PLD	Standard	Minimally Proficient	Partially Proficient	Proficient	Highly Proficient
		For grade-appropriate texts, the Minimally Proficient	For grade-appropriate texts, the Partially Proficient student	For grade-appropriate texts, the Proficient student	For grade-appropriate texts, the Highly Proficient student
		student			
Detailed	8.RL.1	cites textual evidence to	Reading: Literary Text cites textual evidence to	cites the textual evidence that	applies thorough textual
Detailed	O.NL.I	support an analysis of what	support an analysis of what the	most strongly supports an	evidence to strongly support a
		the text says explicitly.	text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	deep analysis of the text as well as complex inferences drawn from the text.
Detailed	8.RL.2	identifies a theme or central idea of a text; identifies characters, setting, and plot;	identifies a theme or central idea of a text and determines details or events that develop	determines a theme or central idea of a text and analyzes its development over the course of a	determines two or more themes or central ideas and analyzes their development
		provides a list of events from	it; explains characters, setting,	text, including its relationship to	over the course of a text;
		the text.	and plot; provides a simple, objective summary of the text.	the characters, setting, and plot; provides an objective summary of	evaluates the theme(s) or central idea(s) and the
				the text.	relationship to narrative elements; provides a concise
					and comprehensive objective summary of the text.
Detailed	8.RL.3	identifies specific lines of dialogue or incidents in a	describes how specific lines of dialogue or incidents in a story	analyzes how specific lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or	analyzes and evaluates the effectiveness of an author's
		story or drama that propel the action and reveal aspects	or drama propel the action and reveal aspects of the character.	drama propel the action, reveal aspects of the character, or	use of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama to propel the
		of the character.		provoke a decision.	action, reveal aspects of the character, or provoke a decision.
					decision.

Detailed	8.RL.4	identifies the literal or figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text; identifies words that impact meaning and tone.	distinguishes between literal, figurative, and connotative meanings of words and phrases as they are used in a text; determines the effect of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.	determines the meaning of words and phrases, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyzes the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.	determines the meaning and evaluates the impact of words and phrases, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyzes and evaluates the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
Detailed	8.RL.5	compares and contrasts the structure of two texts.	compares and contrasts the structure of two or more texts, describing the connection to their meaning and style.	compares and contrasts the structure of two or more texts, analyzing how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning and style.	compares and contrasts, then evaluates for effectiveness, the structure of two or more texts, analyzing how the differing structure of each text contributes to meaning and style.
Detailed	8.RL.6	identifies that differences in the points of view of the characters or the reader affect the meaning of the text.	describes how differences in the points of view of the characters or the reader contribute to an understanding of the text.	analyzes how differences in the points of view of the characters or the reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) create such effects as suspense or humor in the text.	evaluates the impact of differences in the points of view of the characters or the reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) and the effectiveness of creating suspense or humor in the text.
Detailed	8.RL.7	identifies the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script.	describes the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, identifying the choices made by the director or actors.	analyzes the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices made by the director or actors.	evaluates the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script; critiques the choices made by the director or actors and proposes alternate treatments.

Detailed	8.RL.9	identifies a relationship between a modern work of fiction and patterns of events or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works.	determines how a modern work of fiction draws on explicit themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works, describing how the material is rendered new.	analyzes how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works, describing how the material is rendered new.	evaluates how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works; evaluates the impact of the newly rendered material.

			Reading: Informational To	ext	
Detailed	8.RI.1	cites textual evidence to support an analysis of what the text says explicitly.	cites textual evidence to support an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	cites the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	applies thorough textual evidence to strongly support a deep analysis of the text as well as complex inferences drawn from the text.
Detailed	8.RI.2	identifies a central idea of a text; provides a list of events or details from the text.	identifies a central idea of a text and describes its development over the course of a text; provides a simple, objective summary of the text.	determines a central idea of a text and analyzes its development over the course of a text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provides an objective summary of the text.	determines and analyzes the central ideas of a text and analyzes their development over the course of a text; evaluates the strength of the supporting ideas; provides a comprehensive objective summary of the text.
Detailed	8.RI.3	identifies that a text makes explicit connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).	describes how a text makes explicit connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).	analyzes how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).	evaluates how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).
Detailed	8.RI.4	identifies the literal or figurative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text; identifies the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.	determines the meaning of basic words and phrases as they are used in a text, including common figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; describes the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.	determines the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyzes the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.	analyzes the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; evaluates the rhetorical effect of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

Detailed	8.RI.5	identifies the structure of a	describes the structure of a	analyzes in detail the structure of	evaluates the effect of the
Detailed	8.11.3	specific paragraph in a text;	specific paragraph in a text and	a specific paragraph in a text,	structure of a specific
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		·
		describes the role of	describes its effect on a text;	including the role of particular	paragraph in a text and its
		particular sentences in	describes the role of particular	sentences in developing and	role in the text as a whole,
		creating that structure.	sentences in developing and	refining a key concept.	including the role of particular
			refining a key concept.		sentences in developing and
					refining a key concept.
Detailed	8.RI.6	identifies an author's point of	identifies an author's point of	determines an author's point of	analyzes an author's point of
		view, perspective, and	view, perspective, and purpose	view, perspective, and purpose in	view, perspective, and
		purpose in a text; identifies	in a text and describes how the	a text and analyzes how the	purpose in a text and
		examples where the author	author acknowledges and	author acknowledges and	evaluates the effect of how
		acknowledges or responds to	responds to conflicting	responds to conflicting evidence	the author acknowledges and
		conflicting evidence or	evidence or viewpoints.	or viewpoints.	responds to conflicting
		viewpoints.			evidence or viewpoints.
Detailed	8.RI.7	identifies differences or	compares and contrasts the	evaluates the advantages and	evaluates and critiques the
		similarities in the	use of different media (e.g.,	disadvantages of using different	use of different media (e.g.,
		presentation of a particular	print or digital text, video,	media (e.g., print or digital text,	print or digital text, video,
		topic or idea as presented in	multimedia) in presenting a	video, multimedia) to present a	multimedia) to present a
		different media (e.g., print or	particular topic or idea.	particular topic or idea.	particular topic or idea,
		digital text, video,			providing specific evidence as
		multimedia).			support.
Detailed	8.RI.8	identifies the argument or	describes the argument and	delineates and evaluates the	synthesizes the argument and
		specific claims in a text,	specific claims in a text,	argument and specific claims in a	specific claims in a text, citing
		describing the reasoning and	discussing whether the	text, assessing whether the	specific language to evaluate
		evidence used to support the	reasoning is sound and the	reasoning is sound and the	whether the reasoning is
		argument or claims.	evidence is relevant and	evidence is relevant and	sound and the evidence is
		argument or claims.	sufficient.	sufficient; recognizes when	relevant and sufficient;
			Sufficient.	irrelevant evidence is introduced.	recognizes irrelevant evidence
				irrelevant evidence is introduced.	and proves its irrelevancy.
Detailed	8.RI.9	identifies a case in which two	describes a case in which two	analyzas a sasa in which two or	
Detailed	8.81.9			analyzes a case in which two or	analyzes and evaluates a case
		or more texts provide	or more texts provide	more texts provide conflicting	in which two or more texts
		conflicting information on the	conflicting information on the	information on the same topic,	provide conflicting
		same topic, and identifies	same topic, and identifies	and identifies where the texts	information on the same
		where the texts disagree.	where the texts disagree on	disagree on matters of fact or	topic, and identifies where
			matters of fact.	interpretation.	the texts disagree on matters
					of fact or interpretation,
					evaluating the strength or
					reliability of each.

			Writing		
Detailed	8.W.1	writes arguments to support	writes arguments to support	writes arguments to support	writes arguments to support
		claims with reasons and	claims with reasons and	claims with clear reasons and	claims with clear reasons and
		evidence:	relevant evidence:	relevant evidence:	analysis of relevant evidence:
		a. introduces claim(s), states	a. introduces claim(s), states	a. introduces claim(s),	a. introduces claims;
		opposing claims, and	alternate or opposing claims,	acknowledges and distinguishes	acknowledges and
		organizes reasons and	and organizes the reasons and	the claim(s) from alternate or	distinguishes the claims from
		evidence.	evidence logically.	opposing claims, and organizes	alternate or opposing claims,
				the reasons and evidence	evaluating their validity; and
		b. supports claims with	b. supports claims with	logically.	organizes the reasons and
		extratextual evidence,	reasoning and evidence, using		evidence logically.
		demonstrating a basic	sources and demonstrating an	b. supports claim(s) with logical	
		understanding of the topic or	understanding of the topic or	reasoning and relevant evidence,	b. supports claims with a clear
		text.	text.	using accurate, credible sources	position based on logical
				and demonstrating an	reasoning and relevant
		c. uses transition words to	c. uses words, phrases, and	understanding of the topic or	evidence using accurate,
		link claim(s), counterclaims,	clauses to clarify the	text.	credible sources and
		reasons, and evidence.	relationships among claim(s),		demonstrating a deep
			counterclaims, reasons, and	c. uses words, phrases, and	understanding of the topic or
		d. attempts to establish a	evidence.	clauses to create cohesion and	text.
		formal style.		clarify the relationships among	
			d. establishes a formal style.	claim(s), counterclaims, reasons,	c. uses a variety of words,
		e. provides a concluding		and evidence.	phrases, and clauses to create
		statement or section.	e. provides a concluding		cohesion and clarify the
			statement or section that	d. establishes and maintains a	relationships among claim(s),
			supports the argument	formal style.	counterclaims, reasons, and
			presented.		evidence.
				e. provides a concluding	
				statement or section that follows	d. establishes and maintains a
				from and supports the argument	formal style and objective
				presented.	tone that enhances the
					argument.
					e. provides a compelling
					concluding statement or
					section that follows from and
					supports the argument
					presented.

Detailed	8.W.2	writes	writes informative/explanatory	writes informative/explanatory	writes
		informative/explanatory text	texts to explain a topic and	texts to examine a topic and	informative/explanatory texts
		to describe a topic through	convey ideas, concepts, and	convey ideas, concepts, and	to examine a topic and convey
		the selection and organization	information through the	information through the	ideas, concepts, and
		of content:	selection and organization of	selection, organization, and	information with a strongly-
			content:	analysis of relevant content:	developed focus through the
		a. introduces a topic;			selection, organization, and
		attempts an organization of	a. introduces a topic clearly,	a. introduces a topic clearly,	analysis of highly relevant
		ideas, concepts, and	previewing what is to follow;	previewing what is to follow;	content:
		information.	organizes ideas, concepts, and	organizes ideas, concepts, and	
			information into broader	information into broader	a. introduces a complex topic
		b. summarizes the topic with	categories.	categories; includes formatting	clearly, previewing what is to
		facts, definitions, concrete		(e.g., headings) and graphics	follow; organizes ideas,
		details, quotations, or other	b. develops the topic with	(e.g., charts, tables), when useful	concepts, and information
		information and examples.	facts, definitions, concrete	to aid comprehension.	into broader categories;
			details, quotations, or other		includes formatting (e.g.,
		c. uses appropriate transitions	information and examples.	b. develops the topic with	headings) and graphics (e.g.,
		to create cohesion.		relevant, well-chosen facts,	charts, tables) when useful to
			c. uses appropriate transitions	definitions, concrete details,	enhance comprehension.
		d. uses topic-appropriate	to create cohesion and clarify	quotations, or other information	
		language and vocabulary to	the relationships among ideas	and examples.	b. develops and analyzes the
		inform.	and concepts.		topic with relevant, well-
				c. uses appropriate and varied	chosen facts, definitions,
		e. attempts a formal style.	d. uses topic-appropriate	transitions to create cohesion	concrete details, quotations,
			language and domain-specific	and clarify the relationships	or other information and
		f. provides a concluding	vocabulary to inform about or	among ideas and concepts.	examples appropriate to the
		statement or section.	explain the topic.		audience's knowledge of the
			_	d. uses precise language and	topic.
			e. establishes a formal style.	domain-specific vocabulary to	
				inform about or explain the topic.	c. effectively uses appropriate
			f. provides a concluding		and varied transitions to
			statement or section that	e. establishes and maintains a	create cohesion and clarify
			follows from the information	formal style.	the relationships among
			or explanation presented.		complex ideas and concepts.

	statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented. e. establishes and maintains a formal style and objective tone while attending to the conventions of the discipline in which he or she is writing. f. provides a compelling concluding statement or section that follows from, supports, and extends the information or explanation presented.
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Detailed	8.W.4-6	produces writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task and purpose; develops and strengthens writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on purpose and audience; edits for conventions; uses technology to produce writing.	produces clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience; develops and strengthens writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed; edits for conventions; uses technology to produce writing and present the relationships between information and ideas.	produces clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience; develops and strengthens writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed; edits for conventions; uses technology to produce writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently.	produces clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience; develops and strengthens writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed; edits for conventions; uses technology to produce writing and present the relationships between information and ideas in a dynamic way.
Detailed	8.W.7-8	conducts short research projects to answer a question, drawing on minimal sources; gathers relevant information from sources and redirects inquiry as appropriate; assesses the credibility of each source; quotes or paraphrases the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism. Attempts to follow a standard format for citation.	conducts short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional ideas; gathers relevant information from multiple sources; assesses the credibility and accuracy of each source; quotes or paraphrases the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	conducts short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration; gathers relevant information from multiple sources; assesses the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quotes or paraphrases the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	conducts short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration and evaluation; gathers and synthesizes relevant information from multiple sources; assesses the credibility and accuracy of each source; and judiciously quotes or paraphrases the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

			Listening		
Detailed	8.SL.2	identifies the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally).	determines the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and describes the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.	analyzes the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluates the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.	analyzes and evaluates the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) to critique the motives and evaluate the impact of the presentation.
Detailed	8.SL.3	identifies a speaker's argument and specific claims.	explains a speaker's argument and specific claims, identifying whether the reasoning is sound.	delineates a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.	traces and analyzes the argument and specific claims of a speaker, citing specific examples to evaluate whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognizes irrelevant evidence and proves its irrelevancy.

			Language		
Detailed	8.L.1	demonstrates basic	demonstrates understanding	demonstrates command of the	demonstrates strong
		understanding of the	of the conventions of Standard	conventions of Standard English	command of the conventions
		conventions of Standard	English grammar and usage	grammar and usage when writing	of Standard English grammar
		English grammar and usage	when writing or speaking:	or speaking:	and usage when writing or
		when writing or speaking:			speaking:
			a. describes the function of	a. explains the function of verbals	
		a. recognizes the function of	verbals (gerunds, participles,	(gerunds, participles, infinitives)	a. explains the function of
		verbals (gerunds, participles,	infinitives) in general and their	in general and their function in	verbals (gerunds, participles,
		infinitives) in general and	function in particular	particular sentences.	infinitives) in general and
		their function in particular	sentences.		evaluates their function in
		sentences.		b. forms and uses verbs in the	particular sentences.
			b. forms and uses verbs in the	active and passive voice.	
		b. inconsistently forms and	active and passive voice.		b. intentionally forms and
		uses verbs in the active and		c. forms and uses verbs in the	uses verbs in the active and
		passive voice.	c. generally forms and uses	indicative, imperative,	passive voice to achieve a
			verbs in the indicative,	interrogative, conditional, and	desired style.
		c. inconsistently forms and	imperative, interrogative,	subjunctive mood.	
		uses verbs in the indicative,	conditional, and subjunctive		c. strategically forms and uses
		imperative, interrogative,	mood.	d. recognizes and corrects	verbs in the indicative,
		conditional, and subjunctive		inappropriate shifts in verbals,	imperative, interrogative,
		mood.	d. recognizes and occasionally	voice, and mood.	conditional, and subjunctive
			corrects inappropriate shifts in		mood.
		d. recognizes inappropriate	verbals, voice, and mood.		
		shifts in verbals, voice, and			d. analyzes and corrects
		mood.			inappropriate shifts in verbals,
					voice, and mood.

Detailed	8.L.2	demonstrates awareness of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing: a. inconsistently uses punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break. b. inconsistently uses an ellipsis to indicate an omission.	demonstrates basic understanding of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing: a. generally uses punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break. b. uses an ellipsis to indicate an omission.	demonstrates command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing: a. uses punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break. b. uses an ellipsis to indicate an omission. c. spells grade-level words correctly.	demonstrates strong and purposeful command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing: a. judiciously uses punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break. b. uses an ellipsis to indicate an omission.
		c. spells below-grade-level words correctly.	c. spells most grade-level words correctly.		c. spells unfamiliar and above- grade level words correctly.
Detailed	8.L.3	attempts to apply the conventions of language when writing, speaking, reading, or listening: a. inconsistently uses verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).	demonstrates basic knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening: a. uses verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).	uses knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening: a. uses verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).	uses comprehensive knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening: a. strategically uses verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).

Detailed	8.L.4	inconsistently determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiple- meaning words or phrases, using at least one strategy:	generally determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words or phrases, using one or more strategies:	determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies:	authoritatively determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiple- meaning words or phrases, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies:
		a. uses context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	a. uses context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	a. uses context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	a. uses context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
		b. uses common, below-grade Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word. c. consults general and	b. uses common, grade- appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).	b. uses common, grade- appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).	b. uses common, grade- appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).
		specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.	c. consults general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.	c. consults general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.	c. consults general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise
		d. verifies the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.	d. verifies the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.	d. verifies the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.	d. verifies the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.

Detailed	8.L.5	demonstrates limited understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings:	demonstrates basic understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings:	demonstrates understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings: a. interprets figures of speech	demonstrates deep understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings:
		a. identifies figures of speech (e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context.	a. interprets figures of speech (e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context.	(e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context. b. uses the relationship between	a. interprets figures of speech (e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context.
		b. uses the relationship between particular basic words to better understand each of the words.	b. uses the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.	particular words to better understand each of the words. c. distinguishes among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations	b. uses the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.
		c. generally distinguishes among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).	c. distinguishes among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).	(definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).	c. distinguishes and evaluates the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).