The What, Why and How of Smart Snacks

May 16th, 2019 1:30 pm – 2:30 pm Professional Standards Learning Codes: 1310, 1320, 3230





Hello!



My name is Jessica Krug



Presenting with me is Emmy Clarke



Today's webinar is intended for School Nutrition Program Directors, menu planners and other staff who are responsible for compliance with competitive foods in schools that operate the National School Lunch Program.

We will be discussing the Smart Snacks in Schools Final Rule.

This webinar is being recorded for future use.





Agenda

- *What* the Smart Snacks in Schools Final Rule is.
- Why it was created and the science behind the nutrition standards.
- *How* to ensure the foods sold on campus during the school day are compliant.



The "What" of Smart Snacks



Timeline of Implementation





 The Final Rule sets guidelines for all <u>competitive foods</u> sold on the <u>school campus</u> during the <u>school day</u> outside of the reimbursable meal.



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All food and beverages other than reimbursable meals available for sale to students on the school campus during the school day.



 The Final Rule sets guidelines for all <u>competitive foods</u> sold on the <u>school campus</u> during the <u>school day</u> outside of the reimbursable meal.

All areas of the property under the jurisdiction of the school that are accessible to students during the school day.



 The Final Rule sets guidelines for all <u>competitive foods</u> sold on the <u>school campus</u> during the <u>school day</u> outside of the reimbursable meal.

The period from the midnight before to 30 minutes after the end of the official school day.



All foods and beverages sold to students in grades K-12 are subject to the standards. This includes:

- A la carte
- School stores
- Snack bars
- Vending machines
- Fundraisers



What makes a food Smart Snack compliant?





General Food Standards Foods must meet <u>at least one</u> general food standard:

- be whole grain-rich; or
- have as the first ingredient fruit, vegetable, dairy, or protein foods; or
- be a combination food that contains at least ¼ cup fruit and/or vegetable.



Ingredient Labels

INGREDIENTS: ENRICHED FLOUR (WHEAT FLOUR, NIACIN, REDUCED IRON, VITAMIN B1 [THIAMIN MONONITRATE], VITAMIN B2 [RIBOFLAVIN], FOLIC ACID), CORN SYRUP, HIGH FRUCTOSE CORN SYRUP, DEXTROSE, SOYBEAN AND PALM OIL (WITH TBHQ FOR FRESHNESS), SUGAR, BLEACHED WHEAT FLOUR, CONTAINS TWO PERCENT OR LESS OF WHEAT STARCH, SALT, DRIED BLUEBERRIES, DRIED GRAPES, DRIED APPLES, LEAVENING (BAKING SODA, SODIUM ACID PYROPHOSPHATE, MONOCALCIUM PHOSPHATE), CITRIC ACID, MODIFIED WHEAT STARCH, GELATIN, YELLOW CORN FLOUR, PALM OIL, XANTHAN GUM, SOY LECITHIN, CARAMEL COLOR, CORNSTARCH, TURMERIC EXTRACT COLOR, RED 40, VITAMIN A PALMITATE, NIACINAMIDE, REDUCED IRON, NATURAL AND ARTIFICIAL FLAVORS, BLUE 2, BLUE 1, VITAMIN B6 (PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE), VITAMIN B2 (RIBOFLAVIN), VITAMIN B1 (THIAMIN HYDROCHLORIDE), COLOR ADDED.

CONTAINS WHEAT AND SOY INGREDIENTS.

INGREDIENTS: WHOLE WHEAT FLOUR, SUGAR, CORN SYRUP, ENRICHED FLOUR (WHEAT FLOUR, NIACIN, REDUCED IRON, VITAMIN B1 [THIAMIN MONONITRATE], VITAMIN B2 [RIBOFLAVIN], FOLIC ACID), DEXTROSE, SOYBEAN AND PALM OIL (WITH TBHQ FOR FRESHNESS), BLEACHED WHEAT FLOUR, POLYDEXTROSE, GLYCERIN, FRUCTOSE, CONTAINS TWO PERCENT OR LESS OF WHEAT STARCH, DRIED BLUEBERRIES, DRIED GRAPES, DRIED APPLES, CALCIUM CARBONATE, SALT, LEAVENING (SODIUM ACID PYROPHOSPHATE, BAKING SODA), SODIUM STEAROYL LACTYLATE, MODIFIED WHEAT STARCH, CITRIC ACID, DATEM, GELATIN, YELLOW CORN FLOUR, PALM OIL, XANTHAN GUM, CARAMEL COLOR, CORNSTARCH, TURMERIC EXTRACT COLOR, SOY LECITHIN, RED 40, VITAMIN A PALMITATE, NIACINAMIDE, REDUCED IRON, NATURAL AND ARTIFICIAL FLAVORS, BLUE 2, BLUE 1, VITAMIN B6 (PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE), VITAMIN B2 (RIBOFLAVIN), VITAMIN B1 (THIAMIN HYDROCHLORIDE), COLOR ADDED.

CONTAINS WHEAT AND SOY INGREDIENTS.

Does not meet general food standards

Does meet general food standards



Ingredient Labels

Ingredients:

Sugar, Corn Syrup, Dried Corn Syrup, Pear Puree Concentrate, Modified Corn Starch, Fructose, Maltodextrin, Palm Oil. Contains 2% or less of: Cottonseed Oil, Glycerin, Grape Juice Concentrate, Carrageenan, Citric Acid, Monoglycerides, Sodium Citrate, Malic Acid,Vitamin C (ascorbic acid), Potassium Citrate, Agar-Agar, Natural Flavor, Color (red 40, yellows 5; 6), Xanthan Gum.

Ingredients:

Apple Puree, Corn Syrup, Polydextrose, Sugar, Modified Corn Starch. Contains 2% or less of: Vitamin C (ascorbic acid), Citric Acid, Sodium Citrate, Malic Acid, Sunflower Oil?, Color (vegetable juice, spirulina extract, fruit juice, turmeric extract, and annattoextract), Natural Flavor, Carnauba Wax. ?Adds A Trivial Amount Of Fat

Does not meet general food standards

Does meet general food standards



Nutrient Specifications Foods must meet <u>all</u> nutrient standards for:

- Calories
- Total fat
- Saturated fat
- Trans fat
- Sodium
- Sugar



K-12 Nutrient Standards (per serving)

	Snack	Entrée
Calories	≤ 200	≤ 350
Total Fat	\leq 35% of calories	≤ 35% of calories
Saturated Fat	< 10% of calories	< 10% of calories
Trans Fat	0 g	0 g
Sodium	≤ 200 mg	≤ 480 mg
Sugar	≤ 35% by weight	≤ 35% by weight



Nutrient Standards: Entrée vs. Snack

Entrée

The main course of a meal that contains:

(1) A combination food of meat or meat alternate and whole grain-rich food; or

(2) A combination food of vegetable or fruit and meat or meat alternate; or

(3) A meat or meat alternate alone with the exception of meat snacks (e.g., beef jerky), yogurt, low-fat or reduced fat cheese, nuts, seeds and nut butters or seed butters; or

(4) A grain only, whole grain-rich entrée that is served as the main dish of the School Breakfast Program reimbursable meal.

Snack/Side

Snacks include products such as chips, popcorn, nuts or granola bars.

Sides include products that are sold in addition to an entrée at a meal, such as rice, steamed vegetables, mashed potatoes or French fries.



Food Exemptions

- An entrée that is served in the NSLP on the day it is served or the day after is exempt from the Smart Snacks standards.
- Some nutrient-dense foods or combination foods are exempt from certain nutrient standards. Examples:
 - Fruits and vegetables with no added ingredients → exempt from all nutrient standards
 - Reduced-fat cheese, nuts, seeds or nut/seed butters, alone or paired with a fruit or vegetable → exempt from total fat and saturated fat standards



Beverage Standards



Plain, with or without carbonation

No size limit



Unflavored or flavored low-fat or fat-free milk

K-5: 8 oz 6-8: 12 oz 9-12: 12 oz



100% fruit or vegetable juice, with or without carbonation*

K-5: 8 oz 6-8: 12 oz 9-12: 12 oz

*May be diluted with water with no added sweeteners



Beverage Standards: Additional Beverages Allowed for <u>High School Only</u>

Low- and no-calorie beverages, with or without caffeine and/or carbonation; calorie-free flavored water



Low-calorie maximums: 12 oz size limit 5 calories per fluid ounce (fl oz)

- 40 calories/8 fl oz
- 60 calories/12 fl oz



No-calorie maximums: 20 oz size limit Less than 5 calories per 8 fl oz

- 10 calories/20 fl oz



The "Why" of Smart Snacks



of calories in children's diets come from snacks



Snacking Breakdown





Nutrition Highlights of Smart Snacks

- Sugar
- Saturated Fat

3

• Sodium

Limit calories from added sugars and saturated fats and reduce sodium intake. Consume an eating pattern low in added sugars, saturated fats, and sodium. Cut back on foods and beverages higher in these components to amounts that fit within healthy eating patterns.



Recommended Saturated Fat Intake for Children & Adolescents

• 10% of daily calories (2015 Dietary Guidelines for Americans)



What is saturated fat anyway?

- Fats that are solid at room temperature
- Examples:
 - Most animal fats
 - Butter
 - Cheese
 - Fat found in dairy



Figure 2-11. Average Intakes of Saturated Fats as a Percent of Calories per Day by Age-Sex Groups, in Comparison to the *Dietary Guidelines* Maximum Limit of Less Than 10 Percent of Calories





Received and the second

DATA SOURCE: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2007-2010 for average intakes by age-sex group.



Mixed Dishes (pizza, sandwiches/burgers, pasta dishes, rice dishes)



Snacks & Sweets



Protein Dishes

Top Sources of Saturated Fat



Why controlling saturated fat intake matters

- Raises "bad" cholesterol levels
- Increases risk for heart disease
- High in calories, which can lead to weight gain



Recommended Added Sugar Intake for Children & Adolescents

- 10% of daily calories (2015 Dietary Guidelines for Americans)
- 25 grams per day (American Heart Association)





https://www.heart.org/en/healthy-living/healthy-eating/eat-smart

Figure 2-9.

Recommended Maximum Limit

Average Intakes of Added Sugars as a Percent of Calories per Day by Age-Sex Group, in Comparison to the *Dietary Guidelines* Maximum Limit of Less than 10 Percent of Calories

Average Intake







But what about natural sugar?





Added Sugar vs. Naturally Occurring Sugar

- Naturally occurring sugar: found naturally in foods such as fruit (fructose) and milk (lactose)
- Added sugar: any sugar added to foods that is not naturally present. Examples: sugar in chocolate milk, ice cream, baked goods, coffee, ketchup, sweetened beverages



What's in a name? It's still sugar.

- Brown Sugar
- Corn sweetener
- Corn syrup
- Fruit juice concentrates
- High fructose corn syrup
- Honey
- Invert Sugar

- Malt Sugar
- Molasses
- Raw sugar
- Sugar
- Syrup
- Chemicals ending in "ose" (dextrose, fructose, glucose, lactose, maltose, sucrose)


So why do we use sugar?

- Palatability
- If food doesn't taste good, most people won't eat it





Top Sources of Added Sugars



Why controlling sugar intake matters

- Foods high in added sugars are often low in essential nutrients
- Added sugars add calories to the diet without adding beneficial nutrients, which contributes to weight gain
- Increased triglyceride levels
- Tooth decay



Recommended Sodium Intake for Children & Adolescents

- 2000 2400 mg sodium per day
- 1 teaspoon of salt



Figure 2-13.

Average Intake of Sodium in Milligrams per Day by Age-Sex Groups, Compared to Tolerable Upper Intake Levels (UL)

Recommended Maximum Limit (UL) Average Intake 5,000 5,000 4,500 4,500 4,000 4,000 3,500 3,500 3,000 3,000 Milligrams 2,500 2,500 2,000 2,000 1,500 1,500 1,000 1,000 500 500 0 0 71 + 71 + 51 31 51 9 14 19 31 9 14 19 to 3 18 30 50 70 3 13 18 30 50 70 13 Males (years) Females (years)

DATA SOURCES: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2007-2010 for average intakes by age-sex group. Institute of Medicine Dietary Reference Intakes for Tolerable Upper Intake Levels (UL).





Protein Foods



Mixed Dishes (pizza, soups, sandwiches/burgers, pasta dishes, rice dishes)



Snacks & Sweets

Top Sources of Sodium



But what about sea salt?





Sea Salt vs. Table Salt

- There is no sodium difference between sea salt and table salt
- Sea salt is less processed, and usually not fortified with iodine
- Most sodium in American diets does not come from a salt shaker, but rather from processing



Why controlling sodium intake matters

- High blood pressure
- Dehydration



Let's compare snacks!





Smart Snack Compliant Graham Cracker Cookies

Serving Size: 21 grams Calories: 90 Calories from Fat: 28 Total fat: 3 g Saturated Fat: 0 g Sodium: 0 mg 0% daily max Fiber: 1 g Sugar: 5 g 5% daily max Protein: 1 g

5 grams of sugar x 180 school days = 900 grams of sugar

0 grams of saturated fat x 180 school days = **0 grams of saturated fat**

0 grams of sodium x 180 school days = **0 grams of sodium**

Traditional Packaged Chocolate Chip Cookies

Serving Size: 82 grams Calories: 370 Calories from Fat: 112 Total fat: 16 g Saturated Fat: 6 g Sodium: 270 mg 11-14% daily max Fiber: 0 g Sugar: 28 g 112% daily max Protein: 4 g

28 grams of sugar x 180 school days = **5040 grams of sugar**

6 grams of saturated fat x 180 school days = 1080 grams of saturated fat

270 mg sodium x 180 school days = 48,600 grams of sodium



The "How" of Smart Snacks



Recordkeeping

All competitive foods sold during the school day must have proper documentation to support compliance with the Smart Snacks standards.

- Nutrition facts label
- Ingredients label
- Standardized recipe & nutrition analysis for items prepared in-house
- <u>Alliance for a Healthier Generation Smart Snacks Product Calculator</u> results



Smart Snacks Calculator



Calculating Calories from Fat

Some Nutrition Facts labels do not include calories from fat.

To calculate calories from fat: 1 gram of fat = 9 calories Multiply grams of fat per serving by 9 calories

4 g fat x 9 calories = 36 calories from fat

4 servings per container Serving size 1 1/2 cup (208g)	
Amount per serving Calories	240
*	Daily Value
Total Fat 4g	5%
Saturated Fat 1.5g	8%
Trans Fat 0g	
Cholesterol 5mg	2%
Sodium 430mg	19%
Total Carbohydrate 46g	17%
Dietary Fiber 7g	25%
Total Sugars 4g	
Includes 2g Added Sugars	4%
Protein 11g	
Vitamin D 2mcg	10%
Calcium 260mg	20%
Iron 6mg	35%
Potassium 240mg	6%

a day is used for general nutrition advice.





Additional Guidance

- Fundraisers
- Arizona Nutrition Standards
- LEA-level guidelines



Fundraisers

An event that includes any activity during which currency/tokens/tickets, etc. are exchanged for the sale/purchase of a product in support of the school or school-related activities. This includes:

- Giving away food but suggesting a donation
- Vending machines where profits are used to support a school-sponsored club or activity (band, football, etc.)



Fundraisers

Fundraisers that sell food on campus during the school day must meet the Smart Snacks standards.

Smart Snacks standards do not apply to:

- Fundraisers that do not sell food
- Fundraisers that take place outside of school hours
- Fundraisers in which food is not intended to be consumed on campus (i.e. frozen pizza or cookie dough)



Exempt Fundraisers

USDA allows states to set their own policy related to fundraisers that do not meet Smart Snacks standards (exempt fundraisers).

HNS Memo 04-2015 explains ADE's exempt fundraiser policy. Food-related exempt fundraisers must:

- Be infrequent, single events not exceeding one week; and
- Not be in competition with school meals in the food service area during meal service.



Exempt Fundraisers

Fundraiser exemptions can be requested by completing the survey found on the <u>ADE Smart Snacks and Fundraisers webpage</u>.





Arizona Nutrition Standards

USDA allows states to develop their own nutrition standards that can be more restrictive than the federal nutrition standards.

In 2006, the Arizona Legislature passed ARS 15-242, which directed ADE to establish the Arizona Nutrition Standards (ANS), which are nutrition guidelines for all foods <u>served</u> and <u>sold</u> to students in grades K-8.

In 2014, the Arizona Nutrition Standards were updated to reflect the Smart Snacks standards.



Arizona Nutrition Standards

Foods <u>served</u> to students applies to all foods and beverages served to students in grades K-8 during the normal school day. This includes:

- School-sponsored events that occur outside of a single classroom and involve several members of the student body, such as:
 - Pizza parties
 - Ice cream socials
 - Donuts with Dad

This does <u>**not</u>** apply to classroom parties that are limited to only those students enrolled in that classroom.</u>



LEA-Level Guidelines

LEAs can set snack and fundraising policies that are more strict than the federal- and state-level policies. This can be done through the Local Wellness Policy. Examples:

- Limit the number of fundraisers
- Limit fundraisers that sell food
- Limit the types of foods/beverages allowed to be served on campus



Resources

Alliance for a Healthier Generation Smart Snack Product Calculator

SP 23-2014v3: Questions and Answers Related to the Smart Snacks Interim Final Rule

USDA Guide to Smart Snacks in Schools

Flexibility for Entrees Served as Part of NSLP and SBP

Smart Snacks Standards for Exempt Foods when Paired Together

Smart Snacks Beverage Options

Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards and Culinary Education Programs



Resources: Fundraisers

SP 36-2014: Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards and Exempt Fundraisers

HNS 04-2015: Revision to Arizona Department of Education Policy on Specially Exempted Fundraisers

Fundraisers and Smart Snacks: Foods Not Intended for Consumption at School

Smart Snacks in School – Fundraisers



Arizona Resources

<u>Revised Arizona Nutrition Standards in Response to Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids</u> <u>Act of 2010 Competitive Food Standards</u>

<u>CN 12-07: Arizona Nutrition Standards – Frequently Asked Questions</u>

Web-Based Course: Smart Snacks and Competitive Food Standards in Arizona

Recorded Webinar: Smart Snacks



Thank you!

Any questions?

Please type them into the chat bar now.

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