reduce success gaps. School staff members on an ongoing basis take intentional measures to learn about the culture of these diverse groups. | |

3. Core Instructional Program

Probing Questions:

Do all groups of children in our school receive high-quality instruction based on the principles of Universal Design for Learning? Are all of our teachers skilled in teaching a classroom filled with learners who are diverse culturally, linguistically, and in learning style? Are all families aware of the core curriculum and of the differentiations/accommodations/modifications provided for their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 3a. A consistent, well- articulated curriculum is in place and implemented with fidelity. | Some children/students do not have access to a rigorous core curriculum taught by effective content teachers. | ☐ Inconsistent curriculum planning prevents most children/students from experiencing a rigorous curriculum that is horizontally and vertically aligned and that demands depth of understanding. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | Most children/students participate in a curriculum that is rigorous, demands depth of understanding, and is also beginning to be horizontally and vertically aligned and implemented with fidelity. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | All children/students participate in a curriculum that is rigorous and demands depth of understanding that has been horizontally and vertically aligned and implemented with fidelity. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | |
| 3b. The instructional program and strategies used in the school are research- based practices. | Few children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | Some children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | Many children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | All children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | |
| 3c. Differentiated instruction is used to address the needs of all learners in the school. | Very few teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/ students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | Some teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of a few learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | Most teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of all learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | All teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of all learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | |
| 3d. Families are informed about the core instructional program and how the needs of their child are being met. | Families are rarely informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program or the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are sometimes informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are usually welcomed in the school and informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are always welcomed in the school and informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | |

4. Assessment – Universal Screening and Progress Monitoring

Probing Questions:

Does our school have a system that routinely and regularly screens all children/students for risk factors that might require early intervention? Does every classroom teacher regularly screen or monitor child/student performance/progress and adjust instruction for individual children/students based upon the results?

Are teachers supported to implement developmental, academic, and/or behavior interventions in the general education setting?

Are families informed about the results of universal screening and/or progress monitoring for their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|--|--|--|----------|
| 4a. Universal screening is used to identify needs for early intervention or targeted supports | The school does not use schoolwide screening for children/students to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | The school screens some groups of children/ students each year with valid and reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | The school screens all children/students at least once a year with valid and reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | The school screens all children/students at multiple points during the school year using valid and reliable tools to identify academic or behavioral risk factors that may require early intervention or other targeted supports. | |
| 4b. Progress monitoring is planned and implemented by the school to support the developmental, academic or behavioral progress of each child/student. | There is no schoolwide plan for teachers to review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student progress. | The school has a plan so that all teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student academic or behavioral progress. Some teachers are implementing this plan. | The school has a plan so that all teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student academic or behavioral progress. Most teachers are implementing this plan. | All teachers review child/student performance data at regular intervals and adjust classroom instruction and instructional interventions to support child/student developmental, academic, or behavioral progress. | |
| 4c. Families are informed about screening and progress monitoring results. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are rarely informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are sometimes informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | Families in the groups identified with success gaps are usually informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | All families are always informed, in language they can understand, of their child's screening and progress monitoring results for academic and behavioral skills. | |

5. Interventions and Supports

Probing Questions:

Are children/students with academic challenges identified?

Are they provided with instructional interventions?

Are these interventions evidence-based?

Are the interventions culturally appropriate for our children/students?

Are they implemented with fidelity?

Does the school implement a system of positive behavioral interventions and supports?

Does the school implement a multi-tiered system of supports (MTSS)?

Is the system implemented with fidelity?

Is the system culturally appropriate for the diversity of our child/student population?

Have we used data to determine its effectiveness?

Are teachers effective in its use with diverse groups of children/students?

Are families informed about the interventions and supports provided to their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|---|--|----------|
| 5a. Evidence-based behavioral interventions and supports, in addition to core instruction, are embedded within a multi-tiered framework and implemented with fidelity. | The school does not have a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental, evidence-based interventions. | The school has a plan to provide all children/ students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence- based interventions. Some teachers are already implementing this plan. | The school has a plan to provide all children/ students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence- based interventions. Most teachers are already implementing interventions with fidelity according to the plan. | The school has a plan to provide all children/ students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence- based interventions. All teachers identify children/students with behavioral or academic challenges and provide supplemental evidence- based interventions with fidelity. | |
| 5b. School-level practices use tiered response methods (MTSS) that include academic and behavioral interventions and supports. | The school has no schoolwide multi-tiered system of academic and behavioral supports or, if it has one, it is ineffective, disjointed, or inconsistently implemented. | The school has a plan to implement a schoolwide multi-tiered system of academic and behavioral supports and interventions in all classrooms. Some teachers and staff are already implementing elements of the support system in some classrooms. | A schoolwide multi- tiered academic and behavioral support system is implemented across all school environments and in all classrooms with high fidelity. | A schoolwide multi- tiered academic and behavioral support system that is culturally responsive to the school population is implemented across all school environments and in all classrooms with high fidelity. | |

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|--|--|---|----------|
| 5c. A comprehensive district-level school discipline policy is in place and implemented. | The district currently has a zero-tolerance policy or lacks a cohesive discipline policy altogether. | District leaders are drafting a formal school discipline policy informed by best practice. | The district has a formal school discipline policy in place. The policy is culturally sensitive to the diversity of this school and favors tiered responses to child/ student misconduct, based on the nature and severity of the infraction. The policy requires positive, proactive, and restorative strategies focused on keeping children/students engaged and in school. Our school understands and implements the district policy with some degree of fidelity. | The district has a formal school discipline policy in place. The policy is culturally sensitive to the diversity of this school and favors tiered responses to child/ student misconduct, based on the nature and severity of the infraction. The policy requires positive, proactive, and restorative strategies focused on keeping children/students engaged and in school. All schools in the district understand and implement the district policy with high fidelity. | |
| 5d. Families are regularly informed, in their native or home language, of interventions provided to their children and their children's responses to those interventions for academic and behavioral skills. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are rarely informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are sometimes informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are regularly informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are always informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | |



Implementation Tracking and Plan Form

| AZ SSIP Action Plan LEA: | ESS Director: | |
|--------------------------|---------------|--|
| Team Members: | | |
| Date: | | |
| | | |
| Change to be Sought: | | |

Collaborating Offices/Departments:

| Action Steps What needs to be done? | By Whom Who will take actions? | By When By what date will the action be done? | Resources and Support Available (financial, personnel, governance, and others) | Resources and Support Needed (financial, personnel, governance, and others) | Potential Barriers or Resistance What offices or departments might resist? Why? | Communication Plan for Implementation What offices, departments, and stakeholders should be informed about/involved with these actions? |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |

July 2019

Tab Insert

ON-SITE MONITORING

Instructions for On-Site Monitoring

PEAs completing an on-site monitoring will follow these steps:

- When a PEA's comprehensive score on the Risk Analysis Tool is at or below the state average, the PEA will complete an on-site monitoring.
- The Program Support and Monitoring (PSM) specialist and the PEA director meet in Year 3 to discuss on-site monitoring activities.
- If not targeted for SSIP participation, the PEA, in consultation with the PSM specialist, selects one outcome focus area (see the Introduction for focus areas).
- The PEA selects a team.
- > In Year 4, the PEA prepares a secure room for the monitoring activities.
- The PEA and PSM team conduct complete file reviews of a representative sample of student files (see the OSM-2 form for assistance in selecting files).
 - For security reasons, and ability to establish trends, files must be hard copies.
 Reviewing files within software programs is a liability for both ADE/ESS and the PEA.
- > The PEA and PSM team complete classroom observations.
- The PEA and PSM team collect data for Indicators 11 (Child Find—initial evaluations) and 13 (Secondary Transition).
- > The PSM team inputs data and generates a draft Summary of Findings.
- > The PEA and PSM team review the draft Summary of Findings report.
- The PEA and PSM team determine the level of performance in the areas of Child Find, Evaluation/Reevaluation, Individualized Education Program, and Procedural Safeguards/Parental Participation and hold an exit conference.
- > The PEA and PSM team develop a Corrective Action Plan (CAP).
- The PEA and PSM specialist schedule at least three (3) follow-up visits/desk audits during the corrective action year. One of these visits will be specific to reviewing the 60-day corrective action items.
- PSM sends written notification of findings no later than 30 days from the completion of the Summary of Findings discussion.
- The PEA has one calendar year from the written notification of findings to correct all individual instances of noncompliance. The PSM specialist verifies correction.
- The PSM specialist reviews a representative sample of subsequent files to ensure systemic correction and sustainability.

- The PSM specialist will review the CAP for completion of CAP activities. This may require the PEA to produce evidence of trainings provided, training materials, agendas, etc.
- > The PEA completes the Supplemental CAP activities (compliance-related outcome focus areas).

Instructions for On-Site Compliance Scoring and Summary Documentation

The PEA and PSM team will use the calls of "I" for *In Compliance*, "O" for *Out of Compliance*, and "U" for those items that are *Unreported* or do not apply for all on-site file review forms and worksheets.

The steps for developing the final reports are listed below:

A compliance call is made for each individual line item reviewed using the Guide Steps. Enter an *I*, *O*, or *U* on the corresponding line for each item on the form.

- 1. Once the forms and worksheets have been completed, the data are entered into the monitoring application. The application automatically calculates the compliance level of each line item by summarizing the data that was collected from all sources and transfers the data into the draft Summary of Findings (SOF).
- 2. Together, the PEA and PSM team members review each of the four sections (Child Find, Evaluation/Reevaluation, IEP, and Procedural Safeguards/Parental Participation) in the draft Summary of Findings (SOF) report.
- 3. Based upon the review of all data, the team determines the level of performance of the PEA for each of the four sections. There are four options for each section: Substantial Evidence of Effective Systems, Inconsistent Evidence of Effective Systems, Minimal Evidence of Effective Systems, or No Evidence of Effective Systems.
- 4. The PEA and PSM teams reach agreement on the areas of strength and concern based upon all data gathered. The strengths and concerns related to the special education program will be documented in the Written Notification of Findings letter sent to the PEA after the monitoring. The level of performance for the four sections in the draft SOF will also be noted in this letter.
- 5. The monitoring application will generate a Corrective Action Plan (CAP) framework. The PEA team, in collaboration with the PSM specialist, will develop the CAP so that it is meaningful to the PEA and clearly outlines the activities and requirements necessary for the correction of noncompliance and the attainment of sustainability. Discussion for the CAP should clearly identify the reason the noncompliance occurred, consider solutions for the PEA to correct the systems, and suggest internal verification that the PEA can implement to ensure sustainability.

Special Education On-Site Monitoring File Sample Selection

PEA: _____

| Number of students in special education | 10 or fewer | 11–100 | 101–250 | 251–500 | 501 or more |
|--|-------------|--------|---------|---------|-------------|
| Number of eligible student files | All | 11–20 | 21–40 | 41–65 | 66+ |
| Initial evaluations of students found not eligible— line item II.A.5 only | 2 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 12+ |

Select a representative sample of files based upon your student population. This may include the following, if they are applicable:

- Files from each school site
- Initial evaluations
- Parent request for evaluation
- All disability categories
- All service delivery models within the PEA
- English language learners (ELLs)
- Students who are 16 years of age or older (Indicator 13)
- Students in dropout recovery programs
- Out-of-district placements (ASDB, private day school, and residential placement)
- Students from an elementary-only district that are tuitioned (not open enrolled) to a neighboring unified or high school district
- Students phased out of special education services
- Students who have been suspended, have been expelled, or have moved to an interim alternative educational setting (IAES) for longer than 10 days
- Students initially evaluated and found not eligible (Indicator 11)
- Preschool students

.....

Additional items needed for the monitoring:

- List of student files to be reviewed (Please use the OSM-3 form.)
- Copy of on-site monitoring section of the Arizona Monitoring Manual (available online)
- Guide Steps for each PEA team member
- Copy of current SPED 72 report from AzEDS
- Documentation of systems of referral in place for children from birth to 5 years (including AzEIP referral and/or the district of residence)
- Hearing and vision screenings (if not maintained in student file)
- Home language surveys (if not maintained in student file)
- Copy of Arizona English Language Learner Assessment (AZELLA) (if not maintained in student file)
- Current progress reports

General Background Information

- 1. The PEA and the PSM specialist will complete the monitoring setup form.
- 2. The PEA will identify the work hours for staff.
- 3. The PEA and the PSM specialist will review and finalize the agenda for the on-site monitoring prior to the start of the on-site monitoring.
- 4. The PEA will make arrangements for a work area with adequate table space for the monitoring team.
- 5. The PEA will make available a computer, printer, and other technical supports and supplies needed during monitoring.

The following matrix may be used to assist you in determining the sample to be selected for the monitoring:

| Service Delivery Options | A | E D | E D P | 0 I | M D | M D S S I | M I D | M O I D | S I D | O H I | T B I | H | V I | S L D | S L I | D D | P S D |
|---|---|--------|-------------|--------|--------|-----------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---|--------|-------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| Included in general education class 80% or more of the day (A) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Included in general education classroom between 40% and 79% of the school day (B) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Included in general education classroom for less than 40% of the school day (C) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PEA-operated special school (D) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tuitioned to other public school (D) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Private day school (D) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Private residential (E, EA, EB, or EC) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Homebound/hospital/institution settings (H) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ASDB/PDSD (D) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

C4

Date of Review: _____

List all student files and indicate the purpose of review for each file selected.

| Student Last Name, First Initial SSID | DOB | School or Teacher | Eligibility Category | Initial Eval | Initial Eval Did Not Qualify | Pre-K | English Language Learner (ELL) | Dropout Recovery Program (DRP) | Approved Private Day | Secondary Transition/ Elementary Tuitioned Out to Neighboring HS | Phased Out | Suspended / Expelled | Reviewer Signature or Initials |
|---|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-------|---|---|----------------------------|--|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSID | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| SSID No: | | | DOB: | Student: _ | | Eligibility: | | | | | |
|------------|--|-------|---|------------|---|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ethnicity: | | | School: | Teacher: _ | | | Monitor: | | | | |
| Primary ho | Primary home language indicated by the parent: | | | | Language in which the student is most proficient: | | | | | | |
| | Evaluation/Reevaluation | | | | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | | | |
| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | II.A.4 | | Eligibility considerations | | | | |
| | II.A.1 | | Current evaluation 60-Day | | | | | eas related to the suspected | | | |
| | II.A.2 | | Review of existing data | | | | | emic, behavior, current vision or preschool, a CDA (indicate | | | |
| | | | Parent request timeline | | | | areas that have not beer | assessed) 60-Day | | | |
| | | | Current information provided by the parents | | | | □ Vision □ Hearing | | | | |
| | | | Current classroom-based assessments | | | | Academics Cognitive | Assistive tech. Motor skills | | | |
| | | | Teachers and related service providers observation(s), | | | | □ Adaptive | Other | | | |
| | | | including pre-referral interventions | | | | | nal setting and progress in | | | |
| | | | Formal assessments | | | | general curriculum | | | | |
| | II.A.3 | | Team determination of need for additional data | | | | Educational needs to account of the second s | ess the general curriculum, | | | |
| | | | Team determined that existing data were sufficient or determined that additional data were needed | | | | - | additions or modifications to | | | |
| | | | For reevaluation only, parents were informed of | | | | student to progress in the | | | | |
| _ | | _ | reason and right to request data | | | | The impact of any educat | ional disadvantage | | | |
| | | | Obtained informed parental consent or for reevaluation only, documented efforts to obtain consent | | | | The impact of English lang the general curriculum | guage learning on progress in | | | |
| | | | | | | | Team determined the stu of disability 60-Day | dent has a specific category | | | |

COMMENTS:_____

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| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|--|-------|-----------|-------|---|
| | | | Team determined the student needs special education and related services 60-Day | | | | PSD—documents more than 3.0 SD below the mean in one or more areas |
| | | | Assessments and other evaluation materials are | | | | SLI—documents a communication disorder |
| | | | administered in a language and form most likely to yield accurate information 60-Day | | | | SLD—documents a significant discrepancy between |
| | | | Sped 72 matches eligibility | | | | achievement and ability in one of the identified areas or failure to respond to intervention (RTI) |
| | | | A—documents a developmental disability that significantly affects verbal and nonverbal | | | | SLD—certifies that each team member agrees or disagrees |
| | | | communication and social interaction DD—documents at least 1.5 SD and no more than 3.0 | | | | SLD—documents determination of effects of environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage |
| | | | SD below the mean in two or more areas for a child who is at least 3 years of age, but under 10 years of age | | | | SID—documents performance at least 4 SD below the mean |
| | | | ED—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | TBI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| | | | HI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | VI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| | | | HI—documents the language proficiency of the student | | | | VI—documents the results of an individualized Braille assessment for a student who is considered blind |
| | | | MIID—documents performance on standard measures between 2 and 3 SD below the mean | | II.A.5 | | For initial evaluation, the student was evaluated within 60 calendar days # of days over: |
| | | | MOID—documents performance on standard measures between 3 and 4 SD below the mean | | | | Reason: 60-Day |
| | | | MD—documents a learning and developmental problem resulting from multiple disabilities 60-Day | | | | |
| | | | MDSSI—documents multiple disabilities that include at least one of the following: VI or HI 60-Day | | | | |
| | | | OHI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | |
| | | | OI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | |

COMMENTS:

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| | | Individu | alized Education Program | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|----------|---|-------|-----------|-------|---|
| PEA ✔ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | III.A.4 | | Individualized services to be provided |
| | III.A.1 | | Current IEP (date:) 60-Day | | | | Special education services to be provided |
| | III.A.2 | | IEP review/revision and participants | _ | | _ | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) |
| | | | IEP reviewed/revised annually (previous date:) | | | | Not specially designed instruction (SDI) No documentation of why SDI is provided by other personnel |
| | | | IEP team meeting included required participants (if "no" indicate missing members) Parent PEA Representative Gen Ed Teacher Test Results Special Ed Teacher Interpreter | | | | No documentation of certified special education personnel in planning, progress monitoring, or delivery of SDI Special education teacher not certified Other provider not certified (district only) |
| | III.A.3 | | General required components of IEP are included | | | | Consideration of related services |
| | | | IEP has PLAAFP (refer to Guide Steps) | | | | Consideration of supplementary aids, services, program modifications |
| | | | Measurable annual goals related to PLAAFP | | | | Consideration of supports for school personnel |
| | | | Documentation of eligibility for alternate assessment, if appropriate 60-Day | | | | Location, frequency and duration of services and modifications |
| | | | For students eligible for alternate assessments only, short-term instructional objectives or benchmarks | | | | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) □ Location |
| | | | Current progress report includes progress toward goals | | | | □ Frequency □ Duration |
| | | | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) | | | | Consideration of the need for extended school year |
| | | | No description of timeline Goals not measurable Not done in accordance with timeline | | | | Extent to which student will not participate with nondisabled peers |
| | | | □ Not reflective of measurement criteria in goal | | | | Sped 72 matches LRE |

COMMENTS:_____

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| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|------------|--|-------|-----------|-------------|---|
| | III.A.5 | | Other considerations | | | | The student's course of study supports the identified postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | Consideration of strategies/supports to address behavior that impedes student's learning or that of others | | | | Documentation of annual IEP goal(s) that will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | Consideration of individual accommodations in testing, if appropriate | | | | Documentation that the student was invited to the meeting |
| | | | Consideration of communication needs of the student | | | | Evidence that a representative of another agency that |
| | | | Consideration of assistive technology devices and service needs | | | | is likely to provide and/or pay for transition services has been invited to the meeting when parent consent |
| | | | For students who are ELL, consideration of language needs related to the IEP | _ | | | has been obtained |
| | | | For students with HI, consideration of the child's | | III.A.7 | | Documentation of additional postsecondary transition components |
| | | | language and communication needs | | | | Progress reporting for services/activities |
| | Secor | ndary Tran | sition Line Items (III.A.6 & III.A.7) | | | | By age 17, a statement of rights to transfer at age 18 |
| | III.A.6 | | For students 16 years of age or older, documentation of required postsecondary components 60-Day | | III.A.8 | | IEP reflects student educational needs 60-Day Reason for " O " call |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals | | | | |
| | | | No evidence of goals Goal content not postsecondary | | Pro | cedural Sat | feguards/Parental Participation |
| | | | Not measurable | | IV.A.1 | | Notices provided at required times and in a language |
| | | | Required goal areas not addressed | | | | and form that is understandable to the parent |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals updated annually | | | | Procedural safeguards notice provided to parents within the last 12 months 60-Day |
| | | | Documentation that the postsecondary goals were derived from age-appropriate assessment(s) | | | | All required notices provided in a language that is: |
| | | | Documentation of one or more transition services/activities that support the postsecondary goal(s) | | | | the native language of the parent understandable to public 60-Day |

COMMENTS:

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| PEA ✓ | Line Item IV.A.2 | I-O-U | Description PWN provided at required times and contains | Referral | Additional Data |
|-------|---------------------|-------|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | | required components | Implementation Date: | Implementation Date: |
| | | | | PWN Provision Date: | PWN Provision Date: |
| | | | PWN provided to parents at required times in the last 12 months | | |
| | | | For PWN, a description of the action proposed or refused by the PEA | | |
| | | | For PWN, explanation of why the agency proposed or refused to take the action | | |
| | | | For PWN, description of any options considered and why these options were rejected | | |
| | | | For PWN, description of evaluation procedures, tests, records used as a basis for the decision | | |
| | | | For PWN, description of any other relevant factors | | |
| | | | For PWN, if the notice is not an initial referral for evaluation, a statement of how a copy of the procedural safeguards can be obtained | | |
| | | | For PWN, sources to obtain assistance in understanding the notice | | |

| Referral | Additional Data | Eligibility | Initial Placement | IEP/FAPE | Suspension/ Expulsion |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Implementation Date: |
| PWN Provision Date: |
| | | | | | |
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COMMENTS:

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|---|
| | IV.A.3 | | Discipline procedures and requirements followed |
| | | | Notified parent on the same date the disciplinary decision was made |
| | | | If a change in placement occurred, the IEP team conducted a review within 10 school days to determine the relationship between the student's disability and behavior |
| | | | If the IEP team determined that behavior was a manifestation of the student's disability, an FBA was conducted and a BIP implemented or if already in place, a BIP reviewed and modified, as necessary 60-Day |
| | | | If the IEP team determined that behavior was a manifestation of the student's disability, the student was returned to placement from which the student was removed, unless the parent and PEA agreed to a change of placement 60-Day |
| | | | For suspension or IAES placement, student continued to be provided FAPE, including services and adaptations described in the IEP 60-Day |

COMMENTS:

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July 2019

Agency Form

AF

| Date: _ | | | | Specialist: |
|----------|--------------|-------|---|-------------|
| PEA: | | | | |
| PEA ✓ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | |
| | I.A.1 | — | PEA has board-approved policies and procedures for child find. | |
| | I.A.1 | | Child find procedures are disseminated to parents. | |
| | I.A.1 | | PEA maintains invitation list and agenda for private school/home schooled involvement. | |
| COMM | ENTS: | | | |

| | PEA/District | | | | | | |
|----|--------------|-----|------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Campus | | | | | | |
| | Name | DOB | SSID | Entry data (record date) | Date screened or records reviewed (record date) | I.A.2 Child find for K–12 grades occurs within 45 days of entry (I O) | I.A.2 Follow-up occurred if concerns were noted on the screening (I O U) |
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | |
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| 5 | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | |

| | PEA/District | | | | | | |
|----|--------------|-----|------|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | Campus | | | | | | |
| | Name | DOB | SSID | Entry data (record date) | Date screened or records reviewed (record date) | I.A.2 Child find for K–12 grades occurs within 45 days of entry (I O) | I.A.2 Follow-up occurred if concerns were noted on the screening (I O U) |
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | |
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| 9 | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | |

Summary of Performance Worksheet

All unified districts and high schools use this section

| | PEA/District | | | |
|----|--------------|-----|------|---|
| | Campus | | | |
| | Name | DOB | SSID | III.A.7 Documentation of a summary of performance (I O) |
| 1 | | | | |
| 2 | | | | |
| 3 | | | | |
| 4 | | | | |
| 5 | | | | |
| 6 | | | | |
| 7 | | | | |
| 8 | | | | |
| 9 | | | | |
| 10 | | | | |

| | PEA/District | | | |
|----|--------------|-----|------|---|
| | Campus | | | |
| | Name | DOB | SSID | III.A.7 Documentation of a summary of performance (I O) |
| 1 | | | | |
| 2 | | | | |
| 3 | | | | |
| 4 | | | | |
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| 10 | | | | |

Child Find (Evaluation Timeline—Indicator 11) Analysis and Action Plan

| Paperwork and Process Review | Does the PEA have a tracking system that provides special education staff with the ability to follow the progress of a student through the evaluation process in order to ensure that timelines are not missed because of inattention to deadlines? If so, describe the process. | Analyzing the evaluation process, including the tracking system once a student has been referred for an evaluation, what are the roles and responsibilities of each member of the MET? How do these roles and responsibilities impact the process? | Examine the manner in which the team determines what, if any, additional data are needed. At what point in the process is parental consent acquired? How does this impact the process? | Examine the impact of caseloads on the process. Are additional staff needed or are more explicit agreements with contractors required? | Examine the process when the evaluation needs of a student exceed the staff's area of expertise or experience. Do you have ready resources to follow up on vision, hearing, or behavioral concerns? Has the need for medical certification contributed to any delay? |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| Findings | | | | | |
| Evidence | | | | | |
| Staffing and Personnel Review | Review the quantity and qualifications of staff within the PEA to determine their ability to complete the evaluation timelines, including the ability to evaluate low-incidence disabilities. | Determine if there has been an increase or decrease in the percentage of qualified and fully certified staff over the last three years. What factors may have contributed to any changes? | Identify activities in the areas of hiring, retention, personnel development, and salary analysis that the PEA has undertaken to improve staff percentages. | Identify the number of unfilled evaluator positions in the PEA during the current school year. | Examine the number of contracted evaluators, including bilingual evaluators. How do the numbers impact the process? |
| Findings | | | | | |
| Evidence | | | | | |
| Problem Statemen Actionable Cause(s | | | | | |
| Goal: | | | | | |

Secondary Transition (Indicator 13) Analysis and Action Plan

| Data Review | Review current IEPs to determine if they facilitate and document compliance of all the required components that support the articulated goals and if the planning will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goals. | Determine if there is any inconsistency in the levels of compliance among school sites. If so, identify specific factors that may have contributed to the number of compliant or noncompliant student files at each site. Is this a site- specific compliance issue or a district-wide compliance issue? | Identify the number and types of trainings, conferences, and course work in which staff has participated outside of the PEA. List the professional development opportunities related to transition offered within the PEA. | Determine if the PEA has identified transition resources, including age- appropriate assessments. List those resources currently being utilized and develop a list of other possible resources that could facilitate transition planning. | Review professional development opportunities attended by staff responsible for the required transition components. |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|--|---|
| Findings | | | | | |
| Evidence | | | | | |
| Supports and Services | Determine if the PEA staff is knowledgeable about the procedures necessary for completing all the required transition components. | Identify the years of experience, for each special education staff, who works with students 16 years of age and older. | Examine the involvement of personnel in transition and development. Has the PEA designated one or more individuals to assume this responsibility? | Describe the manner in which the PEA staff communicates with each other across departments in relation to transition planning. | Describe the manner in which the PEA has interacted with their ADE/PSM specialist and/or a secondary transition specialist. If no working relationships have been established, describe steps that will be taken to ensure such a partnership. |
| Findings | | | | | |
| Evidence | | | | | |
| Problem Statement(s): | | | | | |
| Actionable Cause(s): | | | | | |
| Goals: | | | | | |

Tab Insert

GUIDE STEPS

Acronyms for Forms

| AF CFW SPW | Agency Form Child Find Worksheet Summary of Performance Worksheet |
|------------------|--|
| DRM-2 DRSF | Data Review Student File Sample Selection Form Data Review Student Form |
| SAM-2 SASF | Self-Assessment Student File Sample Selection Form Self-Assessment Student Form |
| OSM-2 SF | On-Site Student File Sample Selection Form Student Form |
| SCAF | Secure Care Agency Form |
| SCSF | Secure Care Student Form |
| SCCFW | Secure Care Child Find Worksheet |
| SCSAI | Secure Care Site Administrator Interview |
| SCSEAI SCSI | Secure Care Special Education Administrator Interview Secure Care Student Interview |
| SCSI | Secure Care Student Interview |
| SCSETI | Secure Care Special Education Teacher Interview |
| SCPS | Secure Care Parent Survey |
| SCSI | Secure Care Student Interview |

Guide Steps

These guide steps contain the major elements that constitute the provision of a free appropriate public education (FAPE) for students with disabilities. Each monitoring must provide a representative picture of the public education agency's (PEA's) compliance status. The larger PEAs—districts, charter schools, and secure care facilities—will select files by stratified random sampling. Smaller districts, charter schools, and secure care facilities will review all student files.

For a guide to the minimum number of files to review for a Data Review, see DRM-2; for Self- Assessment, see SAM-2; for an On-Site Monitoring, see OSM-2.

The following instructions include all of the compliance items within the Arizona monitoring system. It is incumbent upon the PEA to meet each of these requirements as well as all other requirements of IDEA, State Statute, and State Administrative Code.

| | General Instructions |
|--------|--|
| Step 1 | Record the demographic information requested. All demographic information must be entered on the student form. If a student does not have an SSID number, use the student's birth date and initials. Use the AzEDS category from the most recent census submitted to the Arizona Department of Education (ADE). When reviewing the evaluation timeline for a student who was found to be not eligible for special education, record the SSID number and eligibility category as "Not Special Education" (NSE). |
| Step 2 | Determine the primary language spoken by the parent (to ensure that the PEA has met the parent notification requirements). Student File Review Method: Review the file for the language of the home as indicated by the parent, and write the language in the space provided. Use any parent source (language survey [PHLOTE], registration, developmental history), but do not use a secondary source, such as the evaluation report summary. |
| Step 3 | Determine the language proficiency of the student (to ensure that the PEA has properly evaluated and is appropriately educating the student). Student File Review Method: If the primary language of the child is other than English, verify that the PEA has determined the language in which the child is most proficient. Look for the results of language proficiency testing, the Arizona English Language Learner Assessment (AZELLA). This may not be located in the special education file; you may have to access it in the cumulative or English language learner file. Specify the language proficiency in the space provided. |
| Step 4 | Conduct the file review and record the information using the following codes: I = In compliance O = Out of compliance U = Unreported |

SECTION I: Child Find

| I.A.1 Child Find | Requirements |
|--|---|
| 300.111(a)(1)(i) AF, SCAF | Determine if the PEA has board-approved special education policies and procedures to ensure that all children with disabilities who are in need of special education and related services are identified, located, and evaluated. Agency Review Method: Verify that child find is included in the PEA's current board- approved policies and procedures. |
| R7-2-401.D.1 AF, SCAF | Determine if child find procedures have been made available, either electronically or in writing, to parents within the PEA's boundaries of responsibility, including parents of children with disabilities attending private schools and home schools. Agency Review Method: Review available documentation such as a letter, flyer, web page, link, or other means of documentation. If parents have been made aware of procedures via the available documentation, mark this item I . |
| 300.134 300.135 R7-2-401.C.3 R7-2-401.L AF, SCAF | Determine if the PEA maintains an invitation list and agenda of the child find meeting with the private school staff and families (home-school involvement). All references to private school students also include students who are home- schooled. Agency Review Method: Locate the invitation list to the meeting between private schools and the district. Locate the agenda for this meeting. If private schools are listed as invited and if the meeting agenda covers private school and home-school involvement in child find efforts, mark this item I. If there is no documentation of a meeting invitation list and agenda, mark this item O. If the agency is a school district, this item cannot be marked U. If the agency is a charter school, mark this item U. |

| R7-2-401.D.5 R7-2-401.D.6 CFW, SCCFW | Determine if the procedures for screening appropriate school-aged students were completed within 45 calendar days of entry and that the seven required areas were addressed. |
|--|--|
| | The required areas are vision, hearing, cognitive or academic, communication, motor, social or behavioral, and adaptive or self-help. |
| | Child Find Worksheet Method: Compare the date of enrollment and the date of screening OR the date of the documented review of records. |
| | If the student was screened in all seven areas within 45 calendar days, mark this item I. |
| | • If any area was not screened, mark this item O . |
| | If the student was screened, but not within the required 45 calendar days, mark this item O. |
| | • If the student was not screened, mark this item O . |
| R7-2-401.D.8 CFW, SCCFW | Determine if the students were referred for follow-up and/or evaluation when concerns were noted on the 45-day screening. |
| | Child Find Worksheet Method: If concerns were noted about any of the students who were screened, the school must document follow-up actions. Follow-up may consist of a variety of actions, and the appropriateness of the follow-up is dependent upon the nature of the concern. |
| | If concerns were noted, look for documentation of follow-up that may include: documentation of attempts to collect additional records, collection of additional records, implementation of classroom interventions, or referral to a child study team or for a special education evaluation. If this documentation is evident, mark this item I. |
| | If concerns were noted and there is no documentation of follow-up, mark this item O. |
| | If no concerns are noted, mark U. |

SECTION II: Evaluation/Reevaluation

For initial evaluation of a student who did not qualify, make a compliance call on II.A.5 ONLY. For a student who has been phased out of special education, make a compliance call on II.A.1, II.A.2, II.A.3, II.A.4, IV.A.1 and IV.A.2.

| II.A.1 Completion | of Evaluation/Reevaluation |
|--------------------------|--|
| 300.301(a) | An evaluation, beginning with the review of existing data and including an |
| 300.303(b) | eligibility determination, has been completed (includes phased-out students). |
| 300.305(e)(1) | Student File Review Method: Review the file for the current (dated within 3 |
| 300.306 | years of the file review date) evaluation and the eligibility documentation. |
| | If a current evaluation and eligibility determination that contain evidence of team participation are present, mark this item I. |
| | If there is an evaluation that includes evidence of team participation, but |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | components are missing or do not meet minimum compliance, mark this item I, and mark the components in the line items that follow as |
| | appropriate. |
| 60-Day Correction | FOR REEVALUATIONS ONLY: |
| | If no current reevaluation documentation is found, then look for evidence of the agreement between the parent and PEA that the reevaluation was unnecessary. This agreement must be based upon a discussion of the advantages and disadvantages of conducting a reevaluation, as well as the effect a reevaluation might have on a child's educational program. If <u>neither</u> a reevaluation nor an agreement is found, mark this item O and enter U on the remainder of the evaluation items. |
| | If evidence of the agreement that a reevaluation was unnecessary is present, then mark this and all remaining items in evaluation as U . |
| | If a student has been phased out of special education, the team must have conducted a reevaluation prior to the decision to dismiss the student from special education. The decision of the team may be based on existing information or on newly administered tests or assessments. There is no requirement that new data be gathered to phase out a student, but all components pertinent to the student's category of eligibility must be addressed and documented. If no evaluation is found for a phased-out student, mark this item O and enter U on the remainder of the evaluation items. *Note: A PWN for initial referral is needed PRIOR to the review of existing data. (Refer to line item IV.A.2) |

| 300.301(c)(i) | Review of existing data occurred within 15 school days of a parent's written request |
|---|---|
| R7-2-401. E.4 SF, SASF, SCPS, | for evaluation. |
| SCSF, SCSI | Student File Review Method : Determine if there is evidence of a written parent request for evaluation. If so, ensure the PEA documented a review of existing data or issued a PWN, refusing to evaluate, within 15 school days. |
| | If there is evidence of a parent request for evaluation and the timeline is met, mark this item I. |
| | If there is evidence of a parent request for evaluation and the timeline is not met, mark this item O . |
| | If there is no evidence of a parent request for evaluation, mark this item U . |
| 300 305(a)(1)(i) | The parent provided <u>current</u> information <u>during</u> the review of existing data |
| 300.305(a)(1)(i) SF, SASF, SCPS, SCSF, SCSI | timeframe and before the decision of the need for additional data. |
| | Student File Review Method: Determine if there is evidence that the parent |
| | provided information to the team OR that the PEA made several, varied efforts to |
| | request information from the parent. This may be a review of information |
| | provided through a meeting, questionnaire, phone interview, or e-mail to document developmental, medical, functional, and other pertinent information |
| | before the decision that additional data was needed. For students 18 years or |
| | older whose rights have transferred, look for evidence of current information provided by the adult student and/or the parent. |
| | If the parent was not a member of the team or it is evident input is ONLY from prior evaluations, mark this item O unless, during a reevaluation, the PEA documented the efforts to gather parental input. |
| 300.305(a)(1)(ii) SF, SASF, SCSF | Current classroom-based assessments were reviewed before the decision of the need for additional data. |
| | Student File Review Method: Determine if the team considered specific |
| | classroom-based information (quantitative data) shared by the child's teacher |
| | related to classroom assessments, such as quarterly grades, portfolio information, and/or anecdotal records such as behavior tracking records. |
| | For a student being evaluated for a possible learning disability based on an MTSS |
| | process, comparative reports of progress monitoring from each tier of |

| | For children birth to 3, assessment and performance information from early intervention programs were reviewed. For reevaluations of preschool students, the team may include specific assessment information from Teaching Strategies GOLD/My Teaching Strategies. |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| | If it is clear that the child's teacher was not included in the review of existing data process, mark this item O . |
| | If the student has not attended school or an early intervention program, mark this item U . |
| 300.305(a)(1)(iii) SF, SASF, SCSF | Teacher and related service provider input/observations were reviewed before the decision of the need for additional data. |
| | Student File Review Method: Determine if the team considered information (qualitative data) that was shared by <u>any</u> teacher and/or related service provider, community-based personnel, service provider for children birth to 3, or other provider, as appropriate. Examples of information include pertinent data related to peer relationships, work habits, organizational skills, motivation, behavior and/or self-esteem, and any pre-referral intervention efforts for initial evaluations. |
| | For a student being evaluated for a possible learning disability based on an MTSS process, descriptions of research-based instruction and tiered interventions and documentation that the interventions were implemented with fidelity and for sufficient periods of time were reviewed. |
| | If the student has not attended school, mark this item U . |
| 300.305(a)(1)(ii) SF, SASF, SCSF | Formal assessments were reviewed prior to the decision of the need for additional data. |
| | Student File Review Method: Determine if the team considered performance on assessments conducted within the PEA environment, such as the AzMERIT, ACT, SAT, the MSAA (Multi-State Alternative Assessment), Stanford 10, or AZELLA. |
| | If the team did review this data, mark this item I. |
| | If the student is a transfer and the PEA was unable to obtain any assessment data OR if the student is not the appropriate age for this type of formalized assessment, mark this item U . |
| | |

| 300.305(a)(2) SF, SASF, SCSF, SCSETI | A team determined that existing data were sufficient or that additional data were needed. |
|--|---|
| | Student File Review Method: Determine if a team discussed and made a determination about the need for additional data following the review of existing data (before parent consent was obtained and before the collection of additional data and/or before eligibility was determined). |
| | Examples: |
| | Based on the review of existing data, the team determined that additional data were not needed = I |
| | The team determined concerns about the student could not be addressed without collecting additional data = I |
| | There is no documentation that the team made the determination regarding the need for additional data = O |
| 300.305(d) SF, SASF, SCSF | For reevaluations only, when the team decided NOT to collect additional data, the parents were informed of the reasons for that decision and their right to request additional data. |
| | Student File Review Method: For reevaluations only, look for evidence that the parents were informed of the reason the school did not plan to gather further information and of the parents' right to request additional data. Verify this through documentation of a conversation or letter or in the body of the evaluation report. It does not need to be (but may be) in the form of a prior written notice. |
| | Mark this item U for initial evaluations and reevaluations that did not require additional data. |

Γ

| 300.9 300.300(a)(1) 300.300(c)(1)(i) 300.300(c)(2) SF, SASF, SCSF | If the team determined that additional data were needed, informed parental consent was obtained following the review of existing data (or for reevaluations, efforts were made to obtain consent) and before the collection of additional data. |
|---|---|
| | Student File Review Method: Determine if informed written parental consent is documented. For students 18 years or older whose rights have transferred, look for written consent from the student. |
| | If there is no documentation of informed parental consent, mark this item O . |
| | In the case of a reevaluation, if the PEA attempted to obtain consent, but the parent did not respond, and the PEA adequately documented those efforts, mark this item I. |
| | If no additional data are needed, mark this item U. |
| | If the student transferred in with a current evaluation and parent consent was not included in records received, mark this item U . |
| | *Note: A PWN noting informed consent is needed before gathering additional data. (Refer to line item IV.A.2) |

II.A.4 Eligibility Considerations

| 300.304(c)4) | The student was assessed in all areas related to the suspected disability. |
|-----------------------------|---|
| ARS 15- 761(24) and (34) | Student File Review Method: Look for documentation of any of the following: |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | concerns brought forward in the pre-referral process |
| 60-Day Correction | review of existing data |
| | parent/teacher input any area where informed parental consent was obtained |
| | any area where informed parental consent was obtained any area related to the student's suspected disability |
| | may include, but is not limited to, any academic, social, behavioral, vision |
| | and hearing issues, or assistive technology needs |
| | For a preschool child, determine if all of the developmental domains (cognition, language, motor, personal/social, and adaptive) were addressed in the evaluation. Instruments designed for screening purposes do not meet the requirements for a complete and individual evaluation. |
| | Note: If there were problems identified through the vision or hearing screening, the problems must be resolved prior to continuing with the evaluation UNLESS the nature of the problem is part of the evaluation process and the strategies/ instruments used during the evaluation take into account the vision or hearing issues. |
| | Examples: |
| | When testing a 2nd grader with chronic middle ear infections who was being medically treated but was unresponsive to treatment, the evaluation team used assessment methods that minimized the impact of language and hearing status on test results. = I |
| | The student was failing to make progress in math and statewide test scores were significantly below expectations yet the evaluation did not address math as an area of concern. = O |
| | The evaluation of a preschool child did not include assessment data from all five areas. = O |
| | The evaluation of an unintelligible student with cerebral palsy who demonstrated average intelligence and receptive language did not include an assessment of assistive technology needs in the area of expressive communication. = O |

| 300.304(b)(1)(ii) SF, SASF, SCSF, SCSEAI | <u>Upon review of all data</u>, the team documented issues related to the student's performance in the educational setting and how progress in the general curriculum is affected by the student's disability. Student File Review Method: Locate documentation of the overall impact that the disability has on the student's education, including progress in the general curriculum. For a preschool child, this means the general developmental progress of the child. |
|--|---|
| | This information must be student-specific and must not contain boilerplate statements. |
| | Examples: Student's reading comprehension disability will make it difficult for the student to acquire information through written text. = I |
| | Student's emotional disability causes student to be excessively fearful of failure before peers, which impacts the student's ability to participate in group work and presentations. = I |
| | Preschool student's speech-language and motor delays affect social interaction progress and cause student to lash out when frustrated. = I |
| | Results of the current evaluation suggest that student needs special education services to benefit from instruction. = O |
| | The student meets the criteria under the educational classification of specific learning disability and that will impact the ability to access and progress in the general curriculum. = O |
| 300.304(b)(1) | Upon review of all data, the educational needs to access the general curriculum are identified. |
| 300.304(c)(6) SF, SASF, SCSF, SCSEAI | Student File Review Method: In interpreting evaluation data to determine the educational needs of a student, locate documentation that the team considered information from a variety of sources, including aptitude and achievement tests and parent input and teacher recommendations, as well as information about the student's physical condition, social or cultural background, and adaptive behavior. |
| | Examples: |
| | Because of the student's auditory processing disability, all instructional material should be presented in print media. = I |
| | Student is weak in auditory memory. = O |

| | Although student achievement in math does not evidence a significant discrepancy, given his AzMERIT scores and teacher input, the team has determined that using manipulative aids will help the student to improve math calculation skills. = I Student needs help in math. = O Student needs assistance in using positive behaviors as an alternative to reacting in an aggressive physical or verbal manner. = I Student needs behavioral support. = O Student needs generalization and practice in daily living skills. = I Student is overly dependent on aide. = O Because of the student's reading comprehension disability, the student should be provided with assistive technology (e.g., Kurzweil) to access gradelevel text. = I Because of the student's reading disability, the student needs specialized instruction. = O |
|--|---|
| 300.305(a)(2) (B)(iv) SF, SASF, SCSF | Upon review of all data, for reevaluations only, the team considered and documented any additions or modifications to the special education or related services needed for the student to progress in the general curriculum.Student File Review Method: Determine if the team considered the needs of the student in making progress toward annual goals and in the general curriculum. If progress was deemed insufficient, determine if the team recommended additions, deletions, or revisions to the services. If no additions or modifications were needed, a statement to that effect should be included. |
| | Examples: Student is not making progress with math facts. Flash card drills and weekly testing have not improved his accuracy when he completes math problems. It is recommended that the use of manipulatives be incorporated into math instruction. = I No changes or modifications are needed. = I Student's AzMERIT scores in math show that she has moved from "minimally proficient" to "partially proficient" on the grade-level standard. The current level of special education support she has been receiving is meeting her needs. = I |
| | Student has continued to make adequate progress on all annual goals and is becoming more social in classes through his active participation so there are no changes needed at this time. =I N/A or not addressed = O Mark this item U for initial evaluations. |

| 300.306(b) (1)(i) 300.306(b) (1)(ii) | A student must not be determined to be a student with a disability if the determinant factor is lack of appropriate instruction in reading and/or math. |
|---|---|
| ARS 15- 761(2)(b)(i) ARS 15- 761(2)(b)(ii) | Student File Review Method: Determine if the team considered the lack of learning opportunities. There should be a clear statement of the consideration within the evaluation documentation. A rule-out statement is sufficient ONLY if there is no evidence of a lack of learning opportunities. |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | For preschool students, lack of formal schooling/child care is not considered a lack of appropriate instruction in reading and/or math. |
| | The lack of learning opportunities may include: |
| | Frequent school changes. Poor attendance. |
| | Multiple teachers in the same year. |
| | Questionable home-school curriculum. |
| 300.306(b)(iii) ARS15- | If the student is not a native English speaker, the impact of limited English proficiency on progress in the general curriculum must be addressed. |
| 761(2)(b)(iii) | Student File Review Method: Determine if the team documented their |
| SF, SASF, SCSF, | consideration of language proficiency (AZELLA). There should be a clear |
| SCSEAI | statement of the consideration within the team documentation. A rule-out statement is sufficient ONLY if there is no evidence of limited English proficiency |
| | (refer to primary home language other than English [PHLOTE] survey). |
| | Examples of the impact could include: |
| | The student is making slow progress in his acquisition of English and instruction should be provided in both languages. |
| | The student is becoming more proficient in English. Instruction should be |
| | provided in English with additional directions given in Spanish, if necessary.The student's learning disability has more impact on the acquisition and |
| | use of vocabulary than the level of the student's language proficiency. |
| | Mark this item U if the student is a native English speaker. |

| 300.306(a)(1) | <u>Upon review of all data</u> , a team determined that the student has a specific category of disability. |
|------------------------------|--|
| SF, SASF, SCSF | |
| 60-Day Correction | Student File Review Method: Locate documentation of the team's decision regarding the specific disability category. All criteria for classifying any given disability should be reported and clearly demonstrated with supporting data. |
| | Examples: |
| | The eligibility report documents that multiple people had a role in making the classification decision and that the decision was made using data from a variety of sources. = I |
| | • There is no eligibility determination. = O |
| | Decision is made by one person, not a team. = O |
| 300.306 (a)(1) ARS 15-761 | Upon review of all data, a team determined the student needs special education and related services. |
| (30) & (32) | Student File Review Method: Locate documentation of the eligibility for special |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | education that is based on the presence of a disability and the need for specialized instruction. |
| 60-Day Correction | The date the team documents these decisions becomes the new eligibility determination date from which the timeline for future triennial reevaluation dates will be based. Determine if the written report includes salient information related to the eligibility determination, the category of disability, and the need for services supporting the eligibility determination. |
| 300.304 (c)(1) & (3) | Assessments and other evaluation materials were administered in a language and form most likely to yield accurate information. |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | Student File Review Method: Review assessments and other evaluation materials |
| 60-Day Correction | to ensure that they were selected and administered in a nondiscriminatory racial or cultural manner and that they were administered in a form and language most likely to yield accurate information on what the child knows and can do academically, developmentally, and functionally unless it was not feasible to do so. A simple statement to this effect is NOT sufficient IF the evidence is clearly to the contrary. |
| | Examples: |
| | There is evidence that the child is not proficient in English and all tests were administered in English and required English language proficiency. = O |
| | Evidence shows that the child is not proficient in English and tests were administered in the native language. = I |

| | The child is monolingual Urdu and tests were administered that are nonverbal or nonlanguage based. = I |
|------------------------------|--|
| | The child's level of language proficiency was not determined and documented. = O |
| | The child is monolingual Navajo and the teacher aide (who is trained to assist in assessment) interpreted for the child during testing. = I |
| | The child has a hearing impairment and tests were administered that are nonverbal or nonlanguage based or were developed/normed for children who have a hearing impairment. = I |
| ARS 15- | Student eligibility category reported matches student's current evaluation. |
| 943(2)(b) ARS 15-1042 | Student File Review Method: Compare the current eligibility reported on the SPED 72 to ensure data matches current eligibility documented in the most recent evaluation. |
| | Examples: |
| | SPED 72 reports student as SLD and current evaluation determined eligibility as SLD. = I |
| | SPED 72 reports student as DD, but most recent evaluation changed eligibility from SLI to SLD. = O |
| | Initial evaluation determined student eligible under SLI on 8/21/19, but SPED 72 does not show student. = O |
| | Current evaluation shows that student was phased out (no longer eligible) on 5/15/19 but is still being reported as eligible on the SPED 72. = O |
| 300.8(c)(1) ARS 15-761(1) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | Autism (A): a developmental disability that significantly affects verbal and nonverbal communication and social interaction and adversely affects educational performance. |
| 300.8(b) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: |
| ARS 15-761(3) | Developmental Delay (DD): performance by a child who is at least three years of |
| SF, SASF | age, but under ten years of age, on a norm-referenced test that measures at least one and one-half, but not more than three, standard deviations below the mean for children of the same chronological age in two or more of the following areas: (a) Cognitive development |
| | (b) Physical development(c) Communication development |
| | (d) Social or emotional development |
| | (e) Adaptive development |

| | For preschool only: The results of the norm-referenced measure must be corroborated by information from a comprehensive developmental assessment and from parental input, if available, as measured by a judgment-based assessment or survey. If there is a discrepancy between the measures, the evaluation team shall determine eligibility based on a preponderance of the information presented. |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| 300.8(c)(4) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: |
| ARS 15-761(7) | Emotional Disability (ED): verification by a qualified professional of one or more of the |
| R7-2-401. E.7.a | following characteristics over a long period of time and to a marked degree that adversely affects educational performance: inability to learn, inability to build or |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | maintain relationships, inappropriate behavior/feelings, unhappiness or depression, |
| 60-Day Correction | physical symptoms/fears, or schizophrenia, which adversely affects education performance. |
| 300.8(c)(5) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: |
| ARS 15-761(8) | Hearing Impairment (HI): verification by a qualified professional of a hearing |
| R7-2-401. E.7.b | impairment that interferes with the student's performance in the educational environment and requires the provision of special education and related services. If |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | there is evidence that a student's condition has changed, look for documentation that |
| 60-Day Correction | the team discussed the need for an updated medical verification. |
| R7-2-401. E.7.b SF, SASF, SCSF | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: |
| | Hearing Impairment (HI) : evaluation of the language proficiency of the student, including documentation of the student's mode of communication and its effectiveness for the student in accessing the general curriculum. |
| ARS 15-761(14) SF, SASF, SCSF | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: |
| | Mild Intellectual Disability (MIID): performance on standard measures of intellectual functioning and adaptive behavior between two and three standard deviations (SD) below the mean for students of the same age. |
| ARS 15-761(15) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | Moderate Intellectual Disability (MOID): performance on standard measures of intellectual functioning and adaptive behavior between three and four standard deviations (SD) below the mean for students of the same age. |

| | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
| 300.8(c)(7) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: | | |
| ARS 15-761(17) | Multiple Disabilities (MD): multiple disabilities include two or more of the following: | | |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | HI, OI, MOID, and/or VI or a student with one of the disabilities already listed in this | | |
| 60-Day Correction | section existing concurrently with MIID, ED, or SLD. | | |
| ARS 15-761(18) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: | | |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | Multiple Disabilities with Severe Sensory Impairment (MD-SSI): multiple disabilities | | |
| 60-Day Correction | include: (1) severe visual impairment or hearing impairment, with another severe disability or (2) severe visual impairment and severe hearing impairment. | | |
| 300.8(c)(9) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: | | |
| ARS 15-761(20) | Other Health Impaired (OHI): verification by a qualified professional of limited | | |
| R7-2-401. E.7.c | strength, vitality, or alertness, including heightened alertness to environmental stimuli | | |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | (such as ADD or AD/HD) that is due to chronic or acute health problems and adversely affects student performance. If there is evidence that a student's condition has | | |
| 60-Day Correction | changed, look for documentation that the team discussed the need for an updated medical verification. | | |
| 300.8(c)(8) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: | | |
| ARS 15-761(19) | Orthopedic Impairment (OI): verification by a qualified professional of one or more | | |
| R7-2-401E.7.e | severe orthopedic impairments, including those caused by congenital anomaly, disease, and other causes, such as amputation or cerebral palsy, and that adversely | | |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | affect educational performance. If there is evidence that a student's condition has | | |
| 60-Day Correction | changed, look for documentation that the team discussed the need for updated medical verification. | | |
| ARS 15-761(24) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: | | |
| SF, SASF | Preschool Severe Delay (PSD): more than three SD below the mean in one or more of the following areas: cognitive, motor, communication, social/emotional, or adaptive development. The results of the norm-referenced measure must be corroborated by information from a comprehensive developmental assessment and from parental input, if available, as measured by a judgment-based assessment or survey. If there is a discrepancy between the measures, the evaluation team shall determine eligibility based on a preponderance of the information presented. | | |

| 300.8(c)(11) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: |
|--|---|
| ARS 15- 761(34)(a) SF, SASF, SCSF | Speech or Language Impairment (SLI): a communication disorder such as stuttering, impaired articulation, severe disorders of syntax, semantics, or vocabulary, or functional language skills, or a voice impairment to the extent that it calls attention to itself, interferes with communication, or causes a student to be maladjusted. |
| | For preschool performance on norm-referenced language test that measures between one and one-half standard deviations below the mean. The results of the norm-referenced measure must be corroborated by information from a comprehensive developmental assessment and from parental input. Additionally, eligibility can only be determined if the child is not eligible under another preschool category or developmental delay. |
| 300.8(c)(10) 300.307 300.309 ARS 15-761(33) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: Specific Learning Disability (SLD): a determination of whether the child exhibits a pattern of strengths and weaknesses in performance, achievement, or both, relative to age, state- approved grade-level standards, or intellectual development that meets the public education agency criteria through one of the following methods: |
| R7-2-401. E.7.d SF, SASF, SCSF | A discrepancy between achievement and ability; The child's response to scientific, research-based interventions; or Other alternative research-based procedures. Each PEA must establish its own local school board approved criteria for SLD eligibility criteria. |
| 300.311(b) SF, SASF, SCSF | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: Specific Learning Disability (SLD): a certification of each team member's agreement or disagreement must be included. This certification may be contained in the report or may be located on a separate eligibility statement. |
| 300.311(a)(6) SF, SASF, SCSF | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: Specific Learning Disability (SLD): a determination of the effects of environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage must be included. Documentation can be found anywhere throughout the evaluation. |
| ARS 15-761(29) SF, SASF, SCSF | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: Severe Intellectual Disability (SID): performance on a standard measure of intellectual functioning and adaptive behavior at least four SD below the mean for a student of the same age. |

| 300.8(c)(12) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|
| ARS 15-761(38) | Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI): verification by a qualified professional of an acquired | | | |
| R7-2-401. | injury to the brain that is caused by an external physical force and that results in total or partial functional disabilities, psychosocial impairment, or both that adversely | | | |
| E.7.h | affects educational performance. If there is evidence that a student's condition has | | | |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | changed, look for documentation that the team discussed the need for an updated medical verification. | | | |
| 60-Day | | | | |
| Correction | | | | |
| 300.8(c) (13) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: | | | |
| ARS 15-761(39) | Visual Impairment (VI): verification by a qualified professional of a visual impairment | | | |
| R7-2-401. E.7.i | that interferes with the student's performance in the educational environment and | | | |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | that requires the provision of special education and related services. If there is evidence that a student's condition has changed, look for documentation that the | | | |
| 60-Day Correction | team discussed the need for an updated medical verification. | | | |
| 300.324(a) | Documentation supports the category and substantiates eligibility for: | | | |
| (2)(iii) | Visual Impairment (VI): individualized Braille literacy assessment completed for | | | |
| ARS 15-761(39) | students who are blind. This assessment should address the effect that the visual | | | |
| ARS 15-214 | impairment has on reading and writing performance that is commensurate with the | | | |
| (A)(1) | student's ability. | | | |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | | | | |
| | If a student with a visual impairment is not blind, mark this item U. | | | |
| | Mark this item U for phased-out students. | | | |
| | | | | |

II.A.5 Initial Evaluations Completed within 60 Calendar Days of Receipt of Informed Written Consent of Parent

| 300.301(c)(i) R7-2-401. E.3 R7-2-401. E.4 | The initial evaluation of a student was completed within 60 calendar days of receipt of informed written consent from parent(s). For students transitioning from the Arizona Early Intervention Program (AzEIP), consider the evaluation as an initial evaluation. |
|---|---|
| R7-2-401. E.5 | The 60-day evaluation period may be extended for an additional 30 days, provided it was in the best interest of the child and the parents and PEA agreed in writing to such an extension. |
| SF, SASF, DRSF, SCSF 60-Day Correction | Student File Review Method: Determine if the PEA conducted the initial evaluation within 60 calendar days of receipt of informed parental consent. The 60-day period begins with the written informed consent and ends with the team determination of eligibility. If the parent requested the evaluation and the team concurred, the 60-day period began when the written informed consent was received by the PEA. |
| | If the timeline for the evaluation was not met, mark this item O . Enter the number of days beyond 60 AND the reason the timeline was not met on the Student Form. If this evaluation was conducted by another PEA, or if the parent repeatedly failed or refused to make the child available, the timeline does not apply. Mark this item U . For initial evaluations of students who did not qualify, make compliance call on this line item ONLY. |

SECTION III: Individualized Education Program

| - | the line items within the IEP section, be sure to review the IEP in its entirety. Nould be made based upon the IEP content as a whole. | |
|--|--|--|
| III.A.1 Current IEP | | |
| 300.323(a) | There is a current IEP. | |
| 300.323(b) | Student File Review Method: Record the meeting date when the most recent IEP | |
| SF, SASF, DRSF, SCSF | was developed. If the IEP was developed or revised less than 365 days prior to the date of the file review, the IEP is current. Mark any other status in noncompliance (O) . | |
| 60-Day Correction | This item cannot be marked U. | |
| | If there is no current IEP, mark this item O and mark line items III.A.2 through III.A.8 with a U. | |
| | | |
| III.A.2 IEP Review | /Revision and Participants | |
| III.A.2 IEP Review, 300.320(a) | /Revision and Participants Each IEP is reviewed/revised at least annually. | |
| | | |
| 300.320(a) | Each IEP is reviewed/revised at least annually. Student File Review Method : If the IEP being reviewed is an initial IEP, mark this item U . If another IEP exists, enter the meeting date the previous IEP was | |
| 300.320(a) 300.323(a) | Each IEP is reviewed/revised at least annually. Student File Review Method : If the IEP being reviewed is an initial IEP, mark this item U . If another IEP exists, enter the meeting date the previous IEP was developed in the space. Compare that date with meeting date of the current IEP to | |
| 300.320(a) 300.323(a) 300.324(b) | Each IEP is reviewed/revised at least annually. Student File Review Method : If the IEP being reviewed is an initial IEP, mark this item U . If another IEP exists, enter the meeting date the previous IEP was | |
| 300.320(a) 300.323(a) 300.324(b) R7-2-401.G.6 | Each IEP is reviewed/revised at least annually. Student File Review Method : If the IEP being reviewed is an initial IEP, mark this item U . If another IEP exists, enter the meeting date the previous IEP was developed in the space. Compare that date with meeting date of the current IEP to determine if an IEP review was conducted within the last 365 days. Examples: 12/4/18 to 12/3/19 = I | |
| 300.320(a) 300.323(a) 300.324(b) R7-2-401.G.6 | Each IEP is reviewed/revised at least annually. Student File Review Method : If the IEP being reviewed is an initial IEP, mark this item U . If another IEP exists, enter the meeting date the previous IEP was developed in the space. Compare that date with meeting date of the current IEP to determine if an IEP review was conducted within the last 365 days. | |

| 300.321(a)(1–7) | The IEP team meeting included the required participants. |
|-------------------------|--|
| 300.321(b)(1) | Student File Review Method: Review the file for evidence of the following |
| 300.324(a)(4)(i) | participants: |
| 300.325(a)(2) | One or both of the student's parents; |
| 300.321(e) (1) & (2) | Not less than one regular education teacher of the student; for preschool, this might be a day care provider, Head Start teacher, PEA preschool teacher, or a kindergarten teacher; |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | • Not less than one special education teacher or special education provider of the student; |
| | • A representative of the PEA who is qualified to provide or supervise the provision of special education and who is knowledgeable of general curriculum and availability of resources (must have authority to commit the resources needed to implement the IEP); |
| | An individual who can interpret instructional implications of evaluations. |
| | Note : For a student being placed in an approved private day school, look for evidence that a representative of the approved private day school participated in the IEP meeting. |
| | The people listed above must have been in attendance at the meeting unless the statutory stipulations below are fulfilled: |
| | A member of the IEP team is not required to attend an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, if the parent of a child with a disability and the PEA agree that the member's attendance is not necessary because the member's area of the curriculum or related services is not being modified or discussed in the meeting. |
| | 2. A member of the IEP team may be excused from attending an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, when the meeting involves a modification to or discussion of the member's area of the curriculum or related services, if the parent and the local educational agency consent to the excusal; and the member submits in writing to the parent and the IEP team input into the development of the IEP prior to the meeting. |
| | A parent's agreement under # 1 and # 2 above must be in writing . |

| III.A.3 General Require | ed Components of the IEP Are Included | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| 300.320(a)(1) 300.324(a)(1) SF, SASF, SCSF | The IEP includes the student's present level of academic achievement and functional performance (PLAAFP), which should include strengths and needs and how the disability affects the student's involvement and progress in the general curriculum. Information should relate to the most recent evaluation data, as well as include current classroom data. | | |
| | Beginning at age 16, the student's current functioning in relation to identified post-school outcomes should be described in the PLAAFP (or in another section of the IEP related to transition). | | |
| | Student File Review Method: Review the IEP to determine if there is a present level of academic achievement and functional performance. Look for documentation more extensive than test scores or grade-level equivalents. Areas pertinent to the student's needs must be addressed in the PLAAFP. | | |
| | This requirement includes preschool students at the functional or readiness levels. In annual IEP reviews of preschool students, assessment data from Teaching Strategies GOLD/My Teaching Strategies may be included. | | |
| | Examples of the present levels can be aligned with measurable annual goals, special education services, and progress reports. (See Appendix A.) | | |
| | Note: The O examples below contain information that might be included in the PLAAFP; however, on their own, these examples would not contain enough information to be compliant. | | |
| | Examples: | | |
| | Student can correctly define 10% of veterinary terms found in veterinary technical manuals. = I Student needs help with vocabulary. = O | | |
| | 2. Given picture-clue instructions, student follows two-step directions. Given three-step directions, student was unable to complete any steps. = I Student has an IQ of 32 as measured by the WISC. = O | | |
| | Using grade-level social studies textbook and current reading assignment, student will orally read 22 wpm with three errors, on average, over four trials. = I Student reading at 2.9. = O | | |

| n | tudent can correctly multiply 2-digit by 2-digit whole numbers with o problem but struggles with 3-digit by 2-digit multiplication. =I tudent struggles with math. = O |
|--------------|---|
| d n c | he OT reports that the student has the necessary muscular evelopment, and this year, should be able to develop the necessary notor control to use the communication board for purposeful ommunication. = I tudent needs to improve her motor skills. = O |
| У | tudent often displays aggressive behavior toward peers. Student ells, pushes, and is sent to the office on a frequent basis. = I ASC scores indicate student has behavior problems. = O |
| la I S | tudent's content area teachers (social studies, math, science, and anguage arts) report that the student never turns in any homework. = tudent is working below grade level in social studies, math, science, nd language arts. = O |
| V p | tudent shows little interest in interacting with his preschool peers. Vhen cued to stop and give another child a turn, the student verbally rotests and becomes agitated. = I tudent does not have age-appropriate behavior. = O |

| 300.320(a)(2)(i) SF, SASF, SCSF | The IEP includes measurable annual goals, including academic and functional goals that reflect the needs identified in the PLAAFP and current assessment data. How the goals will be measured must be clearly documented. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| | Student File Review Method: Review the IEP to determine if there are annual goals that are measurable and that reflect student needs. Baseline measurement must be documented either in the PLAAFP or in the goal statement for progress toward the goal to be measurable. Both the measurability AND means to measure progress MUST be evident for this line item to be in compliance. |
| | Examples can be associated with the PLAAFP, special education services, and progress reports (See Appendix A): |
| | Student will correctly define an average of 85% of veterinary terms found in veterinary technical manuals as measured by vocabulary quizzes. = I |
| | Student will demonstrate understanding of 85% of veterinary terms found in veterinary technical manuals as measured by teacher observation. = O |
| | Given picture-clue instructions, student will follow three-step directions five times per week. Baseline: 1/5 Mastery: 5/5 Measurement tool: Teacher data sheet = I |
| | Student will follow directions 100% of the time as measured by teacher data sheets = \mathbf{O} |
| | Using grade-level social studies textbook and current reading assignment, student will orally read 100 wpm with no more than three errors, on average, over four trials. Measurement tool: Teacher record book. = I |
| | Student will decode words. = O |
| | Given teacher-made worksheets with 20 problems multiplying 3-digit by 2-digit whole numbers, student will increase his correct responses from an average of 8 to an average of 15 problems for five trials. = I |
| | Student will demonstrate improved math skills in multiplication. = O |
| | 5. At the school cafeteria, student will independently order a school lunch, which will include at least two different food selections, by pointing at items on communication board with his elbow as measured by the parapro's tracking sheet. = I |
| | Student will improve expressive language. = O |
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| | 6. Student will reduce aggressive behavior toward others (hitting, kicking, throwing) as evidenced by a reduction in referrals to the office for aggressive behavior from six to none for a nine-week grading period. Measured by written referrals. = I |
| | When frustrated, student will respond with nonaggressive behavior in four out of five opportunities as measured by behavior tracking. = O |
| | Given homework at student's academic level, she will complete and submit 90% of required assignments for each content area class by the end of the fourth quarter, as measured by the teacher grade book. = I |
| | Student will turn in her homework. = O |
| | 8. When provided a visual cue, the student will complete three reciprocal turn-taking behaviors with a peer without verbal protest in four targeted activities during the preschool day. Currently, the student completes one reciprocal turn-taking behavior with a peer given six visual and verbal cues while verbally protesting an average of ten times per activity. = I |
| | Student will take turns appropriately 100% of the time. = O |
| 300.320(a) (6)(ii) | The IEP documents the student's eligibility for Alternate Assessments. |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | Student File Review Method: If the IEP designates participation in Arizona's |
| 60-Day Correction | Alternate Assessment(s), then the Alternate Assessment Eligibility Determination Form should be in the student's file as a component of the annual IEP review. |
| | Note: Alternate Assessment is given in grades 3– |
| | 11. Examples: |
| | Form is in the file and is completed to show participation in the Alternate Assessments. = I Form is in the file but is not completed. = O |
| | Form is not in the file. = O Mark this item U if the student is not eligible for Alternate Assessments. |

| 300.320(a)(2)(ii) SF, SASF, SCSF | For a student taking alternate assessments only, the IEP shall include short- term instructional objectives or benchmarks for each goal stated. |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 36, 3436, 3036 | Student File Review Method: Determine if the IEP of a child who takes alternate assessments aligned to alternate achievement standards includes a description of benchmarks or short-term objectives. |
| | Mark this item I if benchmarks/short-term objectives are present. Mark this item O if there are none. |
| | Mark this item U if the student is not eligible for alternate assessments. |
| 300.320(a) (3)(ii) SF, SASF, SCSF | The current IEP includes a description of when periodic reports on the progress the child is making toward meeting the annual goals (such as through the use of quarterly or other periodic reports, concurrent with the issuance of report cards) will be provided. |
| | The current progress report was provided to the parents as outlined in the IEP and included a measurement of progress toward IEP goals. |
| | Student File Review Method: Review the current IEP to determine if there is a description of when progress reports will be provided to parents. Review the most recent progress report to determine if it was provided in accordance with the timeline described in the IEP and included sufficient information for the parents/staff to project whether the student will achieve his/her goal(s) by the end of the IEP year. |
| | Information should be provided for each goal and the rate of progress should be reported in a manner consistent with the PLAAFP and/or the associated goals. |
| | If there is not a description of when progress reports will be provided, mark this item O . |
| | If the current progress report was not provided in accordance with the timeline described in the IEP, mark this item O . |
| | If annual measurable goals are out, mark this item O . |
| | Examples: |
| | At the end of the first grading period, student is now able to define 40% of technical terms. = I |
| | Student is doing well on this goal. = O |

| Student has demonstrated ability to follow three-step directions three times per week. = I |
|---|
| Student is doing much better at following directions. = O |
| At the end of the third grading period, student has averaged 87 words per minute with three errors over the last four trials. = I |
| Student's fluency skills have greatly improved. = O |
| Student can answer an average of 9 of the 20 problems correctly over 5 trials. = I |
| Student's math progress: AP (Adequate Progress) = O |
| At the end of the first grading period, student independently ordered a dessert each day. With verbal encouragement from the aide, student also ordered an additional different item each day. = I |
| Student eats two things for lunch each day. = O |
| During this grading period, student had two referrals for aggressive behavior. = I |
| Student continues to have problems with aggression at school. = O |
| Student's homework assignments completed and turned in this quarter: science 93%, social studies 50%, math 50%, and language arts 12%. = I |
| Student is doing much better with assignments. = O |
| 8. Over four targeted activities, the student currently completes one turn-taking behavior with an average of four visual cues and six verbal protests per activity. = I Skill not yet introduced. = O |
| |

| III.A.4 Special Education | on and Related Services |
|------------------------------|---|
| 300.18 (b) | The IEP describes the specially designed instruction (special education services) to be provided. |
| 300.39 | |
| 300.320(a)(4) | <u>Specially designed instruction (SDI)</u> means "adapting, as appropriate, to the needs of a student, the content, methodology, or delivery of instruction to |
| ARS 15-763. A. | address the unique needs that result from the student's disability and to |
| ARS 15-183(C)(5) & (E)(5) | ensure access to the general curriculum as identified in the academic standards adopted by the state board of education." |
| R7-2-401.G.4 | Student File Review Method: <u>Review the entire IEP</u> for a clear description |
| SF, SASF, SCFS | of the specially designed instruction that adapts, as appropriate, to the needs of a student, the content, methodology, or delivery of instruction to address the unique needs that result from the student's disability and to ensure access to the general curriculum. |
| | Review the following items when general education or other non-special education certified providers are noted in a student's individualized education program (IEP) as the service provider for the specially designed instruction: An explanation of why the use of a general education teacher or other non-special education certificated provider is appropriate to meet the needs of that specific student and |
| | An explanation of how certificated special education personnel will be involved in the planning, progress monitoring, or delivery of SDI. |
| | Verify the certification of the special education teacher of the child present at the IEP meeting through the Arizona Department of Education's Online Arizona Certification Information System (OACIS) |
| | • Verify the certification of the individual who is providing SDI (if different from the special education teacher of the child)- <i>Not applicable for Charter PEAs.</i> |
| | Examples: |
| | Reading Comprehension: Clarification: Student receives small |
| | group instruction in pre-teaching vocabulary. = I |
| | Social interaction instruction in pragmatics in the general education classroom on turn-taking with peers = I |
| | Pre-teaching for comprehension in content areas = I |
| | Phonics instruction in reading decoding = I |
| | Kinesthetic strategies for math calculation (operations) = I |
| | Instruction in self-regulation strategies = I |
| | Articulation, voice, or fluency therapy = I |

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| | • Time management skills on the worksite = I |
|---|---|
| | Expressive/receptive language therapy = I Individualized instruction in study and experimetional skills = I |
| | Individualized instruction in study and organizational skills = I |
| | The following examples would be considered noncompliant if there is no |
| | evidence anywhere in the IEP of how this is individualized to the student's |
| | <u>needs.</u> |
| | • SLD resource = O |
| | • Inclusion = O |
| | • Preschool = O |
| | Speech/Language Therapy = O |
| 300.34(a) | The IEP includes the consideration of related services to be provided. |
| 300.320(a)(4) R7-2-401.G.4 SF, SASF, SCSF | Student File Review Method: Determine if the IEP team considered the need for related services. If there are no related services indicated on the IEP, there must be some notation that the team considered and rejected the need. If the team determined that related services were needed, the services must be clearly specified in the IEP. Transition services may be considered as a related service if they are required to assist a child with a disability to benefit from special education. |
| | Examples: |
| | Door-to-door transportation = I |
| | Educational interpreter = I |
| | Occupational therapy (sensory integration) = I |
| | Occupational therapy = O |
| | Counseling on stress management strategies = I Speech thereasy (courses) = I |
| | Speech therapy (expressive language) = I Speech = O |
| | Parental counseling and training = I |
| | Team considered related services: none were needed = I |
| | • N/A = O |
| 300.320(a)(4) | The IEP includes any supplementary aids, services, and program modifications |
| | to be provided. |
| 300.324(a) (3)(ii) | |
| 300.34(a) | Student File Review Method: <u>Review the entire IEP</u> to determine if |
| 300.42 | supplementary aids and services are to be provided or if program modifications are to be made. |
| R7-2-401.B. | <u>Supplementary aids and services</u> are defined as "aids, services, and other |
| 1,13 | supports that are provided in general education classes or other education- |
| SF, SASF, SCSF, SCSEAI | related settings to enable students with disabilities to be educated with nondisabled students to the maximum extent appropriate." Examples |

| | include, but are not limited to, orientation and mobility training, interpreter assistance, assistive technology devices or services, and instructional aides. |
|---------------------------------|---|
| | <u>Program modifications</u> are defined as "substantial changes in what a student is expected to learn and to demonstrate. Changes may be made in the instructional level, the content, or the performance criteria. Such changes are made to provide a student with meaningful and productive learning experiences, environments, and assessments based on individual needs and abilities." |
| | Examples: |
| | Instruction in using speech to text for writing assignments = I |
| | Student will use a pencil grip whenever she is working on a written assignment. = I |
| | • Student may use a calculator for math problems. = I |
| | Student will utilize a daily communication book (or homework assignment notebook) that will move between home and school with relevant notes for the parent/teacher. = I |
| | To promote student's continued independence, leisure books with page turning adaptations will be available during non-instructional time. = I |
| | • Student will require an aide for toileting assistance. = I |
| | • A social skills coach will meet with student twice a week during P.E. = I |
| | Student will have a sign language interpreter during classroom discussions. = I |
| | • Considered and not required at this time = I |
| | • N/A = O |
| | Left blank and not addressed elsewhere in the IEP = O |
| 300.320(4) 300.324(a)(3)(ii) | The IEP includes a statement of supports that will be provided to school personnel. |
| SF, SASF, SCSF, | Student File Review Method: Determine if appropriate supports |
| SCSEAI | were considered. This area of the IEP should not be left blank but |
| | may be incorporated in various locations in the document. |
| | Examples: |
| | • Considered, but not needed at this time. = I |
| | In-service training on tube feeding. = I |

| | • Staff and parent in-service on use of assistive technology device. = I |
|------------------------------------|--|
| | Special education consultation on modifications for weekly tests |
| | in spelling. = I |
| | Paraprofessional training on positive behavioral supports. = I |
| | • Special education consultation. = O |
| | • N/A = O |
| | • Teacher training. = O |
| | • Providing copy of IEP. = O |
| 300.320(a)(7) SF, SASF, SCSF | The location, frequency, and duration of each special education service, related service, supplementary aid and service, support for school personnel and modification is included. |
| | Student File Review Method: |
| | Location of services generally refers to the type of environment that is the appropriate place for provision of the service. The location should not be a specific room (e.g., Mrs. Smith's class) but should reflect the type of location (special education classroom, general math class). |
| | Frequency generally refers to how often a child will receive a service (such as the number of times per day or per week), |
| | Duration generally refers to how long each session will last (such as the number of minutes). |
| | This item cannot be marked U. |
| | Examples: |
| | Location: |
| | Resource Room/Special Education Classroom = I |
| | General Education Classroom = I |
| | General Education Classroom/Special Education Classroom = O |
| | • Campus = O |
| | • Mr. Wilson = O |
| | Frequency and duration: |
| | Pre-teaching vocabulary: Three 30-minute sessions per week = I |
| | Pre-teaching vocabulary: 90 minutes per week = 0 |

| | Receptive language therapy: Four 10-minute sessions per month = I Receptive language therapy: 40 minutes/month = O Counseling: Two 30-minute sessions per month = I |
|---------------------------------|--|
| | Counseling: 3500 minutes/yr = O |
| | Calculator: daily for math calculation activities = I |
| | Calculator: as needed = O |
| | Consultation for modifying assignments: Once weekly for 30 minutes = I |
| | Consultation for modifying assignments: as needed = O |
| | |
| 300.106 ARS 15-881 | The IEP includes consideration of the need for extended school year services (ESY). |
| R7-2-408 SF, SASF, SCSF | Student File Review Method : Determine if the decision about the need for ESY was made on an individual basis at the IEP meeting. ESY cannot be excluded on the basis of a particular category of disability, the age of the student, or the availability of PEA resources. If the IEP indicates that ESY eligibility will be determined at a later date, a decision for services during the summer must be made no later than 45 days prior to the last day of school. |
| | This item cannot be marked U. |
| | If there is an indication that ESY services were considered on an individual basis, mark this item I. |
| 300.320(a)(5) SF, SASF, SCSF | The extent to which the student will <u>not</u> participate with nondisabled peers is explained. |
| | Student File Review Method: Determine if the IEP contains an explanation of the extent to which the student will not be involved with nondisabled students and why. This could be documented in a variety of ways or places within the IEP. The explanation must be individualized. |
| | This item cannot be marked U. |
| | |
| | Examples: Given the student's needs in math reasoning and a high level of distractibility, the team determined that the instruction should be provided in the special education setting where he will not be participating with nondisabled peers during math instruction. = I |

| | Student receives speech articulation therapy once a week for 30 minutes and will not be participating with nondisabled peers during that time. Because of the need for a quieter environment and the student's perceived social stigma, it was determined that the general education classroom would not be conducive to speech therapy. = I |
|--|---|
| | Student is in a special education classroom four hours a day because of the student's aggressive behaviors and a need for lower staff to student ratio; the student will not participate with nondisabled peers during that time. =I |
| | • Student is in special education classroom for one class period a day. = O |
| | Student will not be with nondisabled peers when student is with special education teacher for instruction. = O |
| ARS 15-943(2)(b) ARS 15-1042 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(A) | Student's reported LRE matches current IEP placement. Student File Review Method: Compare the current LRE Code reported on the SPED 72 to the current placement documented in the most recent IEP. |
| | Examples: SPED 72 reports student LRE Code as A and current IEP shows placement with nondisabled peers for more than 80% of the day. = I SPED 72 reports student as LRE Code A, but most recent IEP changed placement with nondisabled peers to less than 40% (LRE C) of the day. = O IEP documentation shows student placed in a self-contained environment with no exposure to nondisabled peers and SPED 72 reports student as LRE Code as C. = I IEP documentation shows student being educated in an environment where there is no exposure to nondisabled peers, but LRE Code is reported as A. = O |

| III.A.5 Other Consider 300.324(a)(2)(i) SF, SASF, SCSF, SCSAI, SCSEAI | The IEP team considered the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports and other strategies to address behaviors that impede the student's learning or the learning of other students. |
|--|--|
| | Student File Review Method: Determine if the IEP team considered whether or not the student needs behavioral interventions. If there is documentation that a student has displayed behavior that has impeded the student's learning or that of others, this area must be addressed in the IEP. The term "behavior" includes actions such as consistent tardiness, failure to complete homework, and self- destructive but non-confrontational actions. |
| | Evidence may be located throughout the IEP, such as in the annual goals, PLAAFP, accommodations and/or modifications, services to be provided, and behavior plans. |
| | This item cannot be marked U. |
| 300.320(a) (6)(i) SF, SASF, SCSF, SCSAI, SCSEAI | The IEP includes documentation of any accommodations in the administration of state- or PEA-wide assessments. |
| | Student File Review Method: Determine if the IEP contains documentation of the accommodations used for state and district assessments. Standard and/or universal accommodations must have a relationship to the accommodations with the student during instruction. |
| 300.324(a) (2)(iv) | The communication needs of the student were considered. |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | Student File Review Method: Determine if the communication needs of the student have been considered within the IEP. |
| | This item cannot be marked U. |
| | Examples: |
| | Student's stuttering increases when speaking before a group without notes. Student should be allowed to read classroom reports at the beginning of the year and gradually reduce dependency on reading as the year goes on. = I |
| | Student uses simple signs to convey basic needs such as toileting and hunger. = I |
| | • Student has no needs in the area of communication. = I |
| | • N/A = 0 |

| 300.324(a)(2)(v) SF, SASF, SCSF, SCSAI, SCSEAI | The assistive technology needs of the student were considered. Student File Review Method: Determine if consideration was given to the student's need for assistive technology, regardless of the student's disability. An <u>AT device can be "any item that increases, maintains, or improves the functional capabilities of a student." AT service is the "direct assistance needed in the evaluation of the need for and the selection, acquisition, or use of an AT device." Devices can range from low to high tech. AT services may include training for staff in the use of the device(s).</u> This item cannot be marked U. |
|--|---|
| 300.324(a)(2)(ii) | For students who are English language learners (ELLs), language needs were considered. |
| SF, SASF, SCSF | Student File Review Method: Mark the item only for a student who is an English language learner; otherwise, mark it with a U. Examples: This is the student's first year in the USA and the primary language is Italian. Student should be taught using simple grammar with picture/graphic assists as much as possible. = I Student has studied English for several years and has a good command of written language. However, he needs spoken information presented in short segments in order to check his understanding until oral proficiency is achieved. = I Student is identified as an ELL and the language needs were not considered. = O |
| 300.324(a) (2)(iv) SF, SASF, SCSF | For students who have a hearing impairment , the IEP includes consideration of the student's language and communication needs (including opportunities for direct communication with peers and professional personnel and direct instruction in the student's language or mode of communication). Student File Review Method: If a student does not have an HI, mark this item U . If student does have a HI, determine if the IEP team took into account the language levels and communication mode of the student when developing the IEP. |

III.A.6 For students 16 years of age or older, documentation of required postsecondary transition
components. Review the entire IEP for documentation of these components.300.320(b)(1)Documentation of measurable postsecondary goals (MPGs) in the areas of
education/training and employment, and when appropriate, independent living
skills.SCSFScore

60-Day Correction Student File Review Method: Review the IEP to determine if it includes measurable postsecondary goals in the following areas: education/training, employment, and when appropriate, independent living skills. Goals must reflect the student's strengths, interests, and preferences, occur post-high school, and be able to be measured. These areas may be combined into one goal or be contained in separate goals. The training/education and employment goals are required. The measurable postsecondary goal related to independent living is the only optional goal, and the IEP team determines if it is appropriate to include a goal in this area.

If the postsecondary goals are stated in such a way that one **could** measure the achievement of the goal <u>after leaving high school</u>, mark this item **I**.

If there is no evidence of postsecondary goals, if the postsecondary goals are not measurable, if the required areas are not addressed, or if the goals are not postsecondary, mark this item O.

Note: Record the specific reason(s) for noncompliance on the Student Form.

Training/Education Goals:

- Student will enroll in an apprenticeship program. = I
- Student will complete work adjustment skills training. = I
- Student will attend a teacher prep program. = I
- Student will audit a choir class at a local community college. = I
- Student wants to graduate from high school. = O
- Student is interested in plumbing. = O

Employment Goals:

- Student will work for a construction company. = I
- Student will be employed as a grocery clerk. = I
- Student likes fixing things and earning money. = O

Education/Training, and Employment Goals (combined):

| | Student will enroll at a community college to receive training in order to become an engineer. = I Student will receive on-the-job training to develop skills as a framer. = I After graduation, student wants to move to Ohio to work for an uncle. = O |
|----------------------------------|---|
| | Independent Living Skills Goals: |
| | James will use an organizational tool to manage medical appointments. = I Frank will access public transportation. = I Trevor will use a communication device to access the community. = I Student will live with a roommate. = I Student wants to move away from home. = O |
| 300.320(b) | Documentation that measurable postsecondary goals are updated annually. |
| SF, SASF, DRSF, SCSF | Student File Review Method: Review the IEP to determine if postsecondary goals were addressed/updated in conjunction with the development of the current IEP. |
| | If postsecondary goal(s) for education/training, employment (and independent living, as needed) are documented in the student's current IEP, mark the item I. |
| | If postsecondary goal(s) for education/training, employment (and independent living, as needed) are not documented in the student's current IEP, mark the item O . |
| 300.320(b)(1) SF, SASF, DRSF, | Documentation that the measurable postsecondary goal(s) (MPG s) were based upon age-appropriate transition assessment(s). |
| SCSF | Student File Review Method: Look for documentation that at least one age- appropriate transition assessment was used to provide information on the student's needs, strengths, preferences, and interests regarding the postsecondary goal(s). The information may be located in multiple places within the IEP including the PLAAFP or the transition services page. No specific number of assessments is required, and they may be formal or informal. Formal or informal transition assessment(s) should be selected based on the individual needs of the student. |
| | Examples (this is not an exhaustive list): |
| | Interest inventories Assessments within Arizona Career Information System (AzCIS) Armed Services Vocational Assessment Battery—ASVAB Progress towards postsecondary goals and/or outcomes of completed secondary transition activities |
| | Situational assessment(s)—a narrative of informal activities that clearly D38 |

| | align to MPGs and show the student can/cannot perform requirements for the determined goal. Interviews (student, parent, general education teachers, special education teachers, career technical education teacher(s), employers, extracurricular facilitators, coaches, counselors, related service providers, outside support agencies, and others as appropriate) Aptitude inventories, skills inventories, e.g., ASVAB, OASIS III, Valpar Supports Intensity Scale (intellectual functioning) Adaptive behavior scales Self-determination scales Prevocational/employment scales Achievement assessments Assistive technology needs assessment (observation from related service provider) Learning styles assessment College/university entrance instrument College/university entrance instrument Narrative of (core and elective) course content completion from any class related to the MPG(s) If the IEP contains documentation of how assessment information was used in the development of the postsecondary goal(s) (whether measurable or not), mark this item 1. If there is simply a boilerplate statement, or if there is no documentation of any age-appropriate transition assessment(s), mark this item O. |
|--|--|
| 300.320(b)(2) SF, SASF, DRSF, SCSF | Documentation of at least one transition service/activity that focuses on improvement of the academic and functional achievement of the student to facilitate movement from school to post-school as identified in the measurable postsecondary goals. For each postsecondary goal, there must be documentation of a type of instruction, related service, community experience, or development of employment and other post-school adult living objectives, and if appropriate, acquisition of daily living skill(s) and provision of a functional vocational evaluation listed in association with meeting the postsecondary goal(s). Strategies may address activities performed on the school campus and during school hours, as well as off-site and during non-school hours. The IEP team does not need to include all components if they are not appropriate for the student. Services/activities are only needed in areas that will reasonably enable the student to meet the measurable postsecondary goals. |

Student File Review Method: Review the IEP for evidence of at least one transition service/activity to assist the student in meeting his/her measurable postsecondary goals. One transition service/activity may support multiple measurable postsecondary goals

Examples:

Instruction:

- Receive instruction related to applying to school of choice and researching scholarship opportunities. = I
- Intensive reading instruction to prepare for postsecondary education. = I
- Receive instruction to use assistive technology device. = I
- Teach self-monitoring skills related to on-task behavior. = I
- Required courses for graduation. = **O**

Community Experiences:

- Investigate youth volunteer programs; open a bank account; visit the mall and food court with a provider to identify stores and meals of choice. = I
- Use Community Information and Referral to identify three strategies to resolve a transportation concern. = I
- Field trips. = O

Related Services:

Visit potential post-school providers of physical therapy; explore city transportation options. = I

Participate in speech/language services to improve expressive language skills. = I

Identify adult services to support orientation and mobility needs after graduation. = I

Related services will be provided as needed. = O

Employment:

- Participate in two job shadow experiences. = I
- Work in unpaid position on campus. = I
- Obtain part-time or summer employment (in a position related to the measurable postsecondary goals). = I
- Complete Vocational Rehabilitation referral and coordinate with DDD to ensure supports are in place to assist with future employment goals. = I
- Consumer Math; Job Service Skills. = O

| | Post-school Adult Living: |
|--|---|
| | Learn about expectations for eating in a restaurant; apply for housing assistance; visit adult service providers in the community. = I Meet with SSI representative to determine possible financial benefits. = I Visit three group/supported living programs for postsecondary independent living needs. = I Apartment. = O |
| | Daily Living Skills (if appropriate): |
| | Learn to prepare meals, develop and follow monthly budget, and (with parental support) select a primary care physician and/or dentist. = I Demonstrate safety skills in the community. = I Hygiene. = O |
| | Functional Vocational (if appropriate): Develop a vocational profile based upon functional information; participate in situational work assessments at employment sites related to student's interest. = I |
| | Research job expectations for identified employment postsecondary goal. = I Complete nonverbal modified assessment of adaptive behaviors, career interests, and career skills. = I |
| | Retake the ASVAB to improve scores to be eligible to participate in the electronics program in the military. = I Conduct a functional vocational evaluation. = O |
| 300.320(b)(2) SF, SASF, DRSF, SCSF | Transition services include courses of study that focus on improving the academic and functional achievement of the student to facilitate the movement from school to post-school. |
| | Student File Review Method: Look for documentation that transition services include courses of study that align with the student's postsecondary goal(s). This should include courses that lead to a diploma. A single course can support more than one MPG. |
| | If the courses of study align with the student's identified measurable postsecondary goals, mark this item I. |
| | If the courses of study do not align with the student's identified measurable postsecondary goals, mark this item O . |

| 20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(B) SF, SASF, DRSF, SCSF | Documentation of annual IEP goals that will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goals. |
|---|---|
| | Student File Review Method: Review the IEP for documentation of annual goal(s) that is/are related to the student's transition service needs. At least one annual IEP goal that supports each measurable postsecondary goal is required. One annual IEP goal (whether measurable or not) can support multiple postsecondary goals. |
| | Examples: |
| | Education/Training Goals |
| | • Measurable Postsecondary Goal: John will complete on-the-job training for telemarketing. |
| | • Annual Goal: John will orally read 100 wpm with no more than an average of three errors. He currently reads 75 wpm with an average of five errors. |
| | • Measurable Postsecondary Goal: Jane will participate in vocational training with medical and therapeutic supports. |
| | • Annual Goal: Jane will increase tolerance of hand-over-hand assistance from thirty minutes to forty-five minutes during three out of five sessions per week with the occupational therapist. = I |
| | Employment Goals |
| | • Measurable Postsecondary Goal: Jill will work as a veterinary assistant. |
| | Annual Goal: Jill will correctly define 90% of veterinary terms found in veterinary technical manuals with the aid of an automatic thesaurus. Currently Jill correctly defines veterinary terms with 30% accuracy. = I |
| | Measurable Postsecondary Goal: James will work on a production line. |
| | • Annual Goal: James will follow three-step directions. Currently James is able to follow two-step directions. = I |
| | Independent Living Goals: |
| | • Measurable Postsecondary Goal: Jaime will live independently in a semi- supervised apartment. |
| | Annual Goal: Jaime will order a school lunch by pointing at items on a communication board with her elbow. = I |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

| | Measurable Postsecondary Goal: Jack will live independently in an apartment. |
|--|--|
| | Annual Goal: Jack will correctly solve 10/10 word problems related to money. Currently Jack is able to correctly solve 1/10 word problems related to money. = I |
| 300.321(b)(1) SF, SASF, DRSF, SCSF | Beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect when the student turns 16, documentation that the student was invited to the IEP meeting when postsecondary transition services were being discussed. |
| | Student File Review Method: Look for documentation that the student was invited to the meeting (IEP with student signature, meeting notice, telephone log, or other clear documentation that the student was invited). |
| | If the student was in attendance or there was clear evidence that the student was invited, mark this item I. |
| | If there is no documentation evident, mark this item O . |
| 300.321(b)(3) SF, SASF, SCSF | Evidence that a representative of another agency that is likely to provide and/or pay for transition services has been invited to the meeting after consent from the parent or the student who has reached the age of majority. |
| | Student File Review Method: For the current year, is there evidence in the IEP that representatives of any of the following agencies (including but not limited to these listed) were invited to participate in the IEP development: postsecondary education, vocational education, integrated employment (including supported employment), continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living, or community? If so, was consent obtained from the parent (or student, for a student at the age of majority) prior to the meeting invitation? |
| | There is written evidence of consent of parent or adult student AND clear evidence that the agency was then invited after consent. = I |
| | There is written evidence of consent but outside agency was not invited. = O There is an agency invited but no evidence of written consent. = O |
| | The IEP team determined that no outside agency was needed. = U |

III.A.7 Additional Postsecondary Transition Components

| WIOA Section 511 Letter to Pugh SF, SASF, SCSF | IEP progress reports for transition-aged students must address the student's progress toward meeting his or her postsecondary goals and must also include documentation of the transition services provided to the student during the progress reporting period. Student File Review Method: Look for documentation that indicates progress on transition services/activities during the most recent progress reporting period. |
|---|--|
| | Documentation can be included along with the progress reporting for annual goals or as a separate report. |
| | Examples: Guidance counselor has assisted student in completing 2 college applications. = I Student has not completed any college applications. = I Student has scheduled a ride along with the Phoenix Police Department. = I Student went on a ride along with Phoenix PD in July 2019. = I Student has not completed any activities. = I (with TA) Student has completed 2 out of 4 activities. = O No evidence of progress on activities in student file. = O |
| 300.320(c) SF, SASF, SCSF | By age 17, the student's IEP must contain a statement that the student has been informed of his/her rights that will transfer to the student at age 18. |
| | Student File Review Method: Look for a statement in the IEP that the parent and student have been informed of the rights that will transfer to the student upon reaching the age of majority. Documentation may consist of items such as prior written notice or a statement within the IEP. |
| | If the student is 17 and there is evidence that the student and parent have been informed that rights transfer, mark this item I. |
| | If the student is 17 and there is no evidence that the student and parent have been informed that rights transfer, mark this item O . |
| | This item may be marked U for any student not yet age 17 or for any student whose IEP was developed after his/her 18th birthday. |

| | 1 |
|---------------|---|
| 300.305(e)(2) | There is documentation of a summary of academic achievement and functional performance including recommendations to assist an exiting student in meeting |
| & (3) | her/his postsecondary goals. |
| SPW | |
| | Agency Review Method: Look for documentation that includes three |
| | components : summary of academic achievement; summary of functional performance; and recommendations to assist the student in meeting |
| | postsecondary goal(s). Documentation needs to be more extensive than |
| | scores or grade-level equivalents. All areas pertinent to the student's needs must be addressed. |
| | Ask the PEA for copies of the summary of academic achievement and functional performance developed for students who have graduated/aged out at the end of the previous school year. If the PEA has only one high school, all summaries must be reviewed. If there are multiple campuses, use the PEA's list of exited students to select a minimum of two summaries from each campus. |
| | If the PEA has documentation of summaries of academic achievement and functional performance and recommendations, mark this item I. |
| | If PEA has documentation of summaries of academic achievement and functional performance, but not all three components are included, mark this item O . |
| | If the PEA had no students aged 16–21 graduating/aging out last year, mark this item U. |

III.A.8 Documentation That IEP Reflects Student Needs

| | Documentation that IEP reflects individual student needs. |
|-------------------|---|
| 300.320(a) | |
| (1–2) | This item is looking at the cohesiveness of the IEP as a whole and requires that |
| | the IEP reflect the student's individual needs. |
| SF, SASF, SCSF, | |
| SCSI | |
| | Student File Review Method: There should be a clear alignment between the |
| 60-Day Correction | student needs (as articulated in the evaluation and PLAAFP) and the goals and |
| bu buy concetion | services identified on the IEP. |
| | |
| | Considerall of the following: |
| | Consider all of the following: |
| | • Evaluation information (if conducted within the last year) |
| | PLAAFP |
| | |
| | IEP goals |
| | Services (including extreme changes in service delivery model from previous |
| | IEP) |
| | Secondary transition components |
| | |
| | |
| | Mark this item O if the IEP does not enable the student to receive a FAPE. |
| | Record the specific reason(s) for noncompliance on the Student Form. |
| | |
| L | 1 |

| | SECTION IV: Procedural Safeguards/Parental Participation |
|------------------------------|---|
| IV.A.1 Notices Sent | at Required Times and in a Language and Form That Is Understandable to Parents |
| 300.504(a) | Procedural safeguards notice provided to parents within the last 12 months. |
| R7-2-401.I.1 | Student File Review Method: If documentation is evident that the parent was given a |
| SF, SASF, SCSF, SCSI | copy of a procedural safeguards notice at least one time during the current year, mark this line item I. |
| 60-Day Correction | |
| 300.503(c) | Required notices are provided in the native language of the parent. |
| SF, SASF, SCSF, SCSI | Student File Review Method: Review the file for copies of the most recent notices (invitations to meetings, procedural safeguards notices, and prior written notices) sent |
| 60-Day Correction | to the parents. Compare the language of the notices to the primary language indicated on the PHLOTE. If the notices were provided in a language other than the parent's native language, there must be documentation of the parent's request for notices to be provided in English. The language of the <u>student</u> must be considered when the student is invited to the IEP. |
| IV.A.2 PWN Sent at | t Required Times and Contains Required Components |
| - | he line items within the PWN, be sure to review the PWN in its entirety. Compliance le based upon the PWN content as a whole. |
| 300.503(a) SF, SASF, SCSF | Prior written notice provided to parents at required times. |
| , | Student File Review Method: Determine when the PWN should have been distributed in the last twelve months for the type of file being reviewed. Prior written notice (PWN) must be provided at the following times: |
| | When a student is referred for an INITIAL evaluation. Before obtaining consent for the collection of additional data in the evaluation |

- process. This is the proposal to collect additional data for evaluation.
- After the team has determined the eligibility of a student for special education. This completes the evaluation process.
- When there is a change or refusal to change the provision of FAPE before implementation of an initial IEP or before a revised IEP can be implemented. In the case of a phase out or graduation with a regular diploma, a parent should know that all special education services will cease.
- When there is a change or refusal to change the educational placement, including an initial placement.

| Prior to the 11th day of suspension and/or before an accumulation of suspensions constituting a pattern and/or at the beginning of an expulsion, all of which require a change in services and the provision of FAPE. Prior to placement in an interim alternative educational setting (IAES), a PWN must be issued. Prior to ceasing services when a parent revokes consent for the provision of special education services. |
|--|
| rify the purpose of each PWN provided for specified events. Use this information determine compliance. If a single notice covered multiple purposes, determine ocess compliance (notice given at the correct time) for all that are appropriate. |
| e PWN was given at the appropriate time, mark this item I |
| e PWN includes a description of action(s) proposed or refused by the PEA. All tions and refusals must be identified, should be student-specific and should curately reflect decisions made. udent File Review Method: Documentation must include a description of tions proposed or refused. |
| amples: |
| Team proposes to determine Jaime as eligible for special education as a student with a hearing impairment. Team also proposes to implement the IEP that was developed and provide special education prior to Jaime's 3rd birthday (2 yrs. 9 mos.). = I The team proposes to implement the IEP that was reviewed and revised on 3/17/2018. = I Hannibal's IEP was revised and additional services and behavior goals have been added. = I NA = O |
| Andria doesn't want to come to school. = O |
| |

| 300.503(b)(2) SF, SASF, SCSF | The PWN includes an explanation of why the agency proposed or refused to take action. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| | Student File Review Method: The statement must be student specific, individualized to the student. |
| | Examples: |
| | Jaime met eligibility criteria and the team determined that he was in need of specially designed instruction. Providing Jaime with preschool services at 2 yrs. 9 months will support access to identified services in the IEP at the earliest allowable opportunity and increase instructional support opportunities. = I Based on Liam's progress on goals, the IEP has been reviewed and revised |
| | to reflect current level of need. = I Based on Hannibal's recent behavioral incidents, the team determined that additional services and supports were needed. = I NA = O |
| | The law requires us to review IEPs annually. = O |
| 300.503(b)(6) SF, SASF, SCSF | The PWN includes a description of any options considered and why those options were rejected. Student File Review Method: Documentation must relate specifically to the |
| | student and must be individualized. |
| | Examples: |
| | The team considered finding Jaime eligible as a student with a speech- language impairment but determined that those needs would be best addressed as a related service. Not providing services until 3 yrs. limits the amount of time Jaime could benefit from instruction and inclusive settings with peers. = I |
| | The team considered increasing support in math; however, he has exceeded expected progress and no additional services are necessary at this time. = I |
| | Team considered placement in a more restrictive environment, but determined that with additional services and supports, the home school is still able to meet Hannibal's needs. = I |
| | We considered not revising the IEP, but it is mandated by law. = O NA = O The alternate school is full. = O |
| | |

| 300.503(b)(3) SF, SASF, SCSF | The PWN includes a description of evaluation procedures, tests, records used as a basis for the decision. |
|---------------------------------|---|
| | Student File Review Method: Documentation must support the individualized basis for the decision. |
| | Examples: |
| | Eligibility was determined based on the information obtained from the comprehensive developmental assessment and audiological report. The IEP was developed based on the evaluation results, developmental milestones, IEP team input, and recommendations from the audiologist. = I The team's decision was based on the classroom-based assessments and progress on math goals. Liam also exhibited improvement on the most recent district benchmark assessments. = I |
| | Team reviewed incident reports, suspension data, counselor reports, current evaluation, and performance in the classroom. = I NA = O Andria's counselor said she has always had these problems with attendance. = O |
| 300.503(b)(7) SF, SASF, SCSF | The PWN includes a description of any other factors that are relevant to the agency's proposal or refusal. |
| | Student File Review Method: Documentation related to other factors must be evident and individualized for the student. |
| | Examples: Audiology report indicated that Jaime is scheduled for another audiological exam in 3 months. Parent will provide the team with updated information. = 1 He is doing well in school and has begun participation in extracurricular activities. = 1 The family disclosed that they are receiving in home supports from Jewish Family Services. PEA obtained parent's consent for release of information and will contact Jewish Family Services. = 1 NA = O This school has a strict discipline and attendance policy. = O |

| 300.503(b)(4) SF, SASF, SCSF | If the PWN is for any reason other than an initial referral for evaluation, it includes a statement of how a copy of procedural safeguards notice (PSN) can be obtained. |
|---------------------------------|---|
| | Student File Review Method: There must be a statement related to contact information (name and number of whom to contact) within the district/at the school site so the PSN can be obtained. |
| | If the notice was for initial referral for evaluation, mark this item U . |
| 300.503(b)(5) SF, SASF, SCSF | The PWN includes sources to obtain assistance in understanding the notice. |
| | Student File Review Method: There must be contacts available, including the address and telephone numbers for a number of parent resources, which may include: Arizona Department of Education/Exceptional Student Services, Arizona Center for Disability Law, or Raising Special Kids. One of the sources could be the PEA, including the PEA's phone number and a contact name. |

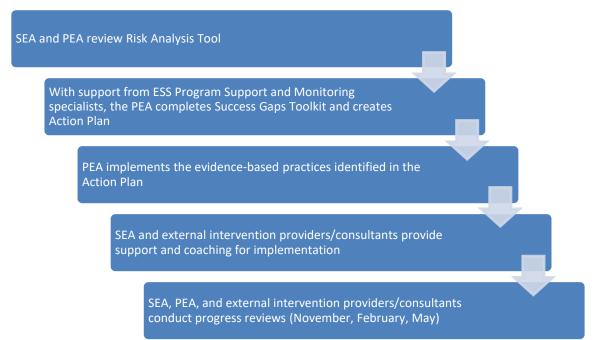
| <u>CURRED WITIHI</u> 300.530(h) | For a student who has been suspended for more than 10 days in the school year, |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| SF, SASF | the parent was notified on the day the decision was made. |
| | Student File Review Method: Review the student's file to determine if there is documentation that the parents were contacted in person or by telephone. This contact must be made on the same day as the decision to take the action. |
| | If such a record is found, mark this item I. |
| | If no record is found, mark this item O . |
| 300.530(c) 300.530(e) SF, SASF | If a change in placement has occurred because of behavioral issues, the IEP team conducted a manifestation determination meeting within 10 school days to determine the relationship between the student's disability and behavior. |
| | Student File Review Method: |
| | If the team (PEA, parent, and relevant members of the IEP team as determined by the parent and the PEA) conducted a review and made a manifestation determination, mark this item I. |
| | If there is no documentation that a meeting occurred or if no determination was made, mark this item O . |
| 300.530(f)(1)(i) | If the behavior was determined to be a manifestation of the disability for a student who has been suspended for more than 10 days in the school year, a functional |
| SF, SASF | behavioral assessment (FBA) was conducted and a behavior intervention plan (BIP) |
| -Day Correction | was implemented OR , if already in place, the behavior intervention plan was reviewed and modified, as necessary. |
| | Student File Review Method: If the behavior was determined to be a manifestation of the disability and a FBA was conducted or the BIP reviewed, mark this item I. |
| | If the behavior was NOT a manifestation of the disability, mark this item U . |

| 300.530(f) & (i) SF, SASF 60-Day Correction | If, as a result of a disciplinary action, the IEP team determined that behavior was a manifestation of the student's disability, the student was returned to the placement from which the student was removed unless the removal was for possession of a weapon, drugs, or infliction of serious bodily injury or when the parents and PEA agree to the change of placement. |
|--|--|
| | Student File Review Method: If the student was returned to the placement from which the student was removed, unless the parent and the PEA agreed to a change of placement, mark this item I. |
| 300.530(d) SF, SASF | Review the file to determine if the student who has been suspended or expelled continued to be provided FAPE, including services and adaptations described in the IEP. |
| 60-Day Correction | Student File Review Method: Determine if there is a description indicating how FAPE will occur. If a new IEP or addendum was not written, there should be meeting notes or other documentation (PWN) regarding the services that will be provided and how they will be provided. |
| | If one or the other is documented, mark this item I. |

STATE SYSTEMIC IMPROVEMENT PLAN (SSIP)

State Systemic Improvement Plan (SSIP)

SSIP Process (once PEA is identified for SSIP participation)

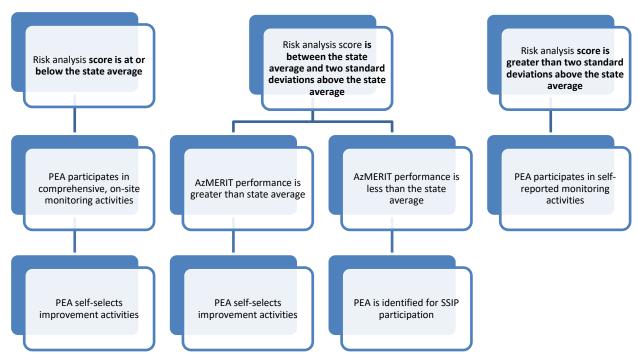


The infrastructural alterations made to the state's monitoring system and improved Risk Analysis tool have allowed for a more targeted selection process for PEAs. Each PEA's risk analysis will be reviewed annually to provide recognition of improvements as well as further growth opportunities. During year four of the six-year monitoring cycle, each PEA's risk analysis results will be used to differentiate monitoring activities and identify PEAs that have met the criteria for participation in the SSIP. Criteria for SSIP participation are as follows:

- PEA serves grades 3–5
- PEA n-size for grades 3–5 is 10 or more special education students
- PEA reading proficiency rate for grades 3–5 falls below the state target

Regardless of their assigned monitoring year, PEAs that meet the SSIP criteria may be placed in year four and required to participate. Movement to year four of the monitoring cycle is based on a myriad of data, including, but not limited to, fluctuations in the Risk Analysis score, changes in student performance, specialist recommendation, identification and recommendation by other ADE units, and PEA request.

First, results of the Risk Analysis must indicate that the PEA has risk, along with a need in the area of English Language Arts (ELA) proficiency. Risk is determined using standard deviations from the average on the PEA Risk Analysis score. While the exact numbers should vary slightly from year to year, the formula used will remain the same. Based on scores for the 2017–2018 risk analysis, the overall state average was determined to be 65%, while the standard deviation was determined to be 16 points. If the PEA's risk analysis score is within one and one-half standard deviations above and one-half standard deviation below the state average range (58%–88% for 2017–2018) and the PEA meets the SSIP criteria (grade levels and n-size), then proficiency on the AzMERIT English Language Arts Assessment will be reviewed. PEAs that demonstrate reading proficiency below the state average for students with disabilities will be identified as participants.



Selection of Sites

Timelines for PEA SSIP activities are as follows:

| Cale and 2 DEAs submit some lated UDC's Addressing Courses Care | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Cohort 2 and 3 PEAs submit completed IDC's Addressing Success Gaps: Indicators of Success Rubric (pre-assessment) and SSIP Action Plan to their ESS Program Support and Monitoring specialist. Nothing is required to be submitted from Cohort 1 PEAs at this time. Cohort 1 continues progressing in SSIP Action Plan. | | | | |
| SEA ESS Program Support and Monitoring Specialist will review IDC's Addressing Success Gaps: Indicators of Success Rubric and Action Plan with PEAs and provide technical assistance feedback (Cohort 2 and 3 PEAs). Fall Learning Walks Protocol data are due to PSM Specialist (Cohort 2 SSIP PEAs only). Cohort 1 SSIP PEAs submit Mid-Year SSIP Progress Report. | | | | |
| PEA will participate in SSIP survey (all cohorts). Winter Learning Walks Protocol data are due to PSM Specialist (Cohort 2 PEAs only). | | | | |
| PEA will submit ELA benchmark data (all cohorts). | | | | |
| SEA ESS Program Support and Monitoring specialist will review Action Plan progress with PEAs and provide technical assistance feedback (Cohort 2 and 3 PEAs). Spring Learning Walks Protocol data are due to PSM Specialist (Cohort 2 | | | | |
| PEAs only). Nothing is required to be submitted from Cohort 1 PEAs at this time. Cohort 1 continues progressing in SSIP Action Plan. | | | | |
| Cohort 2 and 3 PEAs will complete self-evaluation to include an update of IDC's Addressing Success Gaps: Indicators of Success Rubric and SSIP Action Plan. Cohort 1 PEAs will submit the SSIP Progress Final Report. | | | | |
| PEA will submit end-of-year ELA benchmark data (all SSIP Cohorts). | | | | |
| _ | | | | |

Additional activities may be assigned.

PEAs identified for participation in the SSIP are also eligible to enter into a contract with the SEA to receive financial assistance with implementation of activities outlined in the PEA action plan. PEAs must complete

the contract and obtain approval prior to expending any funds they would expect to be reimbursed. This may accelerate the PEA's timelines as outlined above.

SSIP activities are implemented over three years with activities as follows:

Year 1 (Cohort 3)

PEAs submit a needs assessment, action plan, benchmark data, and survey data. PEAs are provided with feedback and technical assistance through Program Support and Monitoring.

Year 2 (Cohort 2)

PEAs update the needs assessment and action plan. PEAs submit benchmark data, Learning Walks trend data, and survey data. PEAs are provided with feedback and technical assistance as well as professional learning in the Learning Walks Protocol.

Year 3 (Cohort 1)

PEAs submit benchmark data, survey data, and a mid-year and end-of-year summary of year three SSIP activities. PEAs are provided with technical assistance and training as needed.

| SSID No: | SSID No: DOB: | | | | Student: | | | Eligibility: |
|---|--|--|--|---------------------------|--|----------------|--|--|
| Ethnicity | : | | School: | | Teacher: | Monitor: | | |
| Primary h | ome language | e indicated | by the parent: | | Language | in which the s | tudent is r | nost proficient: |
| Evaluation/Reevaluation | | | | PEA ✓ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | |
| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Descrip | tion | | | | Team determined the student has a specific category of disability 60-Day |
| | II.A.1 | | Current evaluation 60-Day | | | | | Team determined the student needs special education and related services 60-Day |
| areas that have not been assessed) 60-DayI VisionI Social/behaviI HearingI CommunicatiI AcademicsI Assistive tech | | | | | Assessments and other evaluation materials are administered in a language and form most likely to yield accurate information 60-Day | | | |
| | | | and hearing status) and for preschool, a CDA (indicate areas that have not been assessed) 60-Day | | | | Sped 72 matches eligibility | |
| | □ Vision□ Social/behavioral□ Hearing□ Communications□ Academics□ Assistive tech. | | | | A—documents a developmental disability that significantly affects verbal and nonverbal communication and social interaction | | | |
| | | | ☐ Cognitive ☐ Adaptive | ☐ Motor skills ☐ Other | | | | DD—documents at least 1.5 SD and no more than 3.0 SD below the mean in two or more areas for a child |
| | | | Performance in educational s general curriculum | etting and progress in | | | | who is at least 3 years of age, but under 10 years of age |
| | | | Educational needs to access t including assistive technology | | | | | ED—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| п | For reevaluations, addit special education service | п | For reevaluations, additions or modifications to the | | | | | HI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| | | special education services are to progress in the general cur | e needed for the student | | | | HI—documents the language proficiency of the student | |
| | | | The impact of any educationa | l disadvantage | | | | MIID—documents performance on standard measures |
| | | | The impact of English languag general curriculum | e learning on progress in | | | | between 2 and 3 SD below the mean |
| | | | | | | | | |

COMMENTS:_____

E2

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA ✓ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|--|-------|-----------|----------|--|
| | | | MOID—documents performance on standard measures between 3 and 4 SD below the mean | | II.A.5 | | For initial evaluation, the student was evaluated within 60 calendar days |
| | | | MD—documents a learning and developmental problem resulting from multiple disabilities 60-Day | | | | # of days over: Reason: 60-Day |
| | | | MDSSI—documents multiple disabilities that include at least one of the following: VI or HI 60-Day | | | Individu | ualized Education Program |
| | | | OHI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | III.A.1 | | Current IEP (date:) 60-Day |
| | | | OI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | III.A.2 | | IEP review/revision and participants |
| | | | PSD—documents more than 3.0 SD below the mean in one or more areas | | | | IEP reviewed/revised annually (previous date:) |
| | | | SLI—documents a communication disorder | | | | IEP team meeting included required participants (if |
| | | | SLD—documents a significant discrepancy between achievement and ability in one of the identified areas or failure to respond to intervention (RTI) | | | | "no", indicate missing members) Parent PEA Representative Gen Ed Teacher Test Results Special Ed Teacher Interpreter |
| | | | SLD—certifies that each team member agrees or disagrees | | III.A.3 | | General required components of IEP are included |
| | | | SLD—documents determination of effects of | | | | IEP has PLAAFP (refer to guide steps) |
| | | | environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage | | | | Measurable annual goals related to PLAAFP |
| | | | SID—documents performance at least 4 SD below the mean | | | | Documentation of eligibility for alternate assessment, if appropriate 60-Day |
| | | | TBI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | For students eligible for alternate assessments only, |
| | | | VI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | short-term instructional objectives or benchmarks |
| | | | VI—documents the results of an individualized Braille assessment for a student who is considered blind | | | | |

COMMENTS:_____

E2

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-0-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|--------|-----------|---|---|-------|-----------|--|---|
| | | | Current progress report includes progress toward goals | | | | Extent to which student will not participate with nondisabled peers |
| | | | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) □ No description of timeline | | | | Sped 72 matches LRE |
| | | | ☐ Goals not measurable ☐ Not done in accordance with timeline | | III.A.5 | | Other considerations |
| | | | □ Not reflective of measurement criteria in goal | | | | Consideration of strategies/supports to address |
| | III.A.4 | | Individualized services to be provided | | | | behavior that impedes student's learning or that of others |
| | | | Special education services to be provided (If "out", indicate missing requirement) | | | | Consideration of individual accommodations in |
| | | | \square Not specially designed instruction (SDI) | _ | | _ | testing, if appropriate |
| | | | \square No documentation of why SDI is provided by other | | | | Consideration of communication needs of the student |
| | | personnel No documentation of certified special education | | | | Consideration of assistive technology devices and service needs | |
| | | personnel in planning, progress monitoring, or delivery of SDI | | | | For ELL students, consideration of language needs related to the IEP | |
| | | | Special education teacher not certified Other provider not certified (District Only) | | | | For HI students, consideration of the child's language and communication needs |
| | | | Consideration of related services | | | | and communication needs |
| | | | Consideration of supplementary aids, services, program modifications | | | Secondary | Transition Line Items (III.A.6) |
| | | | Consideration of supports for school personnel | | III.A.6 | | For students 16 years of age or older, documentation of required postsecondary components 60-Day |
| | | | Location, frequency, and duration of services and | | | | Measurable postsecondary goals |
| | | | modifications (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) | | | | No evidence of goals Goal content not postsecondary |
| | | | | | | | □ Not measurable |
| | | Frequency Duration | | | | Required goal areas not addressed | |
| _ | | _ | | | | | Measurable postsecondary goals updated annually |
| | | | Consideration of the need for extended school year | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| COMMEN | NTS: | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|--|
| | | | Documentation that the postsecondary goals were derived from age-appropriate assessment(s) |
| | | | Documentation of one or more transition services/activities that support the postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | The student's course of study supports the identified postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | Documentation of annual IEP goal(s) that will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | Documentation that the student was invited to meeting |
| | | | Evidence that a representative of another agency that is likely to provide and/or pay for transition services has been invited to the meeting when parent consent is obtained |
| | III.A.7 | | Documentation of additional postsecondary transition components |
| | | | Progress reporting for services/activities |
| | | | By age 17, a statement of rights to transfer at age 18 |
| | III.A.8 | | IEP reflects student educational needs 60-Day |

COMMENTS:_____

E2

The content of this document has been transcribed from the IDEA Data Centers' <u>Equity, Inclusion, and Opportunity: Addressing Success Gaps – Indicators</u> of Success Rubric Version 3.0

Directions for completing the Success Gaps rubric:

This rubric is designed to help any school or school district identify gaps in performance between groups or subgroups of children or students. We use the term children/students because the review is inclusive of any preschool children enrolled in a school or a district. Detailed instructions and resource materials are included in the Success Gaps tool box located on the resource pages of the <u>IDEA Data Center</u>.

Ideally, this rubric should be completed by a team. Possible team members may be representatives from general education, special education, district leadership, and school-based leadership. The suggested practice for completion of the rubric is to have team members complete the rubric individually, meet to discuss similarities and differences in scoring, then come to consensus on a final score as a team.

Insights gained from completing the rubric will be used to complete the Action Plan template on the final page of this document. As activities in the Action Plan(s) are implemented and successfully sustained, review and update the rubric section(s) to demonstrate progress. To complete this portion of the monitoring activities, submit a copy of the original rubric, the completed Action Plan, and an updated rubric to your Program Support and Monitoring specialist.

1. Data-Based Decision Making

Probing Questions:

Does our school or district identify data elements or quality indicators that are tracked over time to measure school effectiveness?

What are those data elements? Are the data valid and reliable?

Are data disaggregated by child/student demographics such as race, ethnicity, gender, disability, etc. to identify gaps in achievement and performance and trends with over- or underrepresentation in identification, placement, and discipline?

Are data reviewed at regular intervals to determine progress or change?

Are data used to make policy, procedure, and practice decisions in our school?

How regularly do we use these data to inform our decisions?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 1a. Decisions about the school curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports, and school improvement initiatives are based on data. | Decisions about the school curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports and school improvement initiatives are rarely systematically based on data. | Some teachers and programs consistently use valid and reliable data systematically to inform decisions about curriculum, instructional programs, academic and behavioral supports, and school improvement initiatives. | The data used are valid and reliable. A schoolwide formalized and systematic process is in place to monitor and reinforce the continuous improvement of individual learners, subgroups of learners, initiatives, and programs within the school. It is implemented by some but not all staff. | The data used are valid and reliable. The schoolwide process for data-based decision making is implemented and evident for all children/students and subgroups of children/students, in all classrooms, and is used in decisions about school initiatives or programs, as well. | |

2. Cultural Responsiveness

Probing Questions:

Are school staff prepared to work with children/students from diverse cultural and linguistic backgrounds?

Is our school culture responsive and welcoming to children/students and families from culturally/linguistically diverse groups?

To what degree does our teaching staff reflect the cultural/linguistic makeup of our school's population?

Do school staff understand and value each individual child's and each group's unique cultural values and needs?

Are teachers familiar with the beliefs, values, cultural practices, discourse styles, and other features of children's/students' lives that may have an impact on classroom

participation and success, and are they prepared to use this information in designing instruction?

Do research-based interventions account for the schools' cultural context as a part of implementation?

Are screening, referral, and assessment practices, procedures, and tools unbiased and nondiscriminatory?

Does the staff at our school understand that it is our job to be culturally responsive to all their children/students?

Are we linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families?

Do culturally responsive practices inform our outreach to the community including families and community partners?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|---|---|--|----------|
| 2a. Culturally responsive instructional interventions and teaching strategies are used throughout the school or district. | Staff practices and attitudes about culture, race, and linguistic background prevent success gaps from being addressed. Many teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/students in the school. | Some staff practices and attitudes about culture, race, and linguistic background are barriers to addressing success gaps. Many teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/students in the school. Staff have received training in culturally responsive practices. | Staff receive ongoing training in culturally responsive practices. The practices and attitudes of most staff are responsive to cultural, racial, and linguistic diversity. Few teachers are unable to effectively teach some groups of children/ students in the school. | Staff receive ongoing training in culturally responsive practices. The practices and attitudes of all staff are responsive to cultural, racial, and linguistic diversity. The school recognizes and celebrates the diversity and richness of students' and families' backgrounds. All teachers can effectively teach all groups of children/students in the school. | |
| 2b. Faculty and staff are prepared for linguistic diversity among students and families. | Most teachers are unprepared to meet the linguistic needs of many students in the school. | Some teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. Few staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. Other supports are almost always provided when this is not the case. | Most teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/students. Other supports are always provided when this is not the case. Most staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. | All teachers are prepared to meet the linguistic needs of all children/ students. All staff are linguistically competent to communicate with our children/students and their families. | |

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 2c. The school or district facilitates the participation of all the families that make up the diversity of the school. | Parents and family members typically attending school activities, functions, or parent/teacher meetings do not represent the full diversity of the school, including the group(s) that experience success gaps. | Parents and family members typically attending school activities, functions, or parent/teacher meetings represent some of the diversity of the school but not all the groups that are experiencing success gaps. | □ Parents and family members of the groups that experience success gaps in the school feel welcomed and are engaged in school activities, meetings, or other functions. Some of the diversity of the school, but not all the groups that are experiencing success gaps, are represented on stakeholder planning groups to reduce success gaps. School staff members are taking intentional measures to learn about the culture of these diverse groups. | □ Parents and family members of the groups that experience success gaps feel welcomed in the school and are frequently engaged in school activities, meetings, or other functions. All the groups that are experiencing success gaps are represented on stakeholder planning groups to reduce success gaps. School staff members on an ongoing basis take intentional measures to learn about the culture of these diverse groups. | |

3. Core Instructional Program

Probing Questions:

Do all groups of children in our school receive high-quality instruction based on the principles of Universal Design for Learning? Are all of our teachers skilled in teaching a classroom filled with learners who are diverse culturally, linguistically, and in learning style? Are all families aware of the core curriculum and of the differentiations/accommodations/ modifications provided for their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------|
| 3a. A consistent, well- articulated curriculum is in place and implemented with fidelity. | Some children/students do not have access to a rigorous core curriculum taught by effective content teachers. | ☐ Inconsistent curriculum planning prevents most children/students from experiencing a rigorous curriculum that is horizontally and vertically aligned and that demands depth of understanding. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | Most children/students participate in a curriculum that is rigorous, demands depth of understanding, and is also beginning to be horizontally and vertically aligned and implemented with fidelity. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | All children/students participate in a curriculum that is rigorous and demands depth of understanding that has been horizontally and vertically aligned and implemented with fidelity. All children/students experiencing success gaps are taught by effective teachers. | |
| 3b. The instructional program and strategies used in the school are research- based practices. | Few children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | Some children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | Many children/students experience high- quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | All children/students experience high-quality instruction that utilizes research-based practices, higher order thinking skills and processes, flexible grouping, and instructional technology. | |
| 3c. Differentiated instruction is used to address the need of all learners in the school. | Very few teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/ students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | Some teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of a few learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | Most teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of all learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | All teachers differentiate the core curriculum to address the needs of all learners and learning styles, effectively addressing their children's/students' cultural and linguistic backgrounds. | |
| 3d. Families are informed about the core instructional program and how the needs of their child are being met. | Families are rarely informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program or the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are sometimes informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are usually welcomed in the school and informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | Families are always welcomed in the school and informed, in language they understand, about the school's core instructional program and the ways in which it is differentiated for their child. | |

4. Assessment – Universal Screening and Progress Monitoring

Probing Questions:

Does our school have a system that routinely and regularly screens all children/students for risk factors that might require early intervention? Does every classroom teacher regularly screen or monitor child/student performance/progress and adjust instruction for individual children/students based upon the results?

Are teachers supported to implement developmental, academic, and/or behavior interventions in the general education setting? Are families informed about the results of universal screening and/or progress monitoring for their child?

Indicator Planning **Partially Implemented** Exemplary Evidence Implemented The school does not use The school screens The school screens all The school screens all 4a. Universal screening is schoolwide screening for some groups of children/students at children/students at used to identify needs children/students to children/ students each least once a year with multiple points during for early intervention identify academic or year with valid and valid and reliable tools to the school year using or targeted supports behavioral risk factors reliable tools to identify identify academic or valid and reliable tools to academic or behavioral behavioral risk factors identify academic or that may require early behavioral risk factors intervention or other risk factors that may that may require early intervention or other that may require early targeted supports. require early intervention or other targeted supports. intervention or other targeted supports. targeted supports. There is no schoolwide The school has a plan so The school has a plan so All teachers review 4b. Progress monitoring plan for teachers to that all teachers review that all teachers review child/student is planned and review child/student child/student child/student performance data at implemented by the performance data at performance data at performance data at regular intervals and school to support the regular intervals and regular intervals and regular intervals and adjust classroom developmental, adjust classroom adjust classroom adjust classroom instruction and academic or instruction and instruction and instruction and instructional behavioral progress of instructional instructional instructional interventions to support each child/student. interventions to support interventions to support interventions to support child/student child/student progress. child/student academic child/student academic developmental, or behavioral progress. or behavioral progress. academic, or behavioral Some teachers are Most teachers are progress. implementing this plan. implementing this plan. Families in the groups Families in the groups Families in the groups All families are always 4c. Families are Informed identified with success identified with success identified with success informed, in language about screening and gaps are rarely informed, gaps are sometimes gaps are usually they can understand, of progress monitoring in language they can informed, in language informed, in language their child's screening results. understand, of their they can understand, of they can understand, of and progress monitoring child's screening and their child's screening their child's screening results for academic and progress monitoring and progress monitoring and progress monitoring behavioral skills. results for academic and results for academic and results for academic and behavioral skills. behavioral skills. behavioral skills.

5. Interventions and Supports

Probing Questions:

Are children/students with academic challenges identified?

Are they provided with instructional interventions?

Are these interventions evidence-based?

Are the interventions culturally appropriate for our children/students?

Are they implemented with fidelity?

Does the school implement a system of positive behavioral interventions and supports?

Does the school implement a multi-tiered system of supports (MTSS)?

Is the system implemented with fidelity?

Is the system culturally appropriate for the diversity of our child/student population?

Have we used data to determine its effectiveness?

Are teachers effective in its use with diverse groups of children/students?

Are families informed about the interventions and supports provided to their child?

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|---|--|---|--|--|----------|
| 5a. Evidence-based behavioral interventions and supports, in addition to core instruction, are embedded within a multi-tiered framework and implemented with fidelity. | The school does not have a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. | The school has a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. Some teachers are already implementing this plan. | The school has a plan to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. Most teachers are already implementing interventions with fidelity according to the plan. | The school has a plan so to provide all children/students with academic or behavioral needs supplemental evidence-based interventions. All teachers identify children/students with behavioral or academic challenges and provide supplemental evidence- based interventions with fidelity. | |
| 5b. School-level practices use tiered response methods (MTSS) that include academic and behavioral interventions and supports. | The school has no schoolwide multi-tiered system of academic and behavioral supports or, if it has one, it is ineffective, disjointed, or inconsistently implemented. | The school has a plan to implement a schoolwide multi-tiered system of academic and behavioral supports and interventions in all classrooms. Some teachers and staff are already implementing elements of the support system in some classrooms. | A schoolwide multi- tiered academic and behavioral support system is implemented across all school environments and in all classrooms with high fidelity. | A schoolwide multi- tiered academic and behavioral support system that is culturally responsive to the school population is implemented across all school environments and in all classrooms with high fidelity. | |

| Indicator | Planning | Partially Implemented | Implemented | Exemplary | Evidence |
|--|---|--|--|---|----------|
| 5c. A comprehensive district-level school discipline policy is in place and implemented. | The district currently has a zero tolerance policy or lacks a cohesive discipline policy altogether. | District leaders are drafting a formal school discipline policy informed by best practice. | ☐ The district has a formal school discipline policy in place. The policy is culturally sensitive to the diversity of this school and favors tiered responses to child/student misconduct based on the nature and severity of the infraction. The policy requires positive, proactive, and restorative strategies focused on keeping children/students engaged and in school. Our school understands and implements the district policy with some degree of fidelity. | The district has a formal school discipline policy in place. The policy is culturally sensitive to the diversity of this school and favors tiered responses to child/student misconduct based on the nature and severity of the infraction. The policy requires positive, proactive, and restorative strategies focused on keeping children/students engaged and in school. All schools in the district understand and implement the district policy with high fidelity. | |
| 5d. Families are regularly informed, in their native or home language, of interventions provided to their children and their children's responses to those interventions for academic and behavioral skills. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are rarely informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are sometimes informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are regularly informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | Families of children with more intensive academic or behavioral needs are always informed, in language they can understand, of the interventions their children are receiving and the progress or lack of progress their children are making. | |



Implementation Tracking and Plan Form

| AZ SSIP Action Plan LEA: | ESS Director: |
|---|---------------|
| Team Members: | |
| Date: | |
| Focus Area Supported by Needs Assessment: | |
| Change to be Sought: | |

Collaborating Offices/Departments:

| Action Steps What needs to be done? | By Whom Who will take actions? | By When By what date will the action be done? | Resources and Support Available (financial, personnel, governance, and others) | Resources and Support Needed (financial, personnel, governance, and others) | Potential Barriers or Resistance What offices or departments might resist? Why? | Communication Plan for Implementation What offices, departments, and stakeholders should be informed about/involved with these actions? |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |
| Action Step: By [insert date] | | | | | | |

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PEA SSIP End of Year Status Report Form

(to be completed by the PEAs in Year 3 of SSIP)

PEA: _____

Specialist: _____

Outcome Focus Area: _____

End of Year Status Report: (due no later than May 8, 2020)

Please provide a summary of the SSIP Action Plan activities you have implemented this year, as well as your PEA's progress towards your intended outcomes in improving literacy for students you serve with disabilities. Please include plans for continuing your Action Plan activities for the 2020-2021 school year, if any.

PEA SSIP Mid-Year Status Report Form

(to be completed by the PEAs in Year 3 of SSIP)

PEA: _____

Specialist: _____

Outcome Focus Area: _____

Mid-Year Status Report: (due no later than December 6, 2019)

Please provide a summary of the SSIP Action Plan activities you have implemented this year as well as your PEA's progress towards your intended outcomes in improving literacy for students you serve with disabilities.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX A

APPENDIX A

Line Item III.A.3 (PLAAFP, annual goal, progress report)

| PLAAFP | Measurable Annual Goal | Progress Report |
|--|--|--|
| Student can correctly define 10% of veterinary terms found in veterinary technical manuals. | Student will correctly define an average of 85% of veterinary terms found in veterinary technical manuals as measured by vocabulary quizzes. | At the end of the first grading period, student is able to define 40% of technical terms. |
| Given picture-clue instructions, student follows two-step directions. Given three- step directions, student was unable to complete any steps. | Given picture-clue instructions, student will follow three-step directions five times per week. Baseline: 0/5 Mastery: 5/5 Measurement tool: Teacher data sheet | Student has demonstrated he is able to follow three-step directions three times per week. |
| 3. Using grade-level social studies textbook and current reading assignment, student orally reads 22 words per minute (wpm) with three errors, on average, over four trials. | Using grade-level social studies textbook and current reading assignment, student will orally read 100 wpm with no more than three errors, on average, over four trials. Measurement tool: Teacher record book | At the end of the third grading period, student has averaged 87 wpm with three errors over the last four trials. |
| Student can correctly multiply 2-digit by 2- digit whole numbers with no problem, but struggles with 3-digit by 2-digit multiplication. | Given teacher-made worksheets with 20 problems multiplying 3-digit by 2-digit whole numbers, student will increase his correct responses from an average of 8 to an average of 15 problems for five trials. | Student is able to answer an average of 9 of the 20 problems correctly over five trials. |

| | PLAAFP | Measurable Annual Goal | Progress Report |
|----|---|--|--|
| 5. | The OT reports that the student has the necessary muscular development, and this year should be able to develop the necessary motor control to use her communication board for purposeful communication this year. | At the school cafeteria, student will independently order a school lunch that includes at least two different food selections by pointing at items with her elbow on her communication board daily, as measured by the parapro's tracking sheet. | At the end of the first grading period, student independently ordered a dessert each day. With verbal encouragement from the aide, she also ordered an additional different item each day. |
| 6. | Student often displays aggressive behavior toward peers. He yells, pushes, and is frequently sent to the office. | Student will reduce aggressive behavior toward others (hitting, kicking, or pushing) as evidenced by a reduction in referrals to the office for aggressive behavior from six to none for a nine-week grading period. Measurement tool: written referrals | During this grading period, student had two referrals for aggressive behavior. |
| 7. | Student's content area teachers (social studies, math, science, and language arts) report that the student never turns in any homework. | Given homework at her academic level, student will complete and submit 90% of required assignments for each content area class by the end of the fourth quarter, as measured by the teacher grade book. | Student's homework assignments completed and turned in this quarter: science 93%, social studies 50%, math 50%, and language arts 12%. |
| 8. | Student shows little interest in interacting with his preschool peers. When cued to stop and give another child a turn, the student verbally protests and becomes agitated. | When provided a visual cue, the student will complete three reciprocal turn-taking behaviors with a peer without verbal protest in four targeted activities during the preschool day. Currently the student completes one reciprocal turn-taking behavior with a peer given six visual and verbal cues while verbally protesting an average of ten times per activity. | Over four targeted activities, the student currently completes one turn-taking behavior with an average of four visual cues and six verbal protests per activity. |

Measurable Goal Worksheet

~~Baselines can be contained in the PLAAFP and/or the Goal Statement~~

| Do | To what extent or criteria | As evaluated | Baseline | Does this goal make sense? | Is this goal measurable? |
|--|--|--|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (What is the specific skill/behavior to be achieved in this goal?) | (How will the student show that he/she has mastered the goal?) | (Identify the specific measurement tool or assessment strategy.) | (What is the present level of the student related to this skill?) | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

APPENDIX B

| Risk Component Name | School Year | Data Source | Formula |
|--|-------------|--|---|
| Indicator 1 - Graduation Rate | 2017–2018 | PEA submission of exit codes from Student Management System (SMS) | # students with disabilities with graduation exit codes / # students with disabilities in 4- year cohort |
| Indicator 2 – Dropout Rate | 2017–2018 | PEA submission of exit codes from SMS | # students with disabilities coded as dropout ages 14–21 / # students with disabilities enrolled ages 14–21 |
| Indicator 3 – Performance on Statewide Assessments ELA Proficiency | 2017–2018 | Assessment | # students with disabilities in grades 3–8 and 11 (EOC) assessment scores with a score of "proficient" or higher / # students tested in grades 3–8 and 11 |
| Indicator 3 – Performance on Statewide Assessments Math Proficiency | 2017–2018 | Assessment | # students with disabilities in grades 3–8 and 11 (EOC) assessment scores with a score of "proficient" or higher / # students tested in grades 3–8 and 11 |
| Indicator 4a – Suspension / Expulsion | 2017–2018 | Safe schools data submission | Calculated risk ratio based on AZSafe data; N size (total enrollment) of 30; cell size (number of students with disabilities) of 10 |
| Indicator 4b – Suspension / Expulsion | 2017–2018 | Safe schools data submission | Calculated risk ratio >3>3based on AZSafe data; N size (total enrollment of students with disabiilties) of 30; cell size (number of students with disabilities in a particular race/ethnicity) of 10. R |
| Indicator 5 – Least Restrictive Environment (LRE-A) | 2017–2018 | PEA submission of sped need code in SMS | # students with disabilities coded as LRE A in Student Management System (SMS) on Oct. 1 count / # total students with disabilities on Oct. 1 count |
| Indicator 5 – Least Restrictive Environment (LRE–C) | 2017–2018 | PEA submission of sped need code in SMS | # students with disabilities coded as LRE C in Student Management System (SMS) on Oct. 1 count / # total students with disabilities on Oct. 1 count |
| Indicator 5 – Least Restrictive Environment (LRE-D, E, or H) | 2017–2018 | PEA submission of sped need code in SMS | # students with disabilities coded as LRE in separate placements in Student Management System (SMS) on Oct. 1 count / # total students with disabilities on Oct. 1 count |
| Indicator 6 – Preschool Least Restrictive Environment (LRE) | 2017–2018 | PEA data submission | # students with disabilities ages 3–5 included in gen ed classrooms for any part of their school day / total # students with disabilities ages 3–5 |
| Indicator 6 – Preschool Least Restrictive Environment (LRE) | 2017–2018 | PEA data submission | # students with disabilities ages 3–5 participating in separate special education classes, residential facilities, or separate schools / total # students with disabilities ages 3–5 |
| Indicators 9 – Disproportionality | 2017–2018 | PEA data submission | Calculated risk ratio >3 based on Oct. 1 counts (ethnicity and sped eligibility); N size of 30; cell size of 10 |
| Indicators 10 – Disproportionality | 2017–2018 | PEA data submission | Calculated >3 risk ratio based on Oct. 1 counts (eligibility categories and ethnicity); N size of 30; cell size of 10 |
| Indicator 11 – Initial Evaluation Timeline | 2018–2019 | Annual site visit (ASV) | # compliant files reviewed / # total files reviewed |
| Indicator 13 – Postsecondary Transition | 2018–2019 | Annual site visit (ASV) | # compliant files reviewed / # total files reviewed |

PEA Determination

| Additional Considerations | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Risk Component Name | School Year | Data Source | Formula | | | |
| Indicator 7 – Preschool Children with Improved Outcomes | 2017–2018 | PEA data submission | All 3 Teaching Strategies Gold checkpoints were met throughout the school year | | | |
| Indicator 8 - Parent Involvement | 2017–2018 | Parent Survey application (via ADEConnect) | # of parent responses saying they are involved / # of parents completing survey | | | |
| Indicator 14 – Post School Outcomes | 2017–2018 | PEA submission of data from PSO application | Participated in the survey by documenting contact / attempts of contact for eligible student(s) | | | |
| Indicator 14 – Post School Outcomes | 2017–2018 | PEA submission of data from PSO application | # eligible surveys completed / # possible eligible surveys | | | |
| Indicator 14 – Post School Outcomes | 2017–2018 | PEA submission of data from PSO application | # students surveyed engaged in postsecondary education/training or employment / # students with disabilities completed survey | | | |
| Indicator 5 – Least Restrictive Environment (LRE) | 2017–2018 | PEA submission of sped need code in SMS | # students with disabilities coded as LRE B in Student Management System (SMS) on Oct. 1 count / # total students with disabilities on Oct. 1 count | | | |
| SPED Population | 2017–2018 | PEA submission of sped need codes in Student Management System (SMS) | # students with disabilities enrolled on Oct. 1 count / # total students enrolled on Oct. 1 count | | | |
| Number of findings of noncompliance from state complaints in the 2016–17 SY | 2017–2018 | Dispute Resolution | # of allegations found to be noncompliant as a result of Administrative State Complaint investigation | | | |
| SSIP action plan implementation | 2018–2019 | ESS Monitoring Application | PEA has met all required deadlines for SSIP | | | |

APPENDIX C

APPENDIX C Arizona Department of Education, Exceptional Student Services

Child Find Referral Form

Instructions

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- Children Birth to 2 years 10.5 months-Referral from a PEA (including a Union High School District or Charter 1. School) to AzEIP. When any PEA receives a statement of concern from a parent about the development of their child aged birth to 2 years 10.5 months, the following process will take place within two (2) business days of the date of the parental referral.
 - a. The PEA will submit an online referral at www.azdes.gov/AzEIP and print a copy for verification purposes. Should the online application malfunction, the PEA will immediately contact AzEIP for technical assistance.
 - This date is considered the initial referral to AzEIP. b.
- 2. Children 2 years 10.5 months to Five-Referral from AzEIP, a PEA (including a Union High School District or Charter School) to the District of Residence. When an AzEIP Early Intervention Program (EIP), a union high school district, or a public charter school receives a statement of concern from a parent about the development of their child between the ages of 2 years and 10.5 months and older, or a request for an evaluation, the following process will take place within two (2) business days of the date of the parental referral.
 - a. The AzEIP Central Referral System or the local AzEIP EIP will assist the family to (1) make a referral to the District of Residence using the Child Find Referral Form, after obtaining written consent or (2) provide the parent with district contact information, should the parent choose not to provide written consent.
 - b. Union high school districts and charter schools will complete the Child Find Referral Form, fax the form with a cover sheet marked 'confidential' to the District of Residence, and maintain a copy of the form for verification purposes.
 - The date the District of Residence receives the referral begins the timeline requirement for eligibility determination (45 C. calendar days to screen and 60 calendar days to evaluate).

| Child and Parent Information | Date of Parental Referral: |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Child's Name: | |
| Date of Birth: | |
| Parent/Guardian Name: | Primary Language: |
| Parent's Address: | |
| City: | Zip Code: |
| Home Phone #: | Alternative #: |
| Best Time to Contact: Em | nail: |
| District of Residence Information | on |
| Contact Name: | |
| Phone #: | |
| FAX #: | |
| Email: | |
| Receiving Agency Information | Date Referral Received: |
| Contact Name: | |
| Phone #: | |
| FAX #: | |
| Email: | |
| | |

Technical Assistance is available from:

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ADE/Exceptional Student Services Child Find Coordinator (928) 637-1871 ChildFind@azed.gov www.azed.gov/specialeducation/azfind

APPENDIX C

SAMPLE 45-DAY SCREENING FORM

IMPORTANT: Consult your LEA's *Child Find Policies and Procedures* for complete identification and referral requirements. See www.azed.gov/specialeducation/az-find for child find laws, regulations, procedures, sample forms, and other resources.

| Student's Name | Grade | DOB | Student ID# | Date of Entry |
|----------------|-------|-----|-------------|---------------|
| | | | | |

Home Language Survey completed. If any answer to a question is other than English, conduct an English language proficiency assessment.

| Student Screening | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----|----|---|--------|--|--|
| | Yes | No | | Notes: | | |
| Vision | | | Holds reading materials too close or too far away Squints or tilts head to see the board or objects at a reasonable distance Problems with eye health (i.e., tearing, sensitivity to light, eye rubbing, pain) Other: | | | |
| Hearing | | | Responds inappropriately to questions/directions Frequently asks for information to be repeated or asks "What?" Watches others to imitate what they are doing Complains of earaches, ear pain, or head noises Difficulty localizing sounds/the speaker Consistently inattentive Uses nonverbal skills (i.e., gestures, nods, head turning, leaning in) Watches speaker intently/moves to see speaker Other: | | | |
| Communication | | | Poor articulation Speech is not understandable by most listeners Ineffective communication/messages Difficulty learning new sounds/new words Voice problems (i.e., volume, rate, quality) Difficulty expressing ideas, responding to instructions Does not engage in age-appropriate conversations/discussions Other: | | | |
| Cognitive or Academic | | | Learns very slowly compared to peers Attention problems (i.e., attention span, focus on less relevant stimuli) Below grade level in: reading, writing, math Difficulty recalling information Other: | | | |
| Adaptive | | | Weak self-care skills (i.e., personal hygiene, dress, belongings) Poor social skills (i.e., working with peers, social perceptions/cues) Difficulty understanding directions, communicating needs, expressing ideas Inappropriate school coping behaviors (i.e., attention, organization, questioning behavior, following directions, monitoring use of time) Other: | | | |
| Social or Behavioral | | | Exhibits externalizing behaviors (i.e., aggression, vandalism, bullying, excessive absenteeism) Exhibits internalizing behaviors (i.e., fears, phobias, depression, withdrawal) Inappropriate behaviors or feelings under normal circumstances Poor conduct/defiance in campus settings, unstructured environments Trouble transitioning between activities Difficulty developing or maintaining peer or adult relationships Other: | | | |
| Motor | | | Gross motor development not age appropriate (i.e., clumsy or awkward; avoids physical tasks to possibly mask pain, fatigue, or lack of endurance) Fine motor skills not age appropriate (i.e., difficulty reaching, grasping, or manipulating objects; shaky, stiff, or weak movements) Other: | | | |

| Date 45-day | screening was | s completed: |
|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | |

Administrative Action:

No concerns at this time.

Concern(s) noted. Action(s) taken:

Parent(s) notified on _____

Referred for student study team

Referred to appropriate program administrator

Referred for Comprehensive Evaluation 504 Plan

Other:

Teacher's Signature: _____

Administrator's Signature: _

APPENDIX C

Arizona Department of Education, Exceptional Student Services

Unorganized Territory Child Find Referral Form

Instructions: Child Find (Ages 2 years 10½ months through 5 years)

- 1. Upon learning of a concern from a parent who lives in a region outside the boundaries of any public education agency, Arizona Early Intervention Programs (EIPs) and PEAs are required to follow unorganized territory child find referral procedures. AzEIP Central Referral Line or the AzEIP EIP will, *within two (2) business days of the date of the parental referral,* assist the parent to (1) complete section one of the *Unorganized Territory Referral Form* via fax at (928) 526-5279 or email at ChildFind@azed.gov after obtaining parent consent or (2) provide the parent the contact information for the ADE/ESS Child Find Coordinator at (928) 637-1871when the parent chooses not to provide consent.
- 2. PEAs will, within two (2) business days of the date of the parental referral, complete section one, submit the form to the ADE/ESS Child Find Coordinator via fax at (928) 526-5279 or email at ChildFind@azed.gov, and maintain the form for verification purposes.
- 3. The Coordinator will contact the appropriate county school superintendent's office within one (1) business day of receiving the referral to determine the school district the child will attend if a certificate of educational convenience (CEC) is assigned. The Coordinator will then forward the referral to the district's special education director.
- 4. The 45 calendar day timeline for screening begins on the date the school district receives the referral.

| 1. | Referral Information | Date of Child Find Referral: |
|-----|------------------------------|---|
| Ch | ild's Name: | |
| Da | te of Birth: | |
| Pa | rent/Guardian Name: | |
| Ad | dress/City/Zip Code: | County: |
| Ph | one #: | Alternate Phone #: Best Time to Contact: |
| | ferred by (name and | |
| Em | ail Address: | |
| Ph | one #: | |
| No | tes: | |
| 2. | County of Residence | Date Contacted: |
| Со | unty Superintendent: | |
| Ph | one #: | |
| Dis | trict of Residence: | |
| No | tes: | |
| | Assigned District of Residen | ce Date School District Received Referral: |
| Ph | one #/E-mail Address: | |
| No | tes: | |
| | 30-Day Follow-Up | Date ADE Coordinator Contacted School District: |
| Ph | one #: | |
| No | tes: | |

APPENDIX D

Indicator 8: Parent Involvement Survey

The SY 2020 survey will be open November 2019 through May 2020.

All school districts and charter schools are required to annually administer the State Performance Plan Indicator 8: Parent Involvement Survey to parents of students with an individualized education program (IEP). The survey measures the percentage of parents with a child receiving special education services who report that the school facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children with disabilities.

The documents schools use to administer the survey are in the ESS Parent Survey application, which is accessed via ADEConnect. For a user to obtain access to the application, the *ESS Parent Survey User* role must be assigned by the school district or charter holder ADEConnect entity administrator. Documents available through ADEConnect include these:

- 1. PEA Instructions
- 2. Parent Letter (Word)
- 3. Student List (Excel)
- 4. Instructions to merge the Word and Excel files.
- 5. Instructions to access the daily Survey Progress report
- 6. Instructions to download the annual Question-by-Question analysis

The application also includes two report tools that enable schools to:

- 1. Monitor survey progress to boost parent participation.
- 2. Use the question-by-question summary to strengthen family engagement activities. (After the survey closes, data are analyzed and available to PEAs with 6 or more completed surveys.)

Survey Questions

There are eight Likert scale questions included in the survey and one open-ended survey question.

Likert Scale Survey Questions (confidential):

- I work together with the IEP team as an equal partner to develop my child's IEP.
- I feel comfortable telling my ideas about how well special education services meet my child's needs.
- The teacher(s) keep(s) in touch with me regularly about my child's progress.
- My relationship with the school staff has a positive effect on my child's education.
- Administrators are available to discuss my questions or concerns.
- My child's school helps me play an active role in my child's education.
- The school explains what choices I have if we disagree.
- Overall, I am satisfied with how my child's school makes it easy for me to be involved.

Open-Ended Survey Question (not confidential if parent identifies student or specific situation):

• How does your child's school encourage you to be involved?

Resources and Tips

Updated procedures and tips will be posted regularly in the FAQ section, and family engagement resources will also be featured on <u>www.azed.gov/specialeducation/parent-involvement-survey-admin</u>.

Direct questions to Becky Raabe, Parent Survey Coordinator, at 928-637-1871 or <u>Becky.Raabe@azed.gov</u>. July 2019

Tab Insert

APPENDIX E

Annual Site Visit (ASV) File Sample Guidance

| Number of students in special education | 10 or Less | 11-100 | 101+ |
|---|------------|--------|------|
| Number of eligible student files | 5 | 10 | 15 |
| Initial evaluations of students found not eligible (for line item II.A.5 only) | 2 | 2 | 5 |
| Postsecondary transition requirements (Line item III.A.6 only) | 2 | 2 | 5 |

Select a representative sample of files based upon your student population. This may include the following, as applicable:

- Files from each school site
- Initial evaluations
- Parent request for evaluation
- All disability categories
- All service delivery models within the PEA
- English language learners (ELLs)
- Students who are 16 years of age or older (Indicator 13)
- Students in dropout recovery programs
- Out-of-district placements (ASDB, private day school, and residential placement)
- Students from an elementary-only district that are tuitioned (not open enrolled) to a neighboring unified or high school district
- Students phased out of special education services
- Students who have been suspended, have been expelled, or have moved to an interim alternative educational setting (IAES) for longer than 10 days
- Students initially evaluated and found not eligible (Indicator 11)
- Preschool students

.....

| SSID No: _ | DOB: | | | Student: | | | Eligibility: | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|-------------|---|--|
| Ethnicity: | | | School: | Teacher: _ | | | Monitor: | |
| Primary hor | me language | indicated b | by the parent: | Language ir | n which the stu | udent is mo | ost proficient: | |
| | | Eval | luation/Reevaluation | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Desc | ription |
| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | II.A.4 | | Eligibility considerations | |
| | II.A.1 | | Current evaluation 60-Day | | | | | as related to the suspected |
| | II.A.2 | | Review of existing data | | | | | nic, behavior, current vision r preschool, a CDA (indicate |
| | | | Parent request timeline | | | | areas that have not been | |
| | | | Current information provided by the parents | | | | □ Hearing | |
| | | | Current classroom-based assessments | | | | | Assistive tech. Motor skills |
| | | | Teachers and related service providers observation(s), | | | | □ Adaptive | □ Other |
| | | | including pre-referral interventions | | | | Performance in educational setting and progress in | |
| | | | Formal assessments | | | | general curriculum | |
| | II.A.3 | | Team determination of need for additional data | | | | Educational needs to acce including assistive technol | |
| | | | Team determined that existing data were sufficient or determined that additional data were needed | | | | For reevaluations, if any additions or modifications to the special education services are needed for the | |
| | | | For reevaluation only, parents were informed of | | | | student to progress in the | |
| _ | | _ | reason and right to request data | | | | The impact of any education | onal disadvantage |
| reevalu | | Ш | Obtained informed parental consent or for reevaluation only, documented efforts to obtain consent | | | | The impact of English lang the general curriculum | uage learning on progress in |
| | | | | | | | Team determined the stud of disability 60-Day | lent has a specific category |

COMMENTS:_____

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|--|-------|-----------|-------|---|
| | | | Team determined the student needs special education and related services 60-Day | | | | PSD—documents more than 3.0 SD below the mean in one or more areas |
| | | | Assessments and other evaluation materials are | | | | SLI—documents a communication disorder |
| | | | administered in a language and form most likely to yield accurate information 60-Day | | | | SLD—documents a significant discrepancy between achievement and ability in one of the identified areas |
| | | | Sped 72 matches eligibility | | | | or failure to respond to intervention (RTI) |
| | | | A—documents a developmental disability that significantly affects verbal and nonverbal | | | | SLD—certifies that each team member agrees or disagrees |
| | | | communication and social interaction DD—documents at least 1.5 SD and no more than 3.0 | | | | SLD—documents determination of effects of environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage |
| | | | SD below the mean in two or more areas for a child who is at least 3 years of age, but under 10 years of age | | | | SID—documents performance at least 4 SD below the mean |
| | | | ED—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | TBI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| | | | HI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | VI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day |
| | | | HI—documents the language proficiency of the student | | | | VI—documents the results of an individualized Braille assessment for a student who is considered blind |
| | | | MIID—documents performance on standard measures between 2 and 3 SD below the mean | | II.A.5 | | For initial evaluation, the student was evaluated within 60 calendar days # of days over: |
| | | | MOID—documents performance on standard measures between 3 and 4 SD below the mean | | | | Reason: 60-Day |
| | | | MD—documents a learning and developmental problem resulting from multiple disabilities 60-Day | | | | |
| | | | MDSSI—documents multiple disabilities that include at least one of the following: VI or HI 60-Day | | | | |
| | | | OHI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | |
| | | | OI—verification by a qualified professional 60-Day | | | | |

| | Individualized Education Program | | | | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|----------------------------------|-------|---|---|-----------|-------|---|
| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | | III.A.4 | | Individualized services to be provided |
| | III.A.1 | | Current IEP (date:) 60-Day | | | | Special education services to be provided |
| | III.A.2 | | IEP review/revision and participants | _ | | _ | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) |
| | | | IEP reviewed/revised annually (previous date:) | | | | Not specially designed instruction (SDI) No documentation of why SDI is provided by other personnel |
| | | | IEP team meeting included required participants (if "no" indicate missing members) □ Parent □ PEA Representative □ Gen Ed Teacher □ Test Results □ Special Ed Teacher Interpreter | | | | No documentation of certified special education personnel in planning, progress monitoring, or delivery of SDI Special education teacher not certified Other provider not certified (district only) |
| | III.A.3 | | General required components of IEP are included | | | | Consideration of related services |
| | | | IEP has PLAAFP (refer to Guide Steps) | | | | Consideration of supplementary aids, services, program modifications |
| | | | Measurable annual goals related to PLAAFP | | | | Consideration of supports for school personnel |
| | | | Documentation of eligibility for alternate assessment, if appropriate 60-Day | | | | Location, frequency and duration of services and modifications |
| | | | For students eligible for alternate assessments only, short-term instructional objectives or benchmarks | | | | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) □ Location |
| | | | Current progress report includes progress toward goals | | | | □ Frequency □ Duration |
| | | | (If "out", indicate the missing requirement) | | | | Consideration of the need for extended school year |
| | | | No description of timeline Goals not measurable Not done in accordance with timeline | | | | Extent to which student will not participate with nondisabled peers |
| | | | □ Not reflective of measurement criteria in goal | | | | Sped 72 matches LRE |

| PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description | PEA 🗸 | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|---|--|-------|-----------|------------|---|
| | III.A.5 | | Other considerations | | | | The student's course of study supports the identified postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | Consideration of strategies/supports to address behavior that impedes student's learning or that of others | | | | Documentation of annual IEP goal(s) that will reasonably enable the student to meet the postsecondary goal(s) |
| | | | Consideration of individual accommodations in testing, if appropriate | | | | Documentation that the student was invited to the meeting |
| | | | Consideration of communication needs of the student | | | | Evidence that a representative of another agency that |
| | | | Consideration of assistive technology devices and service needs | | | | is likely to provide and/or pay for transition services has been invited to the meeting when parent consent has been obtained |
| | | | For students who are ELL, consideration of language needs related to the IEP | _ | | | |
| | | | For students with HI, consideration of the child's | | III.A.7 | | Documentation of additional postsecondary transition components |
| _ | | _ | language and communication needs | | | | Progress reporting for services/activities |
| | Secon | condary Transition Line Items (III.A.6 & III.A.7) | | | | | By age 17, a statement of rights to transfer at age 18 |
| | III.A.6 | | For students 16 years of age or older, documentation of required postsecondary components 60-Day | | III.A.8 | | IEP reflects student educational needs 60-Day Reason for " O " call |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals | | | | |
| | | | No evidence of goals Goal content not postsecondary | | Pro | cedural Sa | feguards/Parental Participation |
| | | | □ Not measurable | | IV.A.1 | | Notices provided at required times and in a language |
| | | | Required goal areas not addressed | | | | and form that is understandable to the parent |
| | | | Measurable postsecondary goals updated annually | | | | Procedural safeguards notice provided to parents within the last 12 months 60-Day |
| | | | Documentation that the postsecondary goals were derived from age-appropriate assessment(s) | | | | All required notices provided in a language that is: |
| | | | Documentation of one or more transition services/activities that support the postsecondary goal(s) | | | | the native language of the parent understandable to public 60-Day |

| PEA ✔ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|--|
| | IV.A.2 | | PWN provided at required times and contains |
| | | | required components |
| | | | |
| | | | PWN provided to parents at required times in the last 12 months |
| | | | For PWN, a description of the action proposed or refused by the PEA |
| | | | For PWN, explanation of why the agency proposed or refused to take the action |
| | | | For PWN, description of any options considered and why these options were rejected |
| | | | For PWN, description of evaluation procedures, tests, records used as a basis for the decision |
| | | | For PWN, description of any other relevant factors |
| | | | For PWN, if the notice is not an initial referral for evaluation, a statement of how a copy of the procedural safeguards can be obtained |
| | | | For PWN, sources to obtain assistance in understanding the notice |

| Implementation Date: Implementation Date: <th< th=""><th>nsion Ision</th></th<> | nsion Ision |
|---|----------------|
| PWN Provision Date: Image: State St | tion Date |
| | on Date: |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

| PEA ✓ | Line Item | I-O-U | Description |
|-------|-----------|-------|---|
| | IV.A.3 | | Discipline procedures and requirements followed |
| | | | Notified parent on the same date the disciplinary decision was made |
| | | | If a change in placement occurred, the IEP team conducted a review within 10 school days to determine the relationship between the student's disability and behavior |
| | | | If the IEP team determined that behavior was a manifestation of the student's disability, an FBA was conducted and a BIP implemented or if already in place, a BIP reviewed and modified, as necessary 60-Day |
| | | | If the IEP team determined that behavior was a manifestation of the student's disability, the student was returned to placement from which the student was removed, unless the parent and PEA agreed to a change of placement 60-Day |
| | | | For suspension or IAES placement, student continued to be provided FAPE, including services and adaptations described in the IEP 60-Day |

General Supervision Activities

Year 1

- Complete student file review using file sample guidance for technical assistance (TA) purposes
- Data collection for Indicators 11, 12, and 13
- Review of public education agency (PEA) policies and procedures
- Second site visit if Indicator data is not 100% or at the request of PEA
- Risk analysis review
- TA as determined by the PEA and specialist
- Collaborative efforts with other units in ADE that may be working with the PEA

Year 2

- Complete student file review using file sample guidance for TApurposes
- Data collection for Indicators 11, 12, and 13
- Review of child find requirements
- Second site visit if Indicator data is not 100% or at the request of PEA
- Risk analysis review
- TA as determined by the PEA and specialist
- Collaborative efforts with other units in ADE that may be working with the PEA

Year 3

- Complete student file review using file sample guidance for TApurposes
- Data collection for Indicators 11, 12, and 13
- Review of summary of performance (SOP) requirements
- Second site visit if Indicator data is not 100% or at the request of PEA
- In-person risk analysis review
- TA as determined by the PEA and specialist
- Collaborative efforts with other units in ADE that may be working with the PEA
- Monitoring set up for the following year based on risk analysis review

Year 4

• Differentiated monitoring activities as determined by the risk analysis

Year 5

- PEA completion of corrective action plan (CAP) activities
- State System Improvement Plan (SSIP) and outcome area implementation updates and follow-up
- If no CAP activities, student file review using file sample guidance for TA purposes
- Data collection for Indicators 11, 12, and 13
- Risk analysis review

Year 6

- Complete student file review using file sample guidance for TApurposes
- State System Improvement Plan (SSIP) and outcome area implementation updates and follow-up
- Data collection for Indicators 11, 12, and 13
- Second site visit if Indicator data is not 100% or at the request of PEA
- Risk analysis review
- TA as determined by the PEA and specialist
- Collaborative efforts with other units in ADE that may be working with the PEA

Transportation Only District Data Collection Form

| Date: _ | | Specialist: |
|---------|--|-------------|
| PEA: | | |
| I-O-U | Description | |
| | PEA has board-approved policies and procedures for child find. | |
| | Child find procedures are disseminated to parents. | |
| | PEA maintains invitation list and agenda for private school involvement. | |
| | PEA has process for AzEIP referral. | |
| | PEA has process for ages 3–5 screening and evaluation. | |
| | PEA has process for school-age referral. | |

COMMENTS: _____

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APPENDIX F



Arizona Department of Education Diane M. Douglas, Superintendent of Public Instruction

Exceptional Student Services Arizona Technical Assistance System (AZ-TAS)

Qualified Professionals Eligible to Conduct Appropriate Evaluations

A Technical Assistance Document to Support Evaluations; as Required by R7-2-401 (G.8)

Introduction

On October 23, 2017, the Arizona State Board of Education adopted rules in the area of Special Education (R7-2-401). These rules replaced the specific professionals previously required to verify certain disabilities with the general term "qualified professional." These rules further required the Arizona Department of Education to create a list, to be reviewed and approved by the State Board of Education, of qualified professionals eligible to conduct the appropriate evaluations. From the rules:

The Department shall develop a list, subject to review and approval of the State Board of Education, of qualified professionals eligible to conduct the appropriate evaluations prescribed in 35 subsection (E)(7).

The following is the list of qualified professionals developed by the Department of Education as required by (R7-2-401(G)(8) as amended and approved by the Arizona State Board of Education on 1/29/18; revised 8/27/18.

QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL LIST Per R7-2-401

For the following disabilities, the full and individual initial evaluation shall include:

- Emotional disability:
 - verification of a disorder by a psychiatrist, licensed psychologist, licensed *professional counselor*, *licensed clinical social worker (LSCW)*, or a certified school psychologist.
- Hearing impairment:
 - An audiological evaluation by an individual holding a master's or doctoral degree in audiology, and
 - An evaluation of communication/language proficiency.
- Other health impairment:
 - verification of a health impairment by a doctor of medicine, doctor of osteopathy, licensed nurse practitioner, licensed physician assistant, or in cases of ADHD a certified school psychologist or licensed psychologist.
- Orthopedic impairment:
 - verification of the physical disability by a doctor of medicine, doctor of osteopathy, *doctor of podiatric medicine*, licensed nurse practitioner, or licensed physician assistant.
- Speech/language impairment:
 - o an evaluation by a certified speech-language pathologist or speech-language technician.
 - For students whose speech impairments appear to be limited to articulation, voice, or fluency problems, the written evaluation may be limited to:
 - An audiometric screening within the past calendar year,
 - A review of academic history and classroom functioning,
 - An assessment of the speech problem by a licensed and certified speechlanguage pathologist or speech language technician, or
 - An assessment of the student's functional communication skills.
- Traumatic brain injury:
 - verification of the injury by a doctor of medicine, doctor of osteopathy, licensed nurse practitioner, licensed physician assistant *or a licensed clinical neuropsychologist*
- Visual impairment:
 - verification of a visual impairment by an ophthalmologist or optometrist.

Tab Insert

APPENDIX G

NSTTAC Indicator 13 Checklist: Form B (Enhanced for Professional Development)

Percent of youth with IEPs aged 16 and above with an IEP that includes appropriate measurable postsecondary goals that are annually updated and based upon an age appropriate transition assessment, transition services, including courses of study, that will reasonably enable the student to meet those postsecondary goals, and annual IEP goals related to the student's transition services needs. There also must be evidence that the student was invited to the IEP Team meeting where transition services are to be discussed and evidence that, if appropriate, a representative of any participating agency was invited to the IEP Team meeting with the prior consent of the parent or student who has reached the age of majority. (20 U.S.C. 1416(a)(3)(B))

| Questions | Training | Postsecondary Education | Employment | Independent Living skills |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| 1. Is there an appropriate measurable postsecondary goal or | | | | |
| goals in this area? | Y N | Y N | Y N | Y N NA |
| Can the goal(s) be counted? Will the goal(s) occur <i>after</i> the student graduates fro Based on the information available about this studen • If <i>yes</i> to all three guiding questions abov | nt, does (do) the pos | | | |
| 2. Is (are) the postsecondary goal(s) updated annually? | Y N | Y N | Y N | Y N NA |
| Was (were) the postsecondary goal(s) addressed/ up If yes, then circle Y OR If the postsecond | | | | |
| 3. Is there evidence that the measurable postsecondary goal(s) were based on age appropriate transition assessment? | Y N | Y N | Y N | Y N |
| Is the use of transition assessment(s) for the postsec | | tioned in the IEP or o | evident in the student | 's file? |
| • If yes, then circle Y OR if no, then circle | N | | | |
| 4. Are there transition services in the IEP that will reasonably | | | | |
| enable the student to meet his or her postsecondary goal(s)? | Y N | Y N | Y N | Y N |
| Is a type of <i>instruction, related service, community objectives, and if appropriate, acquisition of daily la association with meeting the post-secondary goal(s)</i> If <i>yes,</i> then circle Y OR if <i>no,</i> then circle | iving skills, and pro? | | | |
| 5. Do the transition services include courses of study that will | | | | |
| reasonably enable the student to meet his or her | Y N | Y N | Y N | Y N |
| postsecondary goal(s)? | | | | |
| Do the transition services include courses of study the If yes, then circle Y OR if no, then circle | - | tudent's postseconda | ry goal(s)? | |
| 6. Is (are) there annual IEP goal(s) related to the student's transition services needs? | Y N | Y N | Y N | Y N |
| Is (are) an annual goal(s) included in the IEP that is | | tudent's transition ser | rvices needs? | |
| • If <i>yes</i> , then circle Y OR if <i>no</i> , then circle 7. Is there evidence that the student was invited to the IEP | N | | | |
| Team meeting where transition services were discussed? | Y N | Y N | Y N | VN |
| For the current year, is there documented evidence i | | | | Y N |
| • If <i>yes</i> , then circle Y OR if <i>no</i> , then | | | sudent was invited to | |
| 8. If appropriate, is there evidence that a representative of any | | | | |
| participating agency was invited to the IEP Team meeting | | | | |
| with the prior consent of the parent or student who has | Y N NA | Y N NA | Y N NA | Y N NA |
| reached the age of majority? For the current year, is there evidence in the IEP that participate in the IEP development including but no employment (including supported employment), com participation for this post-secondary goal? Was consent obtained from the parent (or student, for If yes to both, then circle Y If no invitation is evident and a participat services and there was consent to invite to If it is too early to determine if the student for transition services, circle NA If parent or individual student consent (we for the student of the student | t limited to: <i>postsec</i> <i>tinuing and adult e</i> or a student the age ting agency is likel them to the IEP me nt will need outside when appropriate) w | condary education, vo ducation, adult servi- of majority)? y to be responsible for eting, then circle N e agency involvement vas not provided, circo | ocational education, i ces, independent livin or providing or paying t, or no agency is likel | ntegrated g or community g for transition |
| Does the IEP meet the requirements of Indi | cator 13? (Circle | e one) | | |
| Yes (all Ys or NAs for each item [1-8] on the chec | klist included in th | e IEP are circled) | or No (one or 1 | nore Ns circled) |

Instructions for Completing NSTTAC Indicator 13 Checklist

1. Is there an appropriate measurable postsecondary goal or goals in this area?

- Find the postsecondary goal(s) for this student
- If there are appropriate measurable postsecondary goals in the areas of *Training* after high school; *Education* after high school, and *Employment* after high school, and (where appropriate) *Independent Living Skills* after high school **and** if the identified postsecondary goals in *Training, Education,* and *Employment,* and (where appropriate) *Independent Living Skills* appear to be appropriate for the student, based on the other information regarding Present Level of Academic and Functional Performance and / or the student's strengths, preferences, and interests, circle Y
- If a student's postsecondary goal in *Training* and *Education* addresses both training for a career and other education after high school (e.g., enrollment in an adult education program focused on both job and independent living skills; enrollment in a college program in preparation for a career in architecture), circle Y in both the *Education* and *Training* columns
- "it may not always be necessary for the student to have separate postsecondary goals for training and education in these instances. Based on the individual needs of the student and the student's plans after leaving high school, it may be reasonable for an IEP Team to interpret the areas of training and education as overlapping in developing postsecondary goals for a student. In these instances, an IEP Team could develop a combined postsecondary goal in the areas related to training and education, and each student's IEP must include a separate postsecondary goal in the area of employment. For further information see Questions and Answers on Secondary Transition, Revised September 2011, OSEP, Retrieved http://idea.ed.gov/explore/view/p/%2Croot%2Cdynamic%2CQaCorner%2C10%2C).
- If an IEP team has interpreted training and education as overlapping areas, circle Y in both columns.
- If there is misalignment between the student's postsecondary goal(s), based on the information available (e.g., present level of performance, student interests, student preferences), circle N for the misaligned goal area(s) in the appropriate column(s)
- If there is a postsecondary goal that addresses *Training* but it is not measurable or does not appear to be appropriate for the student, circle N in that column
- If there is a postsecondary goal that addresses *Education* after high school, but it is not measurable or does not appear to be appropriate for the student, circle N in that column
- If there is not a postsecondary goal that addresses *Training* and a separate postsecondary goal that addresses *Education* or an appropriate combination of the two after high school, circle N
- If there is a postsecondary goal that addresses *Employment* after high school, but it is not measurable or does not appear to be appropriate for the student, circle N
- If there is not a postsecondary goal that addresses *Employment* after high school, circle N
- If there is a postsecondary goal that addresses *Independent Living Skills* after high school, but it is not measurable or does not appear to be appropriate for the student, circle N
- If there is not a postsecondary goal that addresses *Independent Living Skills* after high school, circle NA for that column (If NA is circled for *Independent Living Skills* for #1, please do not respond to questions in this column for questions 2 8.)

2. Are the postsecondary goals updated annually?

- If the postsecondary goals for *Training, Education, Employment*, and where appropriate *Independent Living Skills*, are documented in the student's current IEP, circle Y in each corresponding column
- If the postsecondary goals for *Training, Education, Employment*, and where appropriate *Independent Living Skills*, are not documented in the student's current IEP, circle N in each corresponding column

• If this is the student's first IEP that addresses secondary transition services because they just turned 16, this is considered an update, so circle Y in each column

3. Is there evidence that the measurable postsecondary goals were based on age appropriate transition assessment?

- Find where information relates to assessment and the transition component on the IEP (either in the IEP or the student's file)
- For each of the postsecondary goal areas circled Y in question #1, evidence that at least one age appropriate transition assessment was used to provide information on the student's needs, strengths, preferences, and interests regarding this postsecondary goal, circle Y the corresponding column
- For each of the postsecondary goal areas circled Y in question #1, if there is <u>no</u> evidence that age appropriate transition assessment provided information on the student's needs, taking into account strengths, preferences, and interests regarding this postsecondary goal, circle N in the corresponding column
- If a postsecondary goal area was addressed in item #1, but was not measurable and if there is age appropriate transition assessment information, from one or more sources, provided on the student's needs, taking into account strengths, preferences, and interests regarding this postsecondary goal, circle Y in the corresponding column
- If a postsecondary goal area was addressed in item #1, but was not measurable and if there is <u>not</u> age-appropriate transition assessment information provided on the student's needs, taking into account strengths, preferences, and interests regarding this postsecondary goal, circle N in the corresponding column
- If an *Independent Living Skill* postsecondary goal was noted as NA for #1, please do not provide an answer in that column.

4. Are there transition services in the IEP that will reasonably enable the student to meet his or her postsecondary goals?

- Find where transition services/activities are listed on the IEP
- For each postsecondary goal, if there is a type of instruction, related service, community experience, or development of employment and other post-school adult living objectives, and if appropriate, acquisition of daily living skill(s), and provision of a functional vocational evaluation listed in association with meeting the postsecondary goal (s), circle Y
- For each of the postsecondary goal, if there is **no** type of instruction, related service, community experience, development of employment and other post-school adult living objective, acquisition of a daily living skill, or functional vocational evaluation listed in association with meeting the postsecondary goal(s), circle N in the corresponding column
- If a postsecondary goal area was addressed in item #1, but was not measurable and there is a type of transition services listed in association with meeting that postsecondary goal, circle Y in the corresponding column If a postsecondary goal area was addressed in item #1, but was not measurable and there is <u>no</u> type of transition service listed in association with meeting that postsecondary goal, circle N in the corresponding column
- If an *Independent Living Skill* postsecondary goal was noted as NA, please do not provide an answer in that column

5. Do the transition services include courses of study that will reasonably enable the student to meet his or her postsecondary goals?

- Locate the course of study (instructional program of study) or list of courses of study in the student's IEP
- Are the courses of study a multi-year description of coursework from the student's current to anticipated exit year that is designed to help achieve the student's desired post-school goal(s)? If yes, go to next instruction bullet. If no, circle N in each column

Prepared by the National Secondary Transition Technical Assistance Center (NSTTAC) September, 2006; updated July, 2009; updated October, 2011; updated May, 2012

- Do the courses of study align with the student's identified postsecondary goal(s)? If yes, circle Y in the corresponding column(s). If no, circle N in the corresponding column(s)
- If an *Independent Living (IL)* postsecondary goal was noted as NA, please do not provide an answer in the (*IL*) column.

6. Is (are) there annual IEP goal(s) that are related to the student's transition services needs?

- Find the annual goals, or, for students working toward alternative achievement standards, or States in which short-term objectives are included in the IEP, short-term objectives on the IEP
- For each of the postsecondary goal areas circled Y in question #1, if there is an annual goal or short-term objective included in the IEP related to the student's transition services needs, circle Y in the corresponding column(s)
- For each of the postsecondary goal areas circled Y in question #1, if there is <u>no</u> annual goal or short-term objective included in the IEP related to the student's transition services needs, circle N in the corresponding column(s)
- If a postsecondary goal area was addressed in #1, but was not measurable, and an annual goal is included in the IEP related to the student's transition services needs, circle Y in the corresponding column(s)
- If a postsecondary goal area was addressed in #1, but was not measurable, and there is <u>no</u> annual goal included the IEP related to the student's transition services needs, circle N in the corresponding column(s)
- If an *Independent Living Skill* postsecondary goal was noted as NA, please do not provide an answer in that column.

7. Is there evidence that the student was invited to the IEP Team meeting where transition services were discussed?

- Locate the invitation to the IEP conference for the student.
- Was the student invitation signed (by the LEA) and dated prior to the date of the IEP conference? If yes, circle Y in each column OR if no, circle N in each column

8. If appropriate, is there evidence that a representative of any participating agency was invited to the IEP Team meeting with the prior consent of the parent or student who has reached the age of majority?

- Find where persons responsible and/or agencies are listed on the IEP
- Are there transition services listed on the IEP that are likely to be provided or paid for by an outside agency? If yes, continue with next instruction bullet. If no, circle NA in the corresponding column(s)
- Was parent consent or student consent (once student has reached the age of majority) to invite an outside agency(ies) obtained? If yes, continue with next instruction bullet. If no, circle NA in the corresponding column(s)
- If a postsecondary goal area was addressed in item #1, but was not measurable and there is evidence that parent/student consented agency(ies) were invited to the IEP meeting to discuss transition, circle Y in the corresponding column(s)
- If a postsecondary goal area was addressed in item #1, but was not measurable and there is <u>no</u> evidence that parent/student consented agency(ies) were invited to the IEP meeting to discuss transition, circle N in the corresponding column(s)
- If it is too early to determine if this student will need outside agency involvement, circle NA in each column
- If an *Independent Living (IL)* postsecondary goal was noted as NA, please do not provide an answer in the (*IL*) column.

Does the IEP meet the requirements of Indicator 13?

- If all Ys or NAs for each item (1- 8) for all postsecondary goals identified are circled, then circle **Yes**
- If one or more Ns are circled, then circle No

Tab Insert

APPENDIX H

Specially Designed Instruction

SDI is intended to adapt the content, method, and/or instructional delivery to address the unique needs of a student. SDI ensures access to grade-level Arizona Academic Standards.



**Disclaimer: This presentation reflects current federal and state compliance requirements included in the Arizona ESS monitoring system. This presentation does not include local PEA policy, procedure and practice that may exceed compliance requirements.

SDI Worksheet

~~ Information can be in the PLAAFP, services, goals, etc. ~~

* Evidence of SDI must address at least one of the following: content, methodology, and delivery of instruction. Adapting any one of these three in isolation, however, may not constitute SDI.

| Content (Curriculum based on grade-level standards) | Methodology (Instructional design of content, based on research or best practice) | Delivery (Application and implementation of methodology that are necessary and specified within the IEP) | How is instruction different from what all other students receive? | Is instruction individualized? (Yes or No) | ls SDI evident? (Yes or No) |
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